Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:	:	
BCI Minerals	Limited	
ABN / ARBN:		Financial year ended:
21 120 646 9	24	30 June 2019
☐ Thes	e pages of our annual report:	by period above can be found at:3 http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html
The Corporate Board.	Governance Statement is accurat	te and up to date as at 25 October 2019 and has been approved by the
The annexure	includes a key to where our corpor	rate governance disclosures can be located.
Date: 25 Oct	ober 2019	

Susan Hunter Company Secretary

Starte

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	 ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole period above. We have disclosed4
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location] at [insert location] at [insert location] and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at 2019 Annual Report − Directors' Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the length of service of each director: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an expla	anation why that is so in our Corporate Governance ent
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	Stateme we are a	anation why that is so in our Corporate Governance ent OR an externally managed entity and this recommendation fore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	Stateme	anation why that is so in our Corporate Governance ent OR an externally managed entity and this recommendation fore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	Stateme we are a	anation why that is so in our Corporate Governance ent OR an externally managed entity and this recommendation fore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an expla Statemen	nation why that is so in our Corporate Governance nt

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at 2019 Annual Report − Directors' Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the		ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole
		period above. We have disclosed	of the period above. We have disclosed4	
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore
				not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: In our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☑ at 2019 Annual Report – Directors' Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	at [insert location] the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at 2019 Annual Report – Directors' Report and Financial Statements	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		reporate Governance Council recommendation We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at 2019 Annual Report − Directors' Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at 2019 Annual Report – Remuneration Report	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 25 October 2019 and has been approved by the Board of the Company.

BCI Minerals Limited ("Company") has adopted systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of its corporate governance practices. Some of these policies and procedures are summarised in this statement. Commensurate with the spirit of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 3rd Edition ("ASX Principles and Recommendations"), the Company has followed each such Recommendation where the Board has considered the Recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices depart from a Recommendation the Board has offered full disclosure and reason for the adoption of its own practice, in compliance with the "if not, why not" regime. This Corporate Governance Statement sets out the Company's corporate governance policies and practices for the reporting period.

Further information about the Company's corporate governance practices including relevant information on the Company's charters and other policies and procedures is set out on the Company's website at http://www.bciminerals.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.html.

ASX PRINCIPLE 1 - LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Recommendation 1.1 – A listed entity should disclose:

- a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Company has established the functions reserved to the Board and senior executives and has set out these functions in its Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website on the Corporate Governance page.

Senior executives are responsible for reporting all matters which fall within the Company's materiality thresholds at first instance to the Managing Director, if the matter concerns the Managing Director, then directly to the Chairman or the lead independent director, as appropriate.

Recommendation 1.2 – A listed entity should:

- a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and
- b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision

on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The Company undertakes appropriate background and screening checks prior to nominating a director for election by shareholders.

All material information in the Company's possession in relation to directors is disclosed in the Company's 2019 Annual Report, and in explanatory notes accompanying the notice of meeting for directors' subject to election or re-election.

Recommendation 1.3 – A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

The Company has written agreements in place with all directors and senior executives. Further information can be found in the Remuneration Report in the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.4 – The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

Details of the Company Secretary for the reporting period can be found in the Directors' Report in the Company's 2019 Annual Report. The appointment and removal of a Company Secretary is a matter for decision by the Board.

The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and that governance matters are addressed. All directors have direct access to the Company Secretary who is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

Recommendation 1.5 – A listed entity should:

- a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;
- b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and
- c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

The Company has a People Policy which sets out the Company's commitment to a corporate culture supporting equal opportunity and diversity when determining the composition of employees, senior management and the Board. A summary of the Company's People Policy can be found on the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website.

Given the size of the Company at present, the Board has not set measurable objectives.

The Board maintains full transparency of board processes, reviews and appointments and encourages gender diversity.

As at 30 June 2019, the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes) is disclosed below:

	Female	Male
Board	25%	75%
Senior Executive*	33%	67%
Whole organisation	38%	62%

^{*} The Senior Executives are the individuals at the highest level of organisational management who have the day-to-day responsibilities of managing the Company below the Board. The Senior Executives include the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer, Project Director, General Manager Corporate Affairs, General Counsel and Company Secretary.

The Company is not a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act.

Recommendation 1.6 – A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

The Chairman is responsible for evaluation of the Board and, when appropriate, Board committees and individual directors. Evaluations are undertaken by way of round-table discussions, Board evaluation questionnaires, and, when appropriate, one-on-one interviews.

A formal performance evaluation was undertaken during the reporting period.

Recommendation 1.7 – A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

The Board is responsible for evaluating the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (as relevant). Other senior executives are evaluated by the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (as relevant) including consultation and feedback from the Board.

During the reporting period a performance evaluation of the Managing Director and senior executives occurred as needed in accordance with the above disclosed process.

ASX PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

Recommendation 2.1 – The Board of a listed entity should:

a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose (3) the

charter of the committee; the members of the committee; and as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The responsibilities of a nomination committee are carried out by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee has a charter which is disclosed in full on the Company's website on the Corporate Governance page.

The number of meetings the Remuneration and Nomination Committee held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report.

The Directors' Report, included in the 2019 Annual Report, identifies directors who were members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee during the reporting period, and shows their attendance at committee meetings. Details of each of the director's qualifications are set out in the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is Chaired by Mr Michael Blakiston, independent non-executive director and Ms Jenny Bloom, independent non-executive director, is a member. Given the size of the Board and the Company, the Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a larger Remuneration and Nomination Committee. It is noted the structure of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee will be assessed in future in line with changes in Board composition, Company operations and level of activity. The Board will consider the ASX Recommendations in the structure of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee in future.

Recommendation 2.2 – A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The directors on the board collectively have a combination of skills and experience in the competencies set out in Table 1. These competencies are set out in the skills matrix that the Board uses to assess the skills and experience of each director and the combined capabilities of the Board. The Board considers that collectively the directors have the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company.

Table 1 – Areas of competence and skills of the directors

Professional Experience and Competencies		
Project Studies	Mining	
Construction	Project Development	
Operations	Sales	
Contracting	Shipping	
Iron Ore Expertise	Project Approvals	

Salt Expertise	Legal
Fertiliser Expertise	Business
Chemical Industry Expertise	Economics
Company Management	Government Relations
Strategic Planning	Risk/Compliance
Health/Safety/Environment	Financial – accounting/finance
Corporate Governance	Financial – investment
Investor / Public Relations	Indigenous affairs
Information Technology	

Recommendation 2.3 – A listed entity should disclose:

- a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Principles and Recommendations but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
- c) the length of service of each director.

In considering the independence of directors, the Board refers to the criteria for independence as set out in Box 2.3 of the ASX Principles and Recommendations (Factors relevant to assessing the independence of a director). To the extent that it is necessary for the Board to consider issues of materiality, the Board refers to the thresholds for qualitative and quantitative materiality as adopted by the Board and contained in the Board Charter, which is disclosed in full on the Company's website.

Table 2 – Details of Directors

Name of director	Term in office	Status
Brian O'Donnell (Chairman)	Appointed 7 October 2014. Chairman since December 2016.	Not independent. Mr O'Donnell is a director of Australian Capital Equity which is associated with the Company's largest shareholder, Wroxby Pty Ltd.
Alwyn Vorster (Managing Director)	Appointed 22 September 2016.	Not independent. Mr Vorster is the Company's Managing Director.
Jennifer Bloom (Non-executive Director)	Appointed 2 March 2017.	Independent.

Michael Blakiston (Non-executive Director)	Appointed 2 March 2017.	Independent.
Martin Bryant (Non-executive Director)	Appointed 19 May 2015. Resigned 30 November 2018.	Independent.
Andrew Haslam (Non-executive Director)	Appointed 19 September 2011. Resigned 30 November 2018.	Independent.

Recommendation 2.4 – A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

For the majority of the reporting period, the Board consisted of two independent directors (Mr Blakiston and Ms Bloom) and two directors that were not considered to be independent (Messrs O'Donnell and Vorster). The Board will consider the ASX Recommendations in the structure of the Board in future.

Recommendation 2.5 – The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Applying the independence criteria, the Chairman of the Company, Mr O'Donnell is not an independent director. However, the roles of Chairman and Managing Director are carried out by different persons, namely Mr O'Donnell and Mr Vorster respectively.

Recommendation 2.6 – A listed entity should have a programme for inducting new directors and provide opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

All new non-executive directors are required to sign and return a letter of appointment which sets out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. Executive directors enter into employment agreements which govern the terms of their employment. All new directors are provided with a detailed induction manual.

All directors are expected to maintain the skills required to discharge their obligations to the Company. The Company provides opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

ASX PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 3.1 – Companies should:

- a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- b) disclose that code or a summary of it.

The Company has established policies which set out matters covered by a code of conduct. The Company has policies with respect whistle-blower protection, anti-bribery and corruption, and trading in the Company's securities by directors, senior executives and employees.

ASX PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

Recommendations 4.1 – The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are nonexecutive directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director who is not chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The number of meetings the Audit and Risk Committee held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report.

The Directors' Report, included in the 2019 Annual Report, identifies directors who were members of the Audit and Risk Committee during the reporting period, and shows their attendance at committee meetings. Details of each of the director's qualifications are set out in the Directors' Report.

The charter of the Audit and Risk Committee can be found on the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website.

The combined Audit and Risk Committee is chaired by Mr Blakiston, independent non-executive director, with Mr O'Donnell, chairman of the Board, as a member of the Committee. Given the size of the Board and the Company, the Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a larger Audit and Risk Committee. It is noted the structure of the Audit and Risk Committee will be assessed in future in line with changes in Board composition, Company operations and level of activity. The Board will consider the ASX Recommendations in the structure of the Audit and Risk Committee in future.

All members of the Audit and Risk Committee are financially literate and have industry experience.

Recommendation 4.2 – The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have provided a declaration to the Board that the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), and the Company's financial statements comply with accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position and performance for the reporting period.

Recommendation 4.3 – A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

The Company's external auditor attends the annual general meeting and is available to answer questions from shareholders relevant to the audit.

ASX PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Recommendation 5.1 – A listed entity should;

- a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The Company has established a written disclosure policy designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and ensures accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance.

A copy of the Company's Corporate Affairs Policy is available on the Company's website under Corporate Governance.

ASX PRINCIPLE 6 - RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1 – A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

The Company makes available on its website the following information on a regular and up-to-date basis:

- Information briefings to media and analysts;
- Notice of meetings and explanatory materials;
- Financial information including annual reports
- All other Company announcements.

All governance documents for the Company can be found on the Company's website under Corporate Governance.

Recommendation 6.2 – A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations programme to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

The Company has an informal programme for communication with investors which is reviewed on a periodic basis. The Company also has a Corporate Affairs Policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging shareholder participation at general meetings.

A copy of the Corporate Affairs Policy is available on the Company's website under Corporate Governance.

Recommendation 6.3 – A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.

The Company has a Corporate Affairs Policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders. The Company recognises the importance of shareholder participation in general meetings. Shareholders unable to attend meetings are able to vote on resolutions through the appointment of a proxy. Shareholders are also able to register voting instructions electronically.

Shareholders who attend meetings are invited to ask questions on resolutions put to the meeting, and are also able to ask general questions at the conclusion of the formal sections of meetings. All directors of the Company are expected to attend meetings of the Company. The Company's auditor attends the annual general meeting to answer shareholder questions on the audit.

Recommendation 6.4 – A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

The Company encourages direct electronic contact from shareholders through the Company website. Shareholders are able to submit electronic queries via the "Contact Us" webpage.

The Company's share registry is Computershare. The option for shareholders to receive communications from, and send communications electronically is provided by Computershare.

ASX PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Recommendation 7.1 – A listed entity should:

- a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The number of meetings the Audit and Risk Committee held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report.

The Directors' Report, included in the 2019 Annual Report, identifies directors who were members of the Audit and Risk Committee during the reporting period, and shows their attendance at committee meetings. Details of each of the director's qualifications are set out in the Directors' Report.

The charter of the Audit and Risk Committee can be found on the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website.

The combined Audit and Risk Committee is chaired by Mr Blakiston, independent non-executive director, with Mr O'Donnell, chairman of the Board, as a member of the Committee. Given the size of the Board and the Company, the Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a larger Audit and Risk Committee with a majority of independent directors as members of the Committee. It is noted the structure of the Audit and Risk Committee will be assessed in future in line with changes in Board composition, Company operations and level of activity. The Board will consider the ASX Recommendations in the structure of the Audit and Risk Committee in future.

All members of the Audit and Risk Committee are financially literate and have industry experience.

Recommendation 7.2 – The board or a committee of the board should:

- a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which sets out the Company's risk profile and management. The policy was approved by the Board during the reporting period and continues to be appropriate for the Company.

Under the policy, the Board, through the Audit and Risk Committee, is responsible for approving the Company's procedures on risk oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control.

Under the policy, the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (as relevant), who is responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risks. The Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (as relevant) is also responsible for updating the Company's material business risks to reflect any material changes, with the approval of the Board.

The risk register is reviewed each quarter by senior management where existing risk register is reviewed, and new risks were identified and assessed with respect to the following categories - description of potential risk, likelihood, consequence, mitigating practices and controls, and control rating. Once updated, that risk register is then provided to the full Board as well as the Audit and Risk Committee.

The full Board has received confirmation from the Audit and Risk through quarterly management reviews, as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks.

Recommendation 7.3 – A listed entity should disclose:

- a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The Company does not have an internal audit function. Internal policies and procedures are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure compliance and that they are consistent with changing environments. In addition, the following risk management measures are in place to assist the Board with managing the Company's material business risks:

- an annual budget with variances from budget reported to the Board at regular Board meetings;
- authority limits established for management which must not be exceed unless prior Board approval is obtained;
- a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations;
- quarterly risk reviews;

- · appropriately qualified employees; and
- policies and procedures to assist the Company to establish and maintain its governance practices.

Recommendation 7.4 – A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Company's exposure to material economic, environmental and social sustainability risks are discussed in the Directors' Report and financial statements in the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

ASX PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendations 8.1 – The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The number of meetings the Remuneration and Nomination Committee held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report.

The Directors' Report, included in the 2019 Annual Report, identifies directors who were members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee during the reporting period, and shows their attendance at committee meetings. Details of each of the director's qualifications are set out in the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is Chaired by Mr Michael Blakiston, independent non-executive director and Ms Jenny Bloom, independent non-executive director, is a member. Given the size of the Board and the Company, the Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a larger Remuneration and Nomination Committee. It is noted the structure of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee will be assessed in future in line with changes in Board composition, Company operations and level of activity. The Board will consider the ASX Recommendations in the structure of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee in future.

A copy of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 8.2 – A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Non-executive directors are remunerated at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities in consultation with independent professional advice. Remuneration for non-executive directors is

not linked to individual performance. There are no termination or retirement benefits for non-executive directors.

Pay and rewards for executive directors and senior executives consists of a base pay and benefits (such as superannuation) as well as short-term and long-term incentives. Executives are offered a competitive level of base pay at market rates and are reviewed annually to ensure market competitiveness.

Details of director and senior executive remuneration, including the Company's policy on remuneration, are contained in the Remuneration Report which forms a part of the Directors' Report in the 2019 Annual Report.

-END-