



Cassini Resources Limited (ASX:CZI) (“Cassini” or the “Company”) hereby provides in relation to the recently released announcement titled “Mineralisation Intersected at Succoth”, Section 2 of Table 1 in Appendix 5A (JORC Code) in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.7.1. The Company has determined that a drill-hole table setting out the information required in ASX Listing Rule 5.7.2 is not required as sufficient information to understand the exploration results has been provided in the body of the announcement and the accompanying Table 1.

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i>	Succoth is located wholly within Exploration Lease E69/2201. Cassini entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the leases comprising the West Musgrave Project (M69/0072, M69/0073, M69/0074, M69/0075, E69/1505, E69/1530, E69/2201, E69/2069, E69/2070, E69/2313, E69/2338), over which the previous operator retains a 2% NSR. The tenement sits within Crown Reserve 17614.
	<i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i>	All tenements are in good standing and have existing Aboriginal Heritage Access Agreements in place. No mining Agreement has been negotiated.
Exploration done by other parties	<i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i>	Previous exploration has been conducted by BHP Billiton, WMC and Cassini. The work completed by BHP Billiton and WMC is considered by Cassini to be of a high standard.
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	The project lies within the West Musgrave Province of Western Australia, which is part of an extensive Mesoproterozoic orogenic belt. The Nebo-Babel and Succoth deposits lie within mafic intrusions of the Giles Complex (1068Ma) that has intruded into amphibolite facies orthogneiss country rock. Mineralisation is hosted within tubular chonolithic gabbro-norite bodies and are expressed primarily as a Type 2 deposit with broad zones of disseminated sulphide and comagmatic or potentially remobilised accumulations of more rich, matrix to massive sulphides.
Drill hole information	<p><i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i> • <i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i> • <i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i> • <i>down hole length and interception depth</i> • <i>hole length.</i> <p><i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i></p>	Full information regarding hole details will be disclosed on release of assay results. Preliminary hole details were previously reported in ASX release dated 21 July 2015. A summary of this information is not material to the announcement titled “Mineralisation Intersected at Succoth” and does not detract from the understanding of the announcement due to information previously provided and the early stage nature of the exploration results reported.
Data aggregation	<i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade</i>	Not applicable as no assay results are currently

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methods	<i>truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i>	available nor being reported.
	<i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i>	Not applicable as no assay results are being reported.
	<i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>	Not applicable a no metal equivalent values are being stated.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i>	Mineralisation at Succoth is sub-vertical to steeply dipping to the south west in highly altered mafic rock. Mineralisation is generally intersected obliquely to true-width and approximations have been made based on geological interpretations.. Refer to Annexure 1 and Figures in body of text.
Diagrams	<i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	Refer to Figures in body of announcement titled "Mineralisation Intersected at Succoth" and ASX announcement previously released on 21 July 2015.
Balanced reporting	<i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	Not applicable as no assays have been reported.
Other substantive exploration data	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	Only preliminary exploration data is currently available and other exploration data is not meaningful nor material. More comprehensive data will be released with assay results as they become available.
Further work	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i>	Cassini aims to test the continuity of known higher grade zones of mineralisation at Succoth with the aim of finding new mineralised lodes and to define a JORC compliant Indicated Resource. Figures have been included in body of announcement titled "Mineralisation Intersected at Succoth" and previous ASX announcement dated 21 July 2015.