

10 October 2022

E&P 2022 AGM Notice of Meeting

ASX Announcement

E&P Financial Group Limited (ASX:EP1) (**Company** or **E&P**) gives notice of its upcoming Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (**Meeting**).

The Meeting will be held at the date, time and place detailed below, or at such later time and date as notified to Shareholders, to consider and vote on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

Date:	Wednesday, 9 November 2022
Time:	9:00am (AEDT)
Physical Venue:	Kelty Theatre, Mayfair Building, 171 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000
Virtual Access:	Online via https://web.lumiagm.com/397-500-695

The attached E&P Notice of Meeting 2022 (including Explanatory Statement) provides details of the items of business to be considered by Shareholders.

Shareholders are encouraged to:

- read the Notice of Meeting in full;
- attend the Meeting either in person or online, which will provide you with an opportunity to meet E&P's Directors and senior management and to ask questions regarding your investment; and
- vote on the resolutions as set out in the Notice.

The Explanatory Statement and Proxy Form which accompany and form part of this Notice of Meeting describe in more detail the matters to be considered. Please consider this Notice of Meeting, the Explanatory Statement and the Proxy Form in their entirety.

For more information, please contact:

Investors: Paul Ryan + 61 3 9631 9866 paul.ryan@eap.com.au Media Enquiries: James Strong, Citadel Magnus + 61 448 881 174 jstrong@citadelmagnus.com

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board of E&P Financial Group Limited.



Notice of Meeting

2022 Annual General Meeting

Wednesday, 9 November 2022 9.00am (AEDT) To be held at Kelty Theatre, Mayfair Building, 171 Collins Street, Melbourne and online

E&P Financial Group Limited ACN 609 913 457

Notice of Annual General Meeting

E&P Financial Group Limited (**Company** or **E&P**) gives notice that an Annual General Meeting (**AGM** or **Meeting**) of Shareholders will be held on:

Wednesday, 9 November 2022 at 9:00am (AEDT)

The AGM will be held at Kelty Theatre, Mayfair Building, 171 Collins Street, Melbourne and can be accessed virtually via:

 Portal:
 https://web.lumiagm.com/397-500-695

 Meeting ID:
 397-500-695

It is recommended that Shareholders read the Notice of Meeting and Explanatory Statement in full and seek professional advice if they are uncertain about how they should cast their votes at the Meeting.

Capitalised terms are defined in the Glossary.

Voting eligibility

To be eligible to vote at the meeting, Shareholders must be a registered Shareholder of the Company as at 7.00pm (AEDT) on Monday 7 November 2022. Accordingly, Share transfers registered after that time will be disregarded in determining entitlements to attend and vote at the Meeting. If you are in any doubt as to whether you are entitled to vote, please notify us immediately.

Participation at the AGM

Shareholders can participate in the Company's AGM by attending in person or by participating online. The Company continues to monitor developments in relation to the COVID-19 virus in Australia and is following guidance from the Federal and State Governments, and while shareholders can attend in person, shareholders are encouraged to participate online. No food or beverages will be provided at the AGM and only Shareholders or their validly appointed proxies and attorneys will be admitted (i.e. no visitors will be admitted). Should State or Federal Government guidance restrict the ability for Shareholders to attend in person, the Company will advise Shareholders of alternative arrangements via announcement to the ASX.

The online platform will allow Shareholders or their proxies to listen to proceedings, view presentation slides, vote, make comments, and ask questions during the AGM in real-time, regardless of their location. To do this, Shareholders will need a computer or mobile/tablet device with internet access.

Shareholders participating in the Meeting online will be able to cast direct votes between the commencement of the AGM (9.00am AEDT on Wednesday, 9 November 2022) and the closure of voting as announced by the Chairman during the AGM.

More information regarding online participation at the AGM (including how to vote and ask questions online during the AGM) is available in the User Guide. The User Guide is attached to this Notice of Meeting and will be lodged with the ASX and will also be available from our website.

Poll voting

In accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), each resolution considered at the Meeting will be conducted by a poll rather than on a show of hands.

Explanatory statement

An Explanatory Statement accompanies and forms part of this Notice of Meeting. All Shareholders should read the Explanatory Statement carefully and in its entirety.

Shareholders who have questions relating to any part of the business of the Meeting should consult their professional adviser for assistance.

Voting by proxy

The Proxy Form has been enclosed with this Notice. Please read all instructions carefully prior to completing a Proxy Form. For your vote to be effective it must be recorded before **9:00am AEDT** on Monday, **7 November 2022**.

A Shareholder entitled to vote at an AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to participate virtually or in person and vote on the Shareholder's behalf. A Shareholder who is entitled to cast two or more votes may appoint up to two proxies and may specify the proportion or number of the Shareholder's votes each proxy is entitled to exercise. If two proxies are appointed but no proportion or number is specified, each proxy may exercise half of the Shareholder's votes. If the specified proportion or number of votes exceeds that which the Shareholder is entitled to, each proxy may exercise half of the Shareholder votes. Any fractions of votes brought about by the apportionment of votes to a proxy will be disregarded.

A proxy has the same rights as a Shareholder to speak at the Meeting and to vote (but only to the extent permitted by law). Shareholders who have appointed a proxy may still participate in the Meeting. The proxy is not revoked by the Shareholder participating and taking part in the meeting, unless the Shareholder actually votes at the meeting on a resolution for which the proxy is proposed to be used.

Where more than one joint holder votes, the vote of the holder whose name appears first in the register of Shareholders shall be accepted to the exclusion of the others, regardless of whether the vote is by proxy, by representative or by attorney.

A proxy need not be a Shareholder of the Company and may be an individual or a body corporate. If a Shareholder appoints a body corporate as a proxy, that body corporate will need to ensure it:

- appoints an individual as its corporate representative to exercise its powers at the meeting, in accordance with section 250D of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the Act); and
- provides satisfactory evidence of the appointment of its corporate representative to the Company at least 48 hours prior to commencement of the meeting.

If such evidence is not received at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the Meeting, then the body corporate proxy (through its representative) will not be permitted to act as the Shareholder's proxy. Proxy forms (and if the appointment is signed by the appointer's attorney, the original authority under which the appointment was signed or a certified copy of the authority) must be received by the Company's share registry, Boardroom Pty Limited, by 9.00am (AEDT) on Monday, 7 November 2022.

A proxy may be lodged with Boardroom Pty Limited:

💻 Online	https://www.votingonline.com.au/ep1agm2022
📕 By Fax	+ 61 2 9290 9655
🖂 By Mail	GPO Box 3993
	Sydney NSW 2001 Australia
🕴 In Person	Level 12, 225 George Street
	Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Technical difficulties

Technical difficulties regarding online participation may arise during the course of the AGM. The Chairman has discretion as to whether and how the Meeting should proceed in the event that a technical difficulty arises. In exercising his discretion, the Chairman will have regard to the number of Shareholders impacted and the extent to which participation in the business of the Meeting is affected. Where he considers it appropriate, the Chairman may continue to hold the Meeting and transact business, including conducting a poll and voting in accordance with valid proxy instructions. For this reason, Shareholders are encouraged to lodge a proxy even if they plan to participate online.

Business of the meeting

Financial Statements and Reports

To receive and consider the Financial Statements, the Directors' Report, and the Independent Auditor's Report of E&P Financial Group Limited contained within the E&P Annual Report for the period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

No resolution is required for this item of business.

Resolution 1: Adopting the Remuneration Report

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **advisory resolution**:

"That the Company adopt the Remuneration Report as set out in the Directors' Report of E&P Financial Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with Section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act 2001."

Resolution 2: Re-election of Anthony Johnson as Director

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That **Anthony Johnson**, who is retiring from office in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules, and being eligible, be re-elected as a Director of the Company."

Note: The Explanatory Statement contains a biography for Anthony "Tony" Johnson.

Resolution 3: Amendments to Constitution

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a **special resolution**:

"That, for the purpose of section 136(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, the Company modify its Constitution in the manner described in the Explanatory Statement accompanying and forming part of the notice of this Meeting and as set out (by way of tracked changes) in the document titled Constitution presented at the Meeting and signed by the Chair of the Meeting for identification purposes, with effect from the close of the Meeting."

Note: a copy of the Constitution of the Company tracking the modifications proposed by the above resolution is available for download from the Company's website at https://www.eap.com.au/2022-agm-resolution-is available for download from the Company's website at https://www.eap.com.au/2022-agm-resolution-is available for download from the Company's website at https://www.eap.com.au/2022-agm-resolution-3-amendments-to-constitution/ at any time prior to the close of the Meeting.

All resolutions, except resolution 3, are ordinary resolutions. To be passed, they must be approved by at least 50% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the Resolution (including Shareholders who are voting by proxy).

Resolution 3 is a special resolution. To be passed, it must be approved by at least 75% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution (including Shareholders who are voting by proxy).

By Order of the Board

Paul Ryan Company Secretary 10 October 2022

Explanatory statement

This Explanatory Statement accompanies the notice of an Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at 9.00am (AEDT) on Wednesday, 9 November 2022.

The Explanatory Statement has been prepared to assist Shareholders in determining how to vote on the resolutions set out in the Notice of Meeting and is intended to be read in conjunction with the Notice of Meeting.

E&P encourages all Shareholders to cast their votes on all resolutions. The Chairman will vote any undirected proxies **in favour** of resolutions 1 to 3.

Financial Statements and Reports

This item allows Shareholders the opportunity to receive and consider the Financial Statements of the Company and the Reports of the Directors and Auditor for the financial year ended 30 June 2022. Under Section 317 of the Corporations Act, the Company is required to lay these three reports that together comprise the Company's Annual Report before its Shareholders at its Annual General Meeting.

There is no requirement either in the Corporations Act or in the Company's Constitution for members to approve the Financial Report, the Directors' Report or the Auditor's Report.

Shareholders will have a reasonable opportunity at the AGM to ask questions and make comments on these reports and on the business and operations of the Company. Shareholders will also be given a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the Auditor's Report and the conduct of the audit of the Financial Report.

Resolution 1: Adopting the Remuneration Report

Resolution 1 provides Shareholders the opportunity to vote on the Company's Remuneration Report. Under Section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act, the Company must put the adoption of its Remuneration Report to the vote at the Annual General Meeting. The Remuneration Report is contained in the Directors' Report (within the Company's Annual Report).

The vote is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

The Board will consider the outcome of the vote and comments made by Shareholders on the Remuneration Report at this Meeting when reviewing E&P's remuneration policies. If 25% or more of the votes that are cast are voted against the adoption of the remuneration report at two consecutive annual general meetings, Shareholders will be required to vote at the second of those annual general meetings on a resolution (a "spill resolution") that another meeting be held within 90 days at which all of E&P's Directors other than the managing director must stand for election.

Key management personnel (including Directors) and their closely related parties must not cast a vote on the remuneration report, unless as holders of directed proxies for Shareholders eligible to vote on Resolution 1.

E&P encourages all Shareholders to cast their votes on this resolution. The Chairman will vote all undirected proxies in favour of this resolution. The non-executive Directors recommend that you vote in favour of this item.

Voting Exclusion Statement

Key Management Personnel (KMP) and their closely related parties are subject to voting restrictions on resolutions relating to remuneration.

KMP refers to those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any:

- Director (whether executive or otherwise)
- Group Chief Executive Officer
- Group Chief Financial Officer
- Group Chief Risk Officer.

A closely related party includes a spouse, dependents, and certain other close family members, as well as any companies controlled by the KMP.

Resolution 1 is connected directly with the remuneration of members of E&P's KMP. The Corporations Act restricts KMP and their closely related parties from voting on this resolution.

In accordance with these requirements, E&P will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1:

- 1. by or on behalf of a member of E&P's KMP named in the Remuneration Report or their closely related parties, regardless of the capacity in which the vote is cast; or
- 2. as a proxy by a person who is a member of the KMP at the date of the AGM or their closely related parties.

However, E&P will not disregard votes cast on Resolution 1 if they are cast as proxy for a person entitled to vote on that resolution:

- 1. in accordance with the directions on the Voting Form; or
- 2. by the Chairman of the Meeting pursuant to an express authorisation to exercise the proxy as the proxy decides, even though Resolution 1 is connected with the remuneration of E&P's KMP.

Resolution 2: Re-election of Anthony "Tony" Johnson as Director

Mr Johnson was appointed as a Director of the Company with effect from 1 June 2022 by the Board of Directors. Under clause 62.2 of the Company's Constitution and Listing Rule 14.4, a Director appointed by the Board as an additional director or to fill a casual vacancy will hold office until the end of the next annual general meeting of the Company, at which the Director may be re-elected. Accordingly, Mr Johnson is required to submit himself for reelection at the 2022 AGM.

Resolution 2 provides for the re-election of Mr Johnson as a Director of the Company in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules.

The Company seeks to maintain a Board of Directors with a broad range of skills and industry experience. A skills matrix, available in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement, sets out the skills and experience the Board considers collectively necessary. Following consideration of the Board's combined skills, experience, and expertise, the non-candidate Directors unanimously support the re-election of Mr Johnson.

E&P encourages all Shareholders to cast their votes on this resolution. The Chairman will vote all undirected proxies in favour of this resolution. The non-candidate Directors unanimously recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of this item. See below for details of Mr Johnson's background.



Tony Johnson

Executive Director

Tony Johnson was appointed an Executive Director of E&P Financial Group in June 2022 with a focus on identifying and developing growth opportunities across the group.

Tony's current roles include being a non-executive director of Bupa ANZ and Chair of the Advisory Board of Fujitsu ANZ. Previously Mr Johnson enjoyed a successful 34-year career with EY where he amassed extensive experience in the financial services sector locally and internationally. Tony was a Partner of EY, Managing Partner of EY's Financial Services business across Asia Pacific and the CEO and Managing Partner of EY Oceania leading over 600 partners and 9,000 people providing over A\$2.3billion of assurance, tax, transaction, strategic, technology and business consulting services.

Mr Johnson has a Bachelor of Economics, Master of Business Administration (Executive) and a Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance & Investment. He is a Fellow of Chartered Accountants in Australia and New Zealand, a Fellow of FINSIA and a Graduate and Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Resolution 3: Amendments to Constitution

E&P is proposing to amend its Constitution. A copy of the Constitution of the Company tracking the modifications proposed in this resolution is available for download from the Company's website at https://www.eap.com.au/2022-agm-resolution-3-amendments-to-constitution/ at any time prior to the close of the Meeting.

Why are we proposing to amend the constitution of the Company?

The existing Constitution (Existing Constitution) was adopted in conjunction with the IPO and Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) listing of the Company in 2018 and was last amended in 2020 to deal with amendments to the Listing Rules dealing with restricted securities. Since then, there have been a number of changes to applicable regulatory requirements (including the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules), including by accommodating the greater utility and acceptance of electronic means of communications with and meetings of shareholders, particularly in response to the recent COVID-19 global pandemic. In light of this, the Directors believe it appropriate to revise and update the Constitution in a number of ways. The proposed changes affect a range of provisions of the Constitution, mainly having to do with the calling and holding of shareholder meetings and shareholder communications, as well as a change broadening the scope of persons eligible for appointment as executive directors of the Company.

Amendments to the Corporations Act

Notably, the Corporations Act has recently been amended to enable, among other things, companies to use technology to hold general meetings, execute documents, and sign and distribute meeting-related documents. The amendments to the Corporations Act include provisions to:

- allow shareholders to elect to receive certain documents in their preferred format, i.e. electronically or as
 physical copies (or to elect not to be sent an annual report or certain other prescribed documents at all);
- give companies the option to hold 'hybrid' general meetings and, if the constitution of a company expressly allows, to hold general meetings using 'virtual meeting technology' only (as that term is defined in the Corporations Act). The proposed amendments to the constitution contemplate that general meetings of the Company may be held at one or more physical venues, at one or more physical venues and using 'virtual meeting technology', or using 'virtual meeting technology' only;
- make it clear that shareholders, as a whole, must be given a reasonable opportunity to participate in general meetings, including being given the opportunity to ask questions and make comments orally, including at a general meeting held using 'virtual meeting technology' only; and
- require all substantive resolutions to be considered at general meetings (being those specified in the notice of meeting) to be determined by voting on a poll rather than by a show of hands.

The proposed amendments to the Constitution are consistent with the above amendments to the Corporations Act.

What are the key proposed amendments to the Constitution?

An overview of the material amendments to the Constitution is set out below.

Joint holders of shares

The amendments provide for the maximum permitted number of joint holders of shares in the Company to be increased from 3 to 4. This is consistent with ASX recommendations in conjunction with its ongoing CHESS replacement project that will accommodate up to 4 joint holders per HIN to be recorded.

General meetings of shareholders

The proposed amendments to the Constitution reflect the recent amendments to the Corporations Act described above with respect to holding and voting at general meetings of shareholders, including meetings of a class of shareholders. In particular, it expressly permits the Company to hold virtual only meetings using virtual meeting technology with no physical venue and prescribes various conditions that must be satisfied in order for that to take place. The amendments will also require voting on all substantive resolutions to be determined by way of a poll rather than a show of hands.

In addition, the proposed amendments incorporate other changes to assist with the orderly conduct of general meetings, including various consequential provisions regarding postponement and adjournment of physical, hybrid and wholly virtual meetings.

Notices

Amendments are proposed to how notices may be provided to Shareholders, simplifying administration and adopting a standard ASX listed company approach to shareholder notices. These amendments are consistent with the recent Corporations Act changes regarding electronic communications (as described above).

Executive Director Eligibility

It is proposed that the Constitution be amended to allow the Board greater flexibility regarding who may be appointed as an Executive Director of the Company. The Constitution currently provides that Executive Directors are directors of the Company occupying full-time executive positions in the Company. The amendment proposes broadening eligibility to include those occupying part-time executive positions. The amendment seeks to align the Constitution with the Company's diversity objectives and its views on contemporary practice.

How to obtain a copy of the amended Constitution

Copies of the Constitution marked to show the proposed amendments are available:

- (a) on the Company's website <u>https://www.eap.com.au/2022-agm-resolution-3-amendments-to-constitution/</u>, and
- (b) by telephoning the Company's Share Registry and requesting a copy of these documents (which will be provided free of charge).

A copy of the Constitution as amended will also be available for inspection by Shareholders and proxies during the AGM.

How must the proposed amendments to the Constitution be approved?

The proposed resolution for the amendment of the Constitution must be approved by a special resolution. A special resolution must be passed by at least 75 per cent of the votes cast by shareholders present (whether in person, online, or by proxy, attorney or representative) and entitled to vote on the resolution.

Board recommendation

E&P encourages all Shareholders to cast their votes on this resolution. The Chairman will vote all undirected proxies in favour of this resolution. The Directors unanimously recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of the proposed amendments.

Glossary

ASX means ASX Limited (ACN 008 624 691).

Board means the current board of directors of the Company.

Company or E&P or EP1 means E&P Financial Group Limited (ACN 609 913 457).

Constitution means the constitution of the Company.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Director means a director of the Company.

Explanatory Statement means the explanatory memorandum to the Notice.

Group means E&P and each related body corporate (as that term is defined in section 50 of the Corporations Act) of E&P.

Listing Rules means the listing rules of the ASX.

Meeting or AGM means the annual general meeting convened by this Notice in respect of the Company.

Notice means the notice of meeting contained in this document.

Proxy Form means the Proxy Form accompanying the Notice.

Remuneration Report means the section of the Directors' Report contained in the 2022 E&P Annual Report entitled 'Remuneration Report'.

Share means a fully paid ordinary share in the Company.

Shareholder means the holder of fully paid ordinary shares in the Company.





ONLINE SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING GUIDE 2022

Attending the AGM virtually

If you choose to participate online, you will be able to listen to audio and view meeting slides via a separate Zoom link accessible through LUMI, as well as ask questions and submit votes in real time.

To access the meeting:

Visit web.lumiagm.com/397-500-695 on your computer, tablet or smartphone. You will need the latest version of Chrome, Safari, Edge or Firefox. Please ensure your browser is compatible.

Meeting ID: 397-500-695

To login you must have your Voting Access Code (VAC) and Postcode or Country Code

The website will be open and available for log in from 8:00am (AEDT), Wednesday, 9 November 2022.

Using the Lumi AGM platform:



The 1st page of the platform will ask in what capacity you are joining the meeting.

Shareholders or appointed proxies should select

"Shareholder or Proxyholder"

Guests should select "Guest"

CREDENTIALS

Shareholders/Proxys

Your username is your Voting Access Code and your password is your Postcode or Country Code, or, for non-Australian residents, your 3-letter country code.

Proxy holders should obtain their log in credentials from the registrar by calling +61 2 9290 9600.





<u>Guests</u>

Please enter your name and email address to be admitted into the meeting.

Please note, guests will not be able to ask questions or vote at the meeting.

<u> </u>	LUMI	
First Name		
Last Name		
Email		





NAVIGATION

Once successfully authenticated, the home page will appear. You can view meeting instructions, ask questions and open the virtual meeting.

A link to the virtual meeting will be provided on the home page. Click the link to open the meeting <u>via</u> <u>Zoom</u>. The meeting will open in a separate browser tab on your device.

To Vote and ask Questions during the meeting, navigate back to the browser tab with the LUMI AGM platform open.

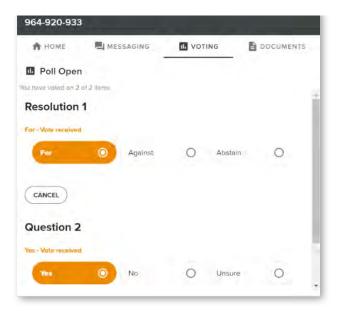
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VOTING

The Chair will open voting on all resolutions at the start of the meeting. Once voting has opened, the voting tab will appear on the navigation bar.



Selecting this tab will open a list of all resolutions and their voting options.



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Poll Oper	1		
a have voted on D	of 2 Harris		
Resolution	1		
Select () choice			
For	O Against	O Abstain	0
CANCEL			
Question 2	81.		
Select a choice			
Yes	O No	O Unsure	0

To vote, simply select your voting direction from the options displayed on screen. Your selection will change colour and a confirmation message will appear.

To change your vote, simply select another option. If you wish to cancel your vote, please press cancel.

There is no need to press a submit or send button. Your vote is automatically counted.

Voting can be performed at any time during the meeting until the Chair closes the poll.





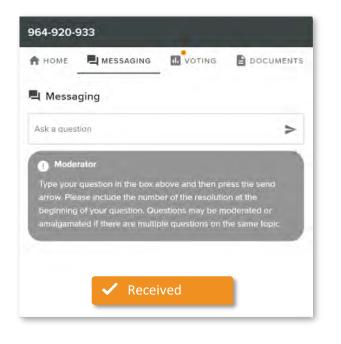
QUESTIONS

Any shareholder or appointed proxy is eligible to ask questions.

If you would like to ask a question. Select the messaging tab.



Messages can be submitted at any time from the start of the meeting, up until the Chair closes the Q&A session.



	VOTING	DOCUMENT
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message. Once you are happy with your message, select the send icon.



Questions sent via the Lumi platform may be moderated before being sent to the Chair. This is to avoid repetition and remove any inappropriate language.

Meeting ID: 397-500-695

To login you must have your Voting Access Code (VAC) and Postcode or Country Code

The website will be open and available for log in from 8:00am (AEDT), Wednesday, 9 November 2022.

web.lumiagm.com





Country Codes

For overseas shareholders, select your country code from the list below and enter it into the password field.

	Aruba
AFG	Afghanistan
AGO	Angola
AIA	Anguilla
ALA	Aland Islands
ALB	Albania
AND	Andorra
ANT	Netherlands Antilles
ARE	United Arab Emirates
ARG	Argentina Armenia
	American Samoa
ATA	Antarctica
ATE	French Southern
ATG	Antigua & Barbuda
AUS	Australia
AUT	Austria
AZE	Azerbaijan
BDI	Burundi
BEL	Belgium
BEN	Benin
BFA	Burkina Faso
BGD	Bangladesh
BGR	Bulgaria
BHR	Bahrain
BHS	Bahamas
BIH	Bosnia & Herzegovina
BLM	St Barthelemy
BLR	Belarus
BLZ	Belize
BMU	Bermuda
BOL	Bolivia
BRA	Brazil
BRB	Barbados
BRN	Brunei Darussalam
BTN	Bhutan
BUR	Burma
BVT	Bouvet Island
BWA	Botswana
CAF	Central African Republic
CAN	Canada
сск	Cocos (Keeling) Islands
CHE	Switzerland
CHL	Chile
CHN	China
CIV	Cote D'ivoire
CMR	Cameroon
COD	Democratic Republic of
COK	Congo Cook Islands
COK COL	Colombia
	Comoros
CPV	Cape Verde
CRI	Costa Rica
CUB	Cuba
CYM	Cayman Islands
CYP	Cyprus
	Christmas Island
CZE	Czech Republic
	Germany
DJI	Djibouti
DMA	Dominica
DNK	Denmark
	Dominican Republic

DZA	Algeria
ECU	Ecuador
EGY	Egypt
ERI	Eritrea
ESH	Western Sahara
ESP	Spain
EST	Estonia
ETH	Ethiopia
FIN	Finland
FJI	Fiji
FLK	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
FRA	France
FRO	Faroe Islands
FSM	Micronesia
GAB	Gabon
GBR	United Kingdom
GEO	Georgia
GGY	Guernsey
GHA	Ghana
GIB	Gibraltar
GIN	Guinea
GLP	Guadeloupe
GMB	Gambia
GNB	Guinea-Bissau
GNQ	Equatorial Guinea
GRC	Greece
GRD	Grenada
GRL	Greenland
GTM	Guatemala
GUF	French Guiana
GUM	Guam
GUY	Guyana
HKG	Hong Kong
HMD	Heard & Mcdonald Islands
HND	Honduras
TIND	Hondulas
HRV	Croatia
HRV	Croatia
HRV HTI	Croatia Haiti
HRV HTI HUN	Croatia Haiti Hungary
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LBR	Liberia
LBY	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
LCA	St Lucia
LIE	Liechtenstein
LKA	Sri Lanka
LSO	Lesotho
LTU	Lithuania
LUX	Luxembourg
LVA	Latvia
MAC	Macao
MAF	St Martin
MAR	Morocco
MCO	Monaco
MDA	Republic Of Moldova
MDG	Madagascar
MDV	Maldives
MEX	Mexico
MHL	Marshall Islands
MKD	Macedonia Former Yugoslav
	Rep
MLI	Mali
MLT	Mauritania
MMR	Myanmar
MNE	Montenegro
MNG I	Mongolia
MNP	Northern Mariana Islands
MOZ	Mozambique
MRT	Mauritania
MSR	Montserrat
MTQ	Martinique
MUS	Mauritius
MWI	Malawi
MYS	Malaysia
MYT	Mayotte Namibia
NAM	Namibia New Caledonia
NCL	
NER	Niger
NFK	Norfolk Island
NGA	Nigeria
NIC	Nicaragua
NIU	Niue
NLD	Netherlands
NOR	Norway Montenegro
NPL	Nepal
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NZL OMN PAK PAN	Nauru New Zealand Oman Pakistan Panama
NZL OMN PAK PAN PCN	Nauru New Zealand Oman Pakistan Panama Pitcairn Islands
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NZL OMN PAK PAN PCN PER PHL	Nauru New Zealand Oman Pakistan Panama Pitcairn Islands Peru Philippines
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NZL OMN PAK PAN PCN PER PHL PNG POL PRI PRK PRT PRY PSE PYF	Nauru New Zealand Oman Pakistan Panama Pitcairn Islands Peru Philippines Palau Papua New Guinea Poland Puerto Rico Korea Dem Peoples Republic of Portugal Paraguay Palestinian Territory Occupied French Polynesia
NZL OMN PAK PAN PCN PER PHL PHL PNG POL PRI PRK PRT PRY PSE	Nauru New Zealand Oman Pakistan Panama Pitcairn Islands Peru Philippines Palau Papua New Guinea Poland Puerto Rico Korea Dem Peoples Republic of Portugal Paraguay Palestinian Territory Occupied

ROU	Romania
RUS	Russian Federation
RWA	Rwanda
SAU	Saudi Arabia Kingdom Of
SDN	Sudan
SEN	Senegal
SGP	Singapore
SGS	Sth Georgia & Sth Sandwich Isl
SHN	St Helena
SJM	Svalbard & Jan Mayen
SLB	Solomon Islands
SCG	Serbia & Outlying
SLE	Sierra Leone
SLV	El Salvador
SMR	San Marino
SOM	Somalia
SPM	St Pierre And Miquelon
SRB	Serbia
STP	Sao Tome And Principe
SUR	Suriname
SVK	Slovakia
SVN	Slovenia
SWE	Sweden
SWZ	Swaziland
SYC	Seychelles
SYR	Syrian Arab Republic
TCA	Turks & Caicos Islands
TCD	Chad
TGO	Тодо
THA	Thailand
TJK	Tajikistan
TKL	Tokelau
TKM	Turkmenistan
TLS	Timor-Leste
TMP	East Timor
TON	Tonga
тто	Trinidad & Tobago
TUN	Tunisia
TUR	Turkey
TUV	Tuvalu
TWN	Taiwan
TZA	Tanzania United Republic of
UGA	Uganda
UKR	Ukraine
UMI	United States Minor
URY	Uruguay
USA	United States of America
UZB	Uzbekistan
VNM	Vietnam
VUT	Vanuatu
WLF	Wallis & Futuna
WSM	Samoa
YEM	Yemen
YMD	Yemen Democratic
YUG	Yugoslavia Socialist Fed Rep
ZAF	South Africa
ZAR	Zaire
ZMB	Zambia
ZWE	Zimbabwe

All Correspondence to:

\bowtie	By Mail	Boardroom Pty Limited GPO Box 3993 Sydney NSW 2001 Australia
	By Fax:	+61 2 9290 9655
	Online:	www.boardroomlimited.com.au
Ŧ	By Phone:	(within Australia) 1300 737 760
		(outside Australia) +61 2 9290 9600



YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

For your vote to be effective it must be recorded before 9:00am AEDT on Monday 7 November 2022.

TO VOTE ONLINE

STEP 1: VISIT https://www.votingonline.com.au/ep1agm2022

STEP 2: Enter your Postcode OR Country of Residence (if outside Australia)

STEP 3: Enter your Voting Access Code (VAC):



BY SMARTPHONE

Scan QR Code using smartphone QR Reader App

TO VOTE BY COMPLETING THE PROXY FORM

STEP 1 APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

Indicate who you want to appoint as your Proxy.

If you wish to appoint the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, mark the box. If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the full name of that individual or body corporate. If you leave this section blank, or your named proxy does not attend the meeting, the Chair of the Meeting will be your proxy. A proxy need not be a securityholder of the company. Do not write the name of the issuer company or the registered securityholder in the space.

Appointment of a Second Proxy

You are entitled to appoint up to two proxies to attend the meeting and vote. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by contacting the company's securities registry or you may copy this form.

To appoint a second proxy you must:

(a) complete two Proxy Forms. On each Proxy Form state the percentage of your voting rights or the number of securities applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded.
 (b) return both forms together in the same envelope.

STEP 2 VOTING DIRECTIONS TO YOUR PROXY

To direct your proxy how to vote, mark one of the boxes opposite each item of business. All your securities will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of securities are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number that you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given item, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item for all your securities, your vote on that item will be invalid.

Proxy which is a Body Corporate

Where a body corporate is appointed as your proxy, the representative of that body corporate attending the meeting must have provided an "Appointment of Corporate Representative" prior to admission. An Appointment of Corporate Representative form can be obtained from the company's securities registry.

STEP 3 SIGN THE FORM

The form **must** be signed as follows:

Individual: This form is to be signed by the securityholder.

Joint Holding: where the holding is in more than one name, all the securityholders should sign.

Power of Attorney: to sign under a Power of Attorney, you must have already lodged it with the registry. Alternatively, attach a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies: this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form should be signed by that person. Please indicate the office held by signing in the appropriate place.

STEP 4 LODGEMENT

Proxy forms (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received no later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting, therefore by **9:00am AEDT on Monday 7 November 2022.** Any Proxy Form received after that time will not be valid for the scheduled meeting.

Proxy forms may be lodged using the enclosed Reply Paid Envelope or:

💻 Online	https://www.votingonline.com.au/ep1agm2022
📇 🛛 By Fax	+ 61 2 9290 9655
🖂 By Mail	Boardroom Pty Limited GPO Box 3993, Sydney NSW 2001 Australia
In Person	Boardroom Pty Limited Grosvenor Place Level 12, 225 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Attending the Meeting

If you wish to attend the meeting, please bring this form with you to assist registration.

Your Address

using this form.

This is your address as it appears on the company's share register. If this is incorrect, please mark the box with an "X" and make the correction in the space to the left. Securityholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes. **Please note, you cannot change ownership of your securities**

PROXY FORM

STEP 1 APPOINT A PROXY

I/We being a member/s of E&P Financial Group Limited (Company) and entitled to attend and vote hereby appoint:

the Chair of the Meeting (mark box)

OR if you are **NOT** appointing the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate (excluding the registered securityholder) you are appointing as your proxy below

or failing the individual or body corporate named, or if no individual or body corporate is named, the Chair of the Meeting as my/our proxy at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at [Kelty Theatre], Evans & Partners, Mayfair Building Level 7, 171 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC and as a virtual meeting online at: https://web.lumiagm.com/397-500-695 on Wednesday 9 November 2022 at 9:00am AEDT and at any adjournment of that meeting, to act on my/our behalf and to vote in accordance with the following directions or if no directions have been given, as the proxy sees fit.

Chair of the Meeting authorised to exercise undirected proxies on remuneration related matters: If I/we have appointed the Chair of the Meeting as my/our proxy or the Chair of the Meeting becomes my/our proxy by default and I/we have not directed my/our proxy how to vote in respect of Resolution 1, I/we expressly authorise the Chair of the Meeting to exercise my/our proxy in respect of this Resolution even though Resolution 1 is connected with the remuneration of a member of the key management personnel for the Company.

The Chair of the Meeting will vote all undirected proxies in favour of all Items of business (including Resolution 1). If you wish to appoint the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy with a direction to vote against, or to abstain from voting on an item, you must provide a direction by marking the 'Against' or 'Abstain' box opposite that resolution.

STEP 2	VOTING DIRECTIONS * If you mark the Abstain box for a particular item, you are directing your proxy not to vote on your behalf on a show of hands or on a poll and your vote will not be counted in calculating the required majority if a poll is called.					
		For	Against	Abstain*		
Resolution 1	Adopting the Remuneration Report					
Resolution 2	Re-election of Tony Johnson as Director					
Resolution 3	Amendments to Constitution (Special Resolution)					

	SIGNATURE OF SECURITYHOLDERS This form must be signed to enable your directions to be implemented.				
Individual or Securityholder 1	Securityholder 2	Securityholder 3			
Sole Director and Sole Company Secretary	Director	Director / Company Secretary			
Contact Name	Contact Daytime Telephone	Date /	/ 2022		



Constitution

E&P Financial Group Limited ACN 609 913 457

This is the document tabled before the AGM of E&P Financial Group Limited held on 9 November 2022 and signed by me for the purposes of identification

David Evans - Chair

Level 23 Rialto Towers 525 Collins Street Melbourne Vic 3000 Australia DX 204 Melbourne T +61 3 8608 2000 F +61 3 8608 1000 minterellison.com

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Constitution of E&P Financial Group Limited

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Preliminary

1. Defined terms

1.1 In this Constitution:

Adoption Date means the date on which this Constitution is adopted by the Company as its constitution.

Alternate Director means a person appointed as an alternate director under clause 73.

ASX means ASX Limited ABN 98 008 624 691 or the financial market known as the 'Australian Securities Exchange' that it operates, as the context requires.

ASX Listing Rules means the listing rules of ASX and any other rules of ASX applicable to the Company or the Shares while the Company is admitted to the Official List, each as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by ASX.

ASX Settlement means ASX Settlement Pty Limited ABN 49 008 504 532 or the clearing and settlement facility that it operates, as the context requires.

ASX Settlement Operating Rules means the operating rules of ASX Settlement as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by ASX Settlement.

Auditor means the Company's auditor for the time being.

Business Day has the same meaning as in the ASX Listing Rules.

Certificated Holding has the same meaning as in the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

CHESS Holding has the same meaning as in the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

Company means E&P Financial Group Limited ACN 609 913 457].

Constitution means the constitution of the Company as amended from time to time.

Corporations Act means the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) as amended or replaced from time to time and includes any regulations made under that Act and any exemption or modification to that Act applying to the Company.

Director means a person appointed to the position of a director of the Company and where appropriate, includes an Alternate Director.

Directors means all or some of the Directors acting as a board.

Direct Vote, in relation to a resolution or a meeting, includes a vote delivered to the Company by post, fax or other electronic means approved by the Directors.

Dividend includes bonusmeans a final dividend or an interim dividend.

Executive Director has the meaning given by clause 80.3.

Issuer Sponsored Holding has the same meaning as in the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

Listed, in relation to the Company, means if the Company is included in the Official List of ASX.

Managing Director means a Director appointed as managing director under clause 80.1.

Marketable Parcel has the same meaning as in the ASX Settlement Operating Rules in force from time to time.

Member means a person who is a member of the Company under the Corporations Act.

Non-Executive Director means a Director who is not an Executive Director.

Non-Marketable Parcel means a parcel of securities that is less than a Marketable Parcel.

Proper ASTC transfer has the meaning given to it in the Corporations Regulations 2001(Cth).

Register means the register of Members of the Company.

Representative means a person appointed by a Member to act as its representative under clause 58.1.

Restricted Securities has the same meaning as in the ASX Listing Rules.

Seal means the Company's common seal.

Secretary means any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of a secretary of the Company and if more than one person is appointed, any one or more of such persons.

Shares means shares in the share capital of the Company.

1.2 In this Constitution, except where the context otherwise requires, an expression in a clause of this Constitution has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act. Where the expression has more than one meaning in the Corporations Act and a provision of the Corporations Act deals with the same matter as a clause of this Constitution, that expression has the same meaning as in that provision.

2. Interpretation

- 2.1 In this Constitution, except where the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) the singular includes the plural and vice versa, and a gender includes other genders;
 - (b) another grammatical form of a defined word or expression has a corresponding meaning;
 - (c) a reference to a clause, paragraph, schedule or annexure is to a clause or paragraph of, or schedule or annexure to, this Constitution, and a reference to this Constitution includes any schedule or annexure;
 - (d) a reference to a document or instrument includes the document or instrument as novated, altered, supplemented or replaced from time to time;
 - (e) a reference to A\$, \$A, dollar or \$ is to Australian currency; and
 - (f) the meaning of general words is not limited by specific examples introduced by **including**, **for example** or similar expressions.
- 2.2 Headings are for ease of reference only and do not affect interpretation.
- 2.3 The Corporations Act prevails over any inconsistency with:
 - (a) this Constitution;
 - (b) the ASX Listing Rules; and
 - (c) the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.
- 2.4 A reference in this Constitution to a Member being present at a meeting of Members is a reference to:
 - (a) a Member present <u>at the physical venue (or a physical venue) (if any) for the meeting or</u> present by using the virtual meeting technology (if any) used for the meetingin person physically or by electronic means; or
 - (b) a Member present by proxy, attorney or Representative <u>(whether such proxy, attorney or Representative is present at the physical venue (or a physical venue) (if any) for the meeting or present by using the virtual meeting technology (if any) used for the meeting); or</u>
 - (c) other than in relation to any clause which specifies a quorum, a Member who has duly lodged a valid Direct Vote in relation to the general meeting in accordance with clause 53 of this Constitution.

3. Replaceable rules

The provisions of the Corporations Act that apply to certain companies as replaceable rules and any other rules or regulations in the legislation under which the Company was formed are in each case displaced by this Constitution in their entirety and do not apply to the Company.

4. Transitional provisions

This Constitution has the effect that every Director, alternate director, senior manager and secretary in office as at the Adoption Date continues in office subject to, and is taken to have been appointed or elected under, this Constitution.

Shares

5. Currency

- 5.1 Any amount payable to the holder of a Share, whether in relation to dividends, return of capital, participation in surplus assets of the Company or otherwise may be paid in the currency of a country other than Australia.
- 5.2 The Directors may fix a time on or before the payment date as the time at which the applicable exchange rate will be determined for that purpose.

5.25.3 The Directors may differentiate between Members as to the currency in which any amount payable to a Member is paid and the applicable exchange rate that is used to determine any amount payable to a Member.

6. Issue of Shares

- 6.1 Subject to the Corporations Act, the ASX Listing Rules and this Constitution, the Directors may issue and allot, or dispose of, Shares:
 - (a) on terms determined from time to time by the Directors;
 - (b) at an issue price that the Directors determine from time to time; and
 - (c) to Members whether in proportion to their existing shareholdings or otherwise, or to such other persons as the Directors may determine from time to time.
- 6.2 The Directors' power under clause 6.1 includes the power to:
 - (a) grant options or rights over unissued Shares; and
 - (b) issue and allot Shares:
 - (i) with any preferential, deferred or special rights, privileges or conditions;
 - (ii) with any restrictions in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise;
 - (iii) which are liable to be redeemed or converted;
 - (iv) which are bonus Shares for whose issue no consideration is payable to the Company; or
 - (v) which have any combination of the characteristics described in clauses 6.2(b)(i) to 6.2(b)(iv) inclusive.

7. Commission and brokerage

Any brokerage or commission which may be paid by the Company may be made in cash, by the issue and allotment of Shares, or the issue of debentures, or by a combination of any of those methods.

8. Trusts not recognised

- 8.1 Except as required by law, the ASX Settlement Operating Rules or as otherwise provided by this Constitution, the Company will not recognise any person as holding a Share on trust and the Company will not be bound to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest or any other right in respect of a Share except the registered holder's absolute right of ownership.
- 8.2 This clause 8 applies even if the Company has notice of the relevant trust, interest or right.

9. Joint holders

- 9.1 If two or more persons are registered as the holders of a Share, they are taken to hold the Share as joint tenants with benefit of survivorship and the person whose name appears first on the Register is the only joint holder entitled to receive notices from the Company.
- 9.2 Any one of the joint holders of a Share may give an effective receipt for any dividend or return of capital payable to the joint holders.
- 9.3 The Company is entitled to and in respect of CHESS Holdings, must:
 - (a) record the names of only the first three four joint holders of a Share on the Register;
 - (b) regard the <u>three four</u> joint holders of a Share appearing first on the Register as the registered holders of that Share to the exclusion of any other holders; and
 - (c) disregard the entitlement of any person to be registered on the Register as a holder if the name of the person would appear on the Register after the first <u>three-four</u> holders for that Share.

10. Share certificates

- 10.1 The Directors will not, unless they determine otherwise or the ASX Listing Rules require, issue a certificate to a Member for any Shares registered in the Member's name or record any holding as held on a certificated sub-register.
- 10.2 Any certificate for Shares must be issued and despatched in accordance with the Corporations Act, the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.
- 10.3 Subject to the ASX Listing Rules, the Directors may in their absolute discretion elect whether to maintain a certificated sub-register for any class of Shares.
- 10.4 Subject to the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, Shares may be held on any sub-register maintained by or on behalf of the Company or on any branch register kept by the Company.
- 10.5 The Directors may order worn out or defaced certificates to be cancelled and, if necessary, replaced by new certificates.

11. Variation of class rights

- 11.1 The rights attached to any class of Shares may be varied in accordance with the Corporations Act.
- 11.2 The provisions of this Constitution relating to general meetings apply, with necessary changes, to a meeting of a class of Members holding Shares in that class as if it was a general meeting except that:
 - (a) a quorum is two persons holding or representing by proxy whether or not the Member or Members they represent cast Direct Votes, attorney or Representative not less than 25% of the Shares of the class or, if there is one holder of Shares in the class, that holder or a proxy, attorney or representative of that holder; and
 - (b) any holder of Shares of the class present in person or by proxy whether or not the Member the proxy represents cast Direct Votes, attorney or Representative may demand a poll.
- 11.3 The rights conferred on the holders of any class of Shares are taken as not having been varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking equally with them.

12. Non-marketable parcels

- 12.1 If one or more Members hold less than a Marketable Parcel of Shares, the Directors may invoke the procedure for the sale of Shares under this clause 12 (**Procedure**).
- 12.2 To invoke the Procedure, the Directors must give each Member (or each Member whose Shares are not held in a CHESS Holding) who holds less than a Marketable Parcel of Shares (**Eligible Member**) written notice (**Notice of Divestiture**) that complies with this clause 12.
- 12.3 A Notice of Divestiture given to a Member must:
 - (a) state that the Shares referred to in the Notice of Divestiture are liable to be sold in accordance with the Procedure if the Member does not advise the Company before a specified date (**Relevant Date**) that the Member wishes to keep those Shares; and
 - (b) if the Member holds Shares in a CHESS Holding, contain a statement to the effect that if those Shares remain in a CHESS Holding after the Relevant Date, the Company may, without further notice, move those Shares from the CHESS Holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or a Certificated Holding for the purposes of divestment by the Company in accordance with the Procedure.
- 12.4 The Relevant Date must be six weeks or more after the date that the Notice of Divestiture is sent.
- 12.5 A copy of a Notice of Divestiture must be given to any other person required by the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.
- 12.6 If an Eligible Member on whom a Notice of Divestiture has been served, wants to keep the Shares referred to in the Notice of Divesture, the Eligible Member must give the Company written notice before the Relevant Date, advising the Company that the Member wants to keep those Shares or the member must increase their holding of Shares before the Relevant Date to a Marketable Parcel in each of which events the Company will not sell the Shares.
- 12.7 In addition to invoking the Procedure by giving a Notice of Divestiture under clause 12.2, the Directors may also initiate a sale of Shares held by a Member (also, **Eligible Member**) if the Eligible Member holds less than a Marketable Parcel of Shares and that holding was created by a transfer of a parcel of Shares effected on or after the Adoption Date that was less than a Marketable Parcel at the time that the transfer was initiated or, in the case of a paper-based transfer, the transfer document was lodged with the Company:
 - (a) the Shares held by the Eligible Member may be sold as provided in clause 12.8; and

- (b) the Directors may remove or change the Eligible Member's rights to vote or receive dividends in respect of those Shares. Any dividends withheld must be sent to the former holder after the sale when the former holder delivers to the Company such proof of title as the Directors accept.
- 12.8 If an Eligible Member on whom a Notice of Divestiture has been served does not give the Company written notice before the Relevant Date advising the Company that the Eligible Member wants to keep the Shares referred in the Notice of Divestiture or the Member has not increased their holding of Shares before the Relevant Date to a Marketable Parcel, or clause 12.7 applies to the Member the Company may:
 - (a) if the Member holds those Shares in a CHESS Holding, move those Shares from the CHESS Holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or a Certificated Holding; and
 - (b) in any case, sell those Shares in accordance with the Procedure.
- 12.9 Any Shares which may be sold under this clause 12 may be sold on the terms, in the manner (whether on-market, by private treaty, through a share sale facility established by, on behalf of, or at the request of the Company, or otherwise) and at the time or times determined by the Directors and, for the purposes of a sale under this clause 12, each Eligible Member:
 - (a) appoints the Company as the Eligible Member's agent for sale and to receive any disclosure document, including a financial services guide;
 - (b) authorises the Company to effect on the Eligible Member's behalf a transfer of the Shares sold and to deal with the proceeds of the sale of the Shares in accordance with clause 12.11;
 - (c) appoints the Company, its Directors and Secretaries jointly and severally as the Eligible Member's attorneys to execute any instrument or take other steps, in the Eligible Member's name and on the Eligible Member's behalf, as they or any of them may consider appropriate to transfer the Shares sold; and
 - (d) authorises each of the attorneys appointed under clause 12.9(c) to appoint an agent to do a thing referred to in clause 12.9(c).
- 12.10 The title of the transferee to Shares acquired under this clause 12 is not affected by an irregularity or invalidity in connection with the sale of Shares to the Transferee.
- 12.11 The proceeds of any sale of Shares under this clause 12 less any unpaid calls and interest (**Sale Consideration**) will be paid to the relevant Member or as that Member may direct.
- 12.12 The Company will hold the Sale Consideration in trust for the Member whose Shares are sold under this clause and will forthwith notify the Member in writing that the Sale Consideration in respect of the Member's Shares has been received by the Company and is being held by the Company pending instructions from the Member as to how it is to be dealt with. If the Member has been issued with a share certificate or certificates, the Member's instructions, to be effective, must be accompanied by the share certificate or certificates to which the Sale Consideration relates or, if the certificate or certificates has or have been lost or destroyed, by a statement and undertaking under subsection 1070D(5) of the Corporations Act.
- 12.13 Subject to the Corporations Act, the Company or the purchaser will bear all costs, including brokerage and stamp duty, associated with the sale of any Shares under this clause.
- 12.14 A Notice of Divestiture under clause 12.2 may only be given once in any 12 month period and may not be given during the offer period of a takeover bid for the Company.
- 12.15 If the Procedure has been invoked and there is an announcement of a takeover bid for Shares, no more sales of Shares may be made under this clause 12 until after the close of the offers made under the takeover. The Procedure may then be invoked again.

- 12.16 The Directors may, before a sale is effected under this clause 12, revoke a Notice of Divestiture or any step taken under clause 12.7 or suspend or terminate the Procedure, either generally or in specific cases.
- 12.17 If a Member is an Eligible Member in respect of more than one parcel of Shares, the Directors may treat the Member as a separate Eligible Member in respect of each of those parcels so that this clause 12 will operate as if each parcel was held by a different person.

Calls

13. General

- 13.1 Subject to the Corporations Act and the terms on which partly paid Shares are issued, the Directors may make calls on the holders of the Shares for any money unpaid on them.
- 13.2 A call is made when the resolution of the Directors authorising it is passed.
- 13.3 The Directors may revoke or postpone a call before its due date for payment.
- 13.4 The Directors may require a call to be paid by instalments.
- 13.5 The Company must comply with the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules in relation to the dispatch and content of notices to Members on whom a call is made.
- 13.6 A Member to whom notice of a call is given in accordance with this clause 13 must pay to the Company the amount called in accordance with the notice.
- 13.7 Failure to send a notice of a call to any Member or the non-receipt of a notice by any Member does not invalidate the call.
- 13.8 Joint holders of Shares are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of their Shares.

14. Instalments and amounts which become payable

lf:

- (a) the Directors require a call to be paid by instalments; or
- (b) an amount becomes payable by the terms of issue of Shares on allotment, or at a time or in circumstances specified in the terms of issue,

then:

- (c) every instalment or the amount payable under the terms of issue is payable as if it were a call made by the Directors and as if they had given notice of it; and
- (d) the consequences of late payment or non-payment of an instalment or the amount payable under the terms of issue are the same as the consequences of late payment or non-payment of a call.

15. Interest and expenses

If an amount called is not paid on or before the due date, the person liable to pay the amount must also pay:

- (a) interest on the amount from the due date to the time of actual payment at a rate determined by the Directors (not exceeding 20% per annum); and
- (b) all expenses incurred by the Company as a consequence of the non-payment,

but the Directors may waive payment of the interest and expenses in whole or in part. Interest accrues daily and may be capitalised monthly or at such other intervals as the Directors decide.

16. Recovery of amounts due

On the hearing of any action for the recovery of money due for any call, proof that:

- (a) the name of the person sued was, when the call was made, entered in the Register as a holder or the holder of Shares in respect of which the call was made;
- (b) the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the Directors' minute book; and
- (c) notice of the call was given to the person sued,

will be conclusive evidence of the debt.

17. Differentiation

The Directors may, on the issue of Shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

18. Payment of calls in advance

- 18.1 The Directors may accept from a Member the whole or part of the amount unpaid on a Share before the amount accepted has been called.
- 18.2 The Company may:
 - (a) pay interest on any amount accepted, until the amount is payable under a call and at a rate (not exceeding 20% per annum) agreed between the Member and the Directors; and
 - (b) subject to any contract between the Company and the Member, repay all or any of the amount accepted in excess of the amount called on the Share.
- 18.3 Payment of an amount in advance of a call does not entitle the paying Member to any:
 - (a) dividend, benefit or advantage, other than the payment of interest under this clause 18; or
 - (b) voting right,

to which the Member would not have been entitled if it had paid the amount when it became due.

Lien and forfeiture

19. Lien

- 19.1 The Company has a first and paramount lien on every partly paid Share and dividends payable in respect of the Share for all money:
 - (a) due and unpaid to the Company, in respect of the Share;
 - (b) presently payable by a holder or the holder of the Share, or the holder's estate, to the Company in respect of the Share; or
 - (c) which the Company is required by law to pay (and has paid) in respect of the Share.
- 19.2 The lien extends to reasonable interest and expenses incurred because the amount is not paid.
- 19.3 If any law for the time being of any country, state or place imposes or purports to impose an immediate or contingent liability on the Company to make any payment or authorises a taxing authority or Government official to require the Company to make payment in respect of Shares or dividends or other moneys accruing due to the Member who holds the Shares:

- (a) the Member or, if the Member is deceased, the Member's legal personal representative, indemnifies the Company in respect of any such payment or liability; and
- (b) the Company:
 - (i) has a lien on the Shares and dividends and other moneys payable in respect of the Shares, whether the Shares are held by the Member solely or jointly with another person in respect of any payment made or liability incurred by the Company, together with reasonable expenses and interest on any payment made by the Company at a rate to be fixed by the Directors not exceeding 20% per annum from the date of payment by the Company to the date of repayment by the Member;
 - (ii) may set off amounts so paid by the Company against amounts payable by the Company to the Member as dividends or otherwise; and
 - (iii) may recover as a debt due from the Member or its legal personal representative the amount of all payments made by the Company together with reasonable expenses and interest at the rate and for the period referred to in clause 19.3(b)(i).
- 19.4 The Company may do all things which the Directors think necessary or appropriate to do under the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules to enforce or protect the Company's lien.
- 19.5 Unless the Directors determine otherwise, the registration of a transfer of a Share operates as a waiver of the Company's lien on the Share so far as it relates to amounts owing by the transferor or any predecessor in title.
- 19.6 The Directors may:
 - (a) declare a Share to be wholly or partly exempt from a lien; or
 - (b) waive or compromise all or part of any payment due to the Company.

20. Lien sale

lf:

- (a) the Company has a lien on a Share for money presently payable; and
- (b) the Company has given the Member or the Member's executors or administrators (as the case may be) holding the Share written notice demanding payment of the money; and
- (c) that Member fails to pay all of the money demanded,

then 14 or more days after giving the notice, the Directors may sell the Share in any manner determined by them.

21. Forfeiture notice

- 21.1 The Directors may at any time after a call or instalment becomes payable and remains unpaid by a Member, serve a notice on the Member requiring the Member to pay all or any of the following:
 - (a) the unpaid amount;
 - (b) any interest that has accrued; and
 - (c) all expenses incurred by the Company as a consequence of the non-payment.
- 21.2 The notice under clause 21.1 must:
 - (a) specify a day (not earlier than 14 days after the date of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice must be made; and
 - (b) state that if a Member does not comply with the notice, the Shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

22. Forfeiture

- 22.1 If a Member does not comply with a notice served under clause 21, then any or all of the Shares in respect of which the notice was given may be forfeited under a resolution of the Directors.
- 22.2 Unpaid dividends in respect of forfeited Shares will also be forfeited.
- 22.3 On forfeiture, Shares become the property of the Company and forfeited Shares must be:
 - (a) sold, disposed of, or cancelled on terms determined by the Directors; or
 - (b) offered by public auction.
- 22.4 The Directors may, at any time before a forfeited Share is sold, disposed of or cancelled, annul the forfeiture of the Share on conditions determined by them.
- 22.5 Promptly after a Share has been forfeited:
 - (a) notice of the forfeiture must be given to the Member in whose name the Share was registered immediately before its forfeiture; and
 - (b) the forfeiture and its date must be noted in the Register.
- 22.6 Omission or neglect to give notice of or to note the forfeiture as specified in clause 22.5 will not invalidate a forfeiture.

23. Liability of former Member

- 23.1 The interest of a person who held Shares which are forfeited is extinguished but, the former Member remains liable to pay:
 - (a) all money (including interest and expenses) that was payable by the Member to the Company at the date of forfeiture in respect of the forfeited Shares; and
 - (b) interest from the date of forfeiture until payment of the money referred to in clause 23.1(a), of this clause at a rate determined by the Directors (not exceeding 20% per annum).
- 23.2 A former Member's liability to the Company ceases if and when the Company receives payment in full of all money (including interest and expenses) payable by the former Member in respect of the Shares. The liability may only be compromised, released or waived by the Directors.

24. Disposal of Shares

- 24.1 The Company may:
 - (a) receive the consideration (if any) given for a forfeited Share on any sale or disposition of the Share, or a Share sold under a lien sale;
 - (b) effect a transfer of the Share or execute or appoint a person to execute, a transfer of the Share in favour of a person to whom the Share is sold or disposed of; and
 - (c) register as the holder of the Share the person to whom the Share is sold.
- 24.2 The purchaser of the Share:
 - (a) is not bound to check the regularity of the sale or the application of the purchase price;
 - (b) obtains title to the Share despite any irregularity in the sale; and
 - (c) will not be subject to complaint or remedy by the former holder of the Share in respect of the purchase.

- 24.3 A statement signed by a Director and a Secretary that the Share has been regularly forfeited and sold or reissued or regularly sold without forfeiture to enforce a lien, is conclusive evidence of the matters stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share.
- 24.4 Subject to the terms on which a Share is on issue, the net proceeds of any sale made to enforce a lien or on forfeiture must be applied by the Company in the following order:
 - (a) in payment of the costs and expenses of the sale;
 - (b) in payment of all amounts (if any) secured by the lien or all money (if any) that was payable in respect of the forfeited Share; and
 - (c) where the Share was forfeited under clause 22.1, in payment of any surplus to the former Member whose Share was sold.

Transfer of Shares

- 25. General
- 25.1 Subject to this Constitution, a Member may transfer Shares held by that Member.
- 25.2 Subject to clause 25.3, Shares may be transferred by:
 - (a) a written transfer instrument in any usual or common form; or
 - (b) any other form approved by the Directors.
- 25.3 The Company may participate in any computerised or electronic system for market settlement, securities transfer and registration conducted in accordance with the Corporations Act, the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, or corresponding laws or financial market rules in any other country.
- 25.4 If the Company participates in a system of the kind described in clause 25.3, then despite any other provision of this Constitution:
 - (a) Shares may be transferred, and transfers may be registered, in any manner required or permitted by the ASX Listing Rules or the ASX Settlement Operating Rules (or corresponding laws or financial market rules in any other country) applying in relation to the system;
 - (b) the Company must comply with and give effect to those rules; and
 - (c) the Company may, in accordance with those rules, decline to issue certificates for holdings of Shares.
- 25.5 A written transfer instrument must be:
 - (a) executed by the transferor or (where the Corporations Act permits) stamped by the transferor's broker;
 - (b) unless the Directors decide otherwise in the case of a fully paid Share, executed by the transferee or (where the Corporations Act permits) stamped by the transferee's broker; and
 - (c) in the case of a transfer of partly paid Shares, endorsed or accompanied by an instrument executed by the transferee or by the transferee's broker to the effect that the transferee agrees to accept the Shares subject to the terms and conditions on which the transferor held them, to become a Member and to be bound by the Constitution.

Subject to the Corporation Act, the written transfer instrument may comprise more than one document.

25.6 Except as required by the ASX Settlement Operating Rules:

- (a) a transferor of Shares remains the holder of the Shares transferred until the transfer is registered and the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect of the Shares; and
- (b) a transfer of Shares does not pass the right to any dividends on the Shares until such registration.

26. Transfer procedure

- 26.1 Except where the Directors determine (to comply with laws or financial market rules of a foreign country or the ASX Settlement Operating Rules), for a transfer of Shares that is not an ASX Settlement regulated transfer:
 - (a) the written transfer instrument must be left at the Company's registered office or another place acceptable to the Company;
 - (b) the instrument must be accompanied by a certificate for the Shares dealt with in the transfer where a certificate has been issued, unless the Directors waive production of the certificate on receiving satisfactory evidence of the loss or destruction of the certificate; and
 - (c) the Directors may require other evidence of the transferor's right to transfer the Shares.
- 26.2 For a transfer of Shares that is an ASX Settlement regulated transfer, a Share transfer must be effected in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.
- 26.3 The Company may charge a fee for registering a transfer of Shares if:
 - (a) the Company is not listed; or
 - (b) the fee is not prohibited by the ASX Listing Rules.

27. Right to refuse registration

- 27.1 The Directors may in their absolute discretion refuse to register any transfer of Shares or other securities where the Shares or other securities are not quoted by ASX. Where the Shares or other securities are quoted by ASX, the Directors may in their absolute discretion refuse to register any transfer in any of the circumstances permitted by the ASX Listing Rules.
- 27.2 The Directors must:
 - (a) except as permitted by ASX, refuse to register any transfer of Shares or other securities which are Restricted Securities if that transfer is or might be in breach of the ASX Listing Rules or any restriction agreement entered into by the Company under the ASX Listing Rules in relation to the Shares or a provision of this Constitution restricting disposal of those Restricted Securities; and
 - (b) refuse to register any transfer where the Company is, or the Directors are, required to do so by the ASX Listing Rules.
- 27.3 Despite clauses 27.1 and 27.2, the Company must not refuse or fail to register or give effect to, or delay or in any way interfere with, a proper ASTC transfer of Shares or other securities quoted by ASX.
- 27.4 If a person has lodged a transfer which the Directors have refused to register, the Company must, within five Business Days after the date of lodgment, give to the lodging person written notice of the refusal and the reasons for it.
- 27.5 Subject to clause 27.3, Restricted Securities cannot be disposed of during the escrow period except as permitted by the ASX Listing Rules or ASX. The Company will refuse to acknowledge a disposal of Restricted Securities to the extent required under the ASX Listing Rules.

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28. Title on death

- 28.1 The legal personal representative of a deceased Member who was the sole holder of Shares is the only person whom the Company will recognise as having any title to the deceased Member's Shares.
- 28.2 If a deceased Member was a joint holder of Shares, the other joint holder is the only person whom the Company will recognise as having any title to the deceased Member's Shares.
- 28.3 The estate of the deceased Member will not be released from any liability to the Company in respect of the Shares.
- 28.4 The Company may register or give effect to a transfer to a transferee who dies before the transfer is registered.

29. Entitlement to transmission

- 29.1 A person who becomes entitled to a Share in consequence of the death, mental incapacity or bankruptcy of a Member may, subject to clause 27 and to producing to the Company evidence of its entitlement which is satisfactory to the Directors, elect to:
 - (a) be registered as the holder of the Share; or
 - (b) transfer the Share to some other person nominated by it.
- 29.2 If the person who has become entitled to a Share:
 - (a) elects to be registered as the holder, then the person must deliver or send to the Company a written notice of election signed by him or her; or
 - (b) elects to transfer the Share, then the person must effect a transfer of the Share.
- 29.3 An election to be registered as a holder of a Share under clause 29.1(a) or a transfer of a Share from a Member or deceased Member under this clause 29 is subject to the same limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Constitution as would apply if the election were a transfer or the transfer were made by the Member or deceased Member himself or herself.
- 29.4 A person who:
 - (a) has become entitled to a Share by operation of law; and
 - (b) has produced evidence of that person's entitlement which is satisfactory to the Directors,

is entitled to the dividends and other rights of the registered holder of the Share.

- 29.5 Where two or more persons are jointly entitled to any Share in consequence of the death of the registered holder, they will be considered to be joint holders of the Share.
- 29.6 Any person who is registered under this clause must indemnify the Company against all liabilities, costs, losses and expenses incurred by the Company as a result of registering the person.

Changes to Share capital

30. Alteration of share capital

The Directors may do anything required to give effect to any resolution altering or approving the reduction of the Company's Share capital, including, where a Member becomes entitled to a

fraction of a Share or other security on a conversion of some or all of the Shares into a larger or smaller number or on a reduction of capital:

- (a) causing the Company to make cash payments;
- (b) determining that fractions may be disregarded to adjust the rights of all parties;
- (c) appointing a trustee to deal with any fractions on behalf of Members; and
- (d) rounding up each fractional entitlement to the nearest whole Share or security by capitalising any amount for capitalisation under clause 99 even though only some of the Members participate in the capitalisation.

31. Reductions of capital

- 31.1 Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the Company may reduce its share capital in any manner.
- 31.2 Without limiting the generality of clause 31.1, the Company when reducing its share capital may resolve that such reduction be effected wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets (whether held in the name of the Company or in the name of any wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) and in particular fully paid shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other corporation or in any one or more of such ways. The Directors may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets.
- 31.3 Where the Company pursuant to a reduction of its share capital distributes to its Members shares in another corporation:
 - (a) the Members will be deemed to have agreed to become members of that other corporation; and
 - (b) each of the Members appoints the Company or any of the Directors as its agent to execute any transfer of shares or other document required to facilitate or effect the distribution of shares to that Member.

32. Ancillary powers

If a distribution, transfer or issue of specific assets, shares or securities to a particular Member or Members is, in the Directors' discretion, considered impracticable or would give rise to parcels of securities which do not constitute marketable parcels, the Directors may cause the Company to make a cash payment to those Members or allocate the assets, shares or securities to a trustee to be sold on behalf of, and for the benefit of, those Members, instead of making the distribution, transfer or issue to those Members.

33. Buy-backs

Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the Company may buy Shares on terms and at times determined from time to time by the Directors.

Powers of attorney

34. Powers of attorney

34.1 If a Member executes or proposes to execute any document or do any act by or through an attorney which is relevant to the Company or the Member's shareholding in the Company, that Member must deliver the instrument appointing the attorney to the Company for notation.

- 34.2 The Company may require the Member to lodge a certified copy of the instrument for retention by the Company, and ask for whatever evidence it thinks appropriate that the power of attorney is effective and continues to be in force.
- 34.3 Any power of attorney granted by a Member will, as between the Company and the Member who granted the power of attorney:
 - (a) continue in force; and
 - (b) may be acted on,

unless express notice in writing of its revocation or of the death of the Member who granted it is lodged with the Company.

34.4 Where a Member proposes that an attorney represent the Member at a general meeting or adjourned meeting, the Member must comply with clause 56.1 of this Constitution.

General meetings

35. Calling and holding general meeting

- 35.1 A general meeting of Members (including of a class of Members) may be held:
 - (a) at one or more physical venues;
 - (b) at one or more physical venues and using virtual meeting technology;
 - (c) using virtual meeting technology only; or
 - (d) in any other manner permitted by the Corporations Act.
- <u>35.135.2</u> A Director may call a <u>general</u> meeting of Members.
- 35.235.3 The Directors must call annual general meetings in accordance with the Corporations Act, to be held by the Company at times to be determined by the Directors.
- 35.335.4 Members may also request or call and arrange to hold general meetings in accordance with the procedures and requirements set out in the Corporations Act.
- <u>35.5</u> <u>A-The place at which a general meeting may beis held at two or more venues simultaneously</u> using any technology that gives the Members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participateis taken to be:
 - (a) if the general meeting is held at only one physical venue (whether or not it is also held using virtual meeting technology), that physical venue;
 - (b) if the general meeting is held at more than one physical venue (whether or not it is also held using virtual meeting technology), the main physical venue of the meeting as set out in the notice of the meeting; or
 - (c) if the meeting is held using virtual meeting technology only, the registered office of the Company.
- <u>35.6</u> The time at which a general meeting is held is taken to be the time at the place at which the general meeting is taken to be held in accordance with clause 35.5.
- <u>35.7</u> If the Company holds a general meeting, it must give the Members entitled to attend the meeting, as a whole, a reasonable opportunity to participate in the general meeting.

36. Notice of general meetings

- 36.1 Notice of a general meeting must be given in accordance with the Corporations Act to the persons referred to in clause 101.1.
- 36.2 Except as permitted by the Corporations Act, general meetings must be called on at least the minimum number of days' notice required by the Corporations Act (which at the Adoption Date is 28 days) and otherwise in accordance with the procedures set out in the Corporations Act.
- 36.3 Subject to the requirements of the Corporations Act, the content of a notice of general meeting called by the Directors must be decided by the Directors.

37. Business at general meetings

- 37.1 Unless the Corporations Act provides otherwise:
 - (a) no business may be transacted at a general meeting unless the general nature of the business is stated in the notice calling the meeting; and
 - (b) except with the approval of the Directors or the chairperson, no person may move an amendment to a proposed resolution the terms of which are set out in the notice calling the meeting or to a document which relates to such a resolution and a copy of which has been made available to Members to inspect or copy.
- 37.2 The Directors may postpone or cancel any general meeting (other than a meeting requested or called by Members under clause 35.3) at any time before the day of the meeting. The Directors must give notice of the postponement or cancellation to all persons entitled to receive notices of a general meeting.
- An accidental omission to send a notice of a general meeting (including a proxy appointment form) or the postponement of a general meeting to any Member or the non-receipt of a notice (or form) by any Member does not invalidate the proceedings at or any resolution passed at the general meeting.
- <u>37.437.3</u> A person's attendance at the general meeting waives any obligation the person may have to:
 - (a) a failure to give notice, or the giving of a defective notice, of the meeting unless the person at the beginning of the meeting objects to the holding of the meeting; and
 - (b) the consideration of a particular matter at the meeting which is not within the business referred to in the notice of meeting, unless the person objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

Proceedings at general meetings

38. Member

In clauses 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46 and 48, **Member** includes a Member present in person or by proxy (whether or not the Member or Members they represent cast Direct Votes), attorney or Representative.

39. Quorum

39.1 No business may be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the commencement of business.

- 39.2 A quorum of Members is two Members unless there are less than two Members, in which event a quorum is those Members.
- 39.3 If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for a general meeting:
 - (a) the general meeting is automatically dissolved if it was requested or called by Members; or
 - (b) in any other case:
 - (i) it will stand adjourned and the Directors may, subject to and in accordance with clauses 35.5 and 35.7 determine the time, physical venue or physical venues (if any) and virtual meeting technology (if any) for the adjourned general meeting and, if the Directors do not make such a determination, the adjourned general meeting will be held:
 - (A) to <u>at</u> the same time and place seven days after the meeting, or to another day, time and place determined by the Directors; <u>and</u>
 - (A)(B) at the same physical venue or physical venues (if any), and using the same virtual meeting technology (if any), as originally appointed for the general meeting; and
 - (ii) if at the adjourned general meeting a quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for the general meeting the general meeting is automatically dissolved.

40. Chairperson of general meetings

- 40.1 The chairperson, or in the chairperson's absence the deputy chairperson, of Directors' meetings will be the chairperson at every general meeting.
- 40.2 lf:
 - (a) there is no chairperson or deputy chairperson; or
 - (b) neither the chairperson nor deputy chairperson is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the general meeting; or
 - (c) the chairperson and deputy chairperson are unwilling to act as chairperson of the general meeting,

the Directors present may elect a chairperson of the general meeting of the Members.

- 40.3 If no chairperson is elected in accordance with clause 40.2, then:
 - (a) the Members may elect one of the Directors present as chairperson; or
 - (b) if no Director is present or is willing to take the chair, the Members <u>who are present at the</u> <u>general meeting</u> may elect one of the Members present as chairperson.
- 40.4 At any time during a <u>general</u> meeting and in respect of any specific item or items of business, the chairperson may elect to vacate the chair in favour of another person nominated by the chairperson (which person must be a Director unless no Director is present or is willing to act). That person is to be taken to be the chairperson and will have all the powers of the chairperson (other than the power to adjourn the meeting), during the consideration of that item of business or those items of business.
- 40.5 If there is a dispute at a general meeting about a question of procedure, the chairperson may determine the question.

41. General conduct

- 41.1 The general conduct of each general meeting of the Company and the procedures to be adopted at the meeting will be determined by the chairperson, including the procedure for the conduct of the election of Directors.
- 41.2 The chairperson may, at any time the chairperson considers it necessary or desirable for the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting:
 - (a) impose a limit on the time that a person may speak on each motion or other item of business and terminate debate or discussion on any business, question, motion or resolution being considered at the meeting and require the business, questions, motion or resolution to be put to a vote of the Members present; and
 - (b) adopt any procedures for casting or recording votes at the meeting whether on a show of hands or on a poll, including the appointment of scrutineers.
- 41.3 A decision by the chairperson under clause 41.1 or 41.2 is final.

42. Postponement and Adjournment

42.1 The Directors may:

	<u>(a)</u>	cancel or postpone to another time (on the same or another date) any general meeting (including any general meeting that has previously been postponed or adjourned) before it has started, other than a general meeting requested or called by Members under clause 35.4, which may only be cancelled or postponed with the prior written consent of the persons who requisitioned or called the general meeting: and
	<u>(b)</u>	change the physical venue or physical venues (if any) and virtual meeting technology (if any) for any general meeting (including any general meeting that has previously been postponed or adjourned) before it has started.
42.142.2 The chairperson <u>of a general meeting</u> may postpone the meeting <u>(including any general</u> <u>meeting that has previously been postponed or adjourned)</u> before it has started, whether or not a quorum is present, if, at the time and place appointed for the meeting, <u>he or shethe chairperson</u> considers that:		
	(a)	there is not enough room <u>at any physical venue for the meeting</u> for the number of Members who wish to attend the meeting; or
	(b)	a postponement is necessary in light of the behaviour of persons present or for any other reason so that the business of the meeting can be properly carried out.
4 2.2	meeti	tponement under clause 42.1 will be to another time, which may be on the same day as the ng, and may be to another place (and the new time and place will be taken to be the time lace for the meeting as if specified in the notice which called the meeting originally).
42.3	The chairperson of a general meeting may at any time during the course of the meetin	
	(a)	adjourn the meeting or any business, motion, question or resolution being considered or remaining to be considered by the meeting either to a later time at the same meeting or to an adjourned meeting; and
	(b)	for the purpose of allowing any poll to be taken or determined, suspend the proceedings of the meeting for such period/s as <u>he or shethey</u> decides without effecting an adjournment. No business may be transacted and no discussion may take place during any suspension of proceedings unless the chairperson otherwise allows.
<u>42.4</u>	<u>meeti</u> accor	ation to any general meeting that is postponed or adjourned by the chair of the general ng under clause 42.2 or 42.3, the chair of the general meeting may, subject to and in dance with clauses 35.1 and 35.2, determine the time, physical venue or physical venues (if and virtual meeting technology (if any) for the postponed or adjourned general meeting (as

applicable) and, if the chair of the general meeting does not make such a determination, the postponed or adjourned general meeting (as applicable) will be held:

- (a) at the same time as, and on the day that is seven days after the day, originally appointed for the general meeting; and
- (b) at the same physical venue or physical venues (if any), and using the same virtual meeting technology (if any), as originally appointed for the general meeting.
- 42.442.5 The chairperson's rights under clauses 42.1 and 42.3 are exclusive and, unless the chairperson requires otherwise, no vote may be taken or demanded by the members present about any postponement, adjournment or suspension of proceedings of the general meeting.
- 42.542.6 Only unfinished business may be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.
- 42.642.7 Where a meeting is <u>cancelled</u>, postponed or adjourned under this clause 42, notice of the <u>cancellation or of the</u> postponed or adjourned meeting <u>(as applicable)</u> must be given to ASX, but except as provided by clause 42.9, need not be given to any other person.
- 42.742.8 Where a meeting is postponed or adjourned, the Directors may, by notice to ASX, postpone, cancel or change the place of the postponed or adjourned meeting.
- 42.842.9 Where a meeting is postponed or adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the postponed or adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of the original meeting.

43. Decisions at general meetings

- 43.1 Subject to the Corporations Act in relation to special resolutions, a resolution is carried if a majority of the votes cast on the resolution are in favour of the resolution.
- 43.2 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting is decided on a show of hands unless <u>clause</u> 43.3 <u>applies or</u> a poll is demanded by:
 - (a) at least 5 Members entitled to vote on the resolution; or
 - (b) Members with at least 5% of the votes that may be cast on the resolution on a poll; or
 - (c) the chairperson.
- 43.3 For so long as the Company is Listed, a resolution put to the vote at a general meeting must be decided on a poll (and not a show of hands) if the notice of the general meeting set out an intention to propose the resolution and stated the resolution.

43.3<u>43.4</u> A poll:

- (a) may be demanded:
 - (i) before a vote is taken; or
 - (ii) in the case of a vote taken on a show of hands, immediately before or immediately after, the results of the vote are declared; and
- (b) must be demanded if:
 - (i) a vote by show of hands is taken on the resolution; and
 - (ii) appointments of proxies have been received specifying the way the proxies are to vote on the resolution (whether or not as a Direct Vote); and
 - (iii) votes cast in accordance with the appointments of proxies referred to in clause 43.34(b)(ii) could change the outcome of the vote on the resolution.

43.443.5 Unless a poll is demanded:

(a) a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has been carried, carried by a specified majority, or lost; and

(b) an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting,

are conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes in favour of or against the resolution.

43.543.6 The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

43.643.7 A decision of a general meeting may not be impeached or invalidated on the ground that a person voting at the meeting was not entitled to do so.

44. Taking a poll

- 44.1 Subject to clause 44.5, a poll will be taken when and in the manner that the chairperson directs. No notice need be given of any poll.
- 44.2 The result of the poll will determine whether the resolution on which the poll was demanded is carried or lost.
- 44.3 The chairperson may determine any dispute about the admission or rejection of a vote, and such determination, if made in good faith, will be final and conclusive.
- 44.4 A poll cannot be demanded on any resolution concerning the election of the chairperson of a general meeting or the adjournment of the general meeting.
- 44.5 A poll demanded by the chairperson on any resolution concerning the adjournment of a general meeting must be taken immediately.
- 44.6 After a poll has been demanded at a general meeting, the general meeting may continue for the transaction of business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.

45. Casting vote of chairperson

The chairperson does not have a casting vote (in addition to the chairperson's votes as a Member, proxy, attorney or Representative) on a show of hands or on a poll.

46. Admission to general meetings

- <u>46.1</u> The chairperson of a general meeting may take any action the chairperson considers appropriate for the safety of any Members or other persons present at the general meeting and the orderly conduct of the general meeting.
- <u>46.2</u> Without limiting the generality of clause 46.1, tThe chairperson of a general meeting may <u>do any</u> <u>one or more of the following:</u>
 - (a) refuse admission to admit a person to any physical venue at which the general meeting is being held;
 - (b) , or require a person to leave and not return to, <u>any physical venue at which the general</u> meeting is being held;
 - (c) refuse a person access to (or use of) any virtual meeting technology being used for the general meeting; and
 - (d) require a person to cease accessing (or using) any virtual meeting technology being used for the general meeting.
 - 46.1 <u>in each case, if the person</u>:
 - (a)(e) refuses to permit examination of any article in the person's possession; or

(b)(f) is in possession of any:

- (i) electronic or recording device;
- (ii) placard or banner; or
- (iii) other article,

which the chairperson considers to be dangerous, offensive or liable to cause disruption; or

- (c)(g) causes any disruption to the meeting including by refusal to comply with a request of the chairman to turn off a mobile telephone, personal communication device or similar device; or
- (h) in the opinion of the chairperson may pose a risk to the health of other persons attending the meeting; or
- (d)(i) who behaves or threatens to behave in a dangerous, offensive or disruptive way.
- 46.246.3 The chairperson may delegate the powers conferred by clauses 46.1 and 46.2 to any person he or shethe chairperson thinks fit.
- 46.346.4 A person, whether a Member or not, requested by the directors or the chairperson to attend a general meeting is entitled to be present and, at the request of the chairperson, to speak at the meeting.
- 46.446.5 If the chairperson of a general meeting considers that there is not enough room for the Members who wish to attend <u>any physical venue for</u> the meeting, <u>he or shethe chairperson</u> may arrange for any person whom <u>he or shethey</u> considers cannot be seated in the main meeting room <u>of any physical venue for the general meeting</u> to observe or attend the <u>general meeting</u> in a separate room <u>at that physical venue</u>. Even if the Members present in the separate room are not able to participate in the conduct of the meeting, the meeting will nevertheless be treated as validly held in the main room.
- 46.5 If a separate meeting place is linked to the main place of a general meeting by an instantaneous audio-visual communication device which, by itself or in conjunction with other arrangements:
 - (a) gives the general body of Members in the separate meeting place a reasonable opportunity to participate in proceedings in the main place;
 - (b) enables the chairperson to be aware of proceedings in the other place; and
 - (c) enables the Members in the separate meeting place to vote on a show of hands or on a poll,

a Member present at the separate meeting place is taken to be present at the general meeting and entitled to exercise all rights as if he or she was present at the main place.

- 46.6 If, before or during the meeting, any technical difficulty occurs where one or more of the matters set out in clause 46.5 is not satisfied which materially impacts the participation of Members who are attending the general meeting by using virtual meeting technology, the chairperson may:
 - (a) adjourn the meeting until the difficulty is remedied; or
 - (b) continue to hold the meeting in the main place (and any other place which is linked under clause 46.5 and transact business, and no Mmember may object to the meeting being held or continuing, provided that sufficient Members are able to participate in the general meeting as are required to constitute a quorum.

(6)46.7 ———Nothing in this clause 46 is to be taken to limit the powers conferred on the chairperson by law.

47. Auditor's right to be heard

The Auditor is entitled to:

- (a) attend any general meeting of the Company;
- (b) be heard at any general meeting of the Company on any part of the business of the meeting that concerns the Auditor in their capacity as auditor, even if:
 - (i) the Auditor retires at the general meeting; or
 - (ii) Members pass a resolution to remove the Auditor from office; and
- (c) authorise a person in writing to attend and speak at any general meeting as the Auditor's representative.

Votes of Members

48. Entitlement to vote

- 48.1 Subject to this Constitution and to any rights or restrictions attaching to any class of Shares:
 - (a) every Member may vote;
 - (b) subject to clause 52.4 and the Corporations Act, on a show of hands every Member has one vote; and
 - (c) on a poll every Member has:
 - (i) for each fully paid Share held by the Member, one vote; and
 - (ii) for each partly paid Share held by the Member, a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid (not credited) is of the total amounts paid and payable, whether or not called (excluding amounts credited), on the Share. Without limiting the generality of clause 18.3, an amount paid on a Share in advance of a call is not to be taken as paid for the purposes of this clause.
- 48.2 During a breach of the ASX Listing Rules relating to Shares which are Restricted Securities, or a breach of a restriction agreement, the holder of the relevant Restricted Securities is not entitled to any voting rights in respect of those Restricted Securities.
- 48.3 If a Member:
 - (a) dies; or
 - (b) through mental or physical infirmity, is incapable of managing the Member's affairs,

and a personal representative, trustee or other person is appointed under law to administer the Member's estate or property, the personal representative, trustee or person so appointed may exercise any rights of the Member in relation to a general meeting as if the personal representative, trustee or person (as the case may be) was a Member.

- 48.4 If, under the Corporations Act or the Listing rules, a notice calling a meeting and proposing a resolution specifies that:
 - (a) a Member must not vote in favour of the resolution;
 - (b) a Member must not vote on the resolution; or
 - (c) a vote on the resolution by the Member will be disregarded,

and the Member or a person acting as the Member's proxy, attorney or representative does tender a vote, in the case of paragraph (a), in favour of, or in the case of paragraph (b) or (c), on, the resolution, their vote must not be counted.

48.5 Where the Corporations Act or the Listing Rules prohibits a Member from voting in favour of a resolution, this does not prohibit the Member from voting against the resolution.

49. Unpaid calls

A Member is entitled to:

- (a) vote; or
- (b) be counted in a quorum,

only in respect of Shares on which all calls due and payable have been paid.

50. Joint holders

- 50.1 If two or more joint holders purport to vote, the vote of the joint holder whose name appears first in the Register will be accepted, to the exclusion of the other joint holder or holders.
- 50.2 For the purposes of this clause 50, several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose sole name any Shares are registered will be taken to be joint holders of those Shares.

51. Objections

- 51.1 An objection to the qualification of a voter may only be raised at the general meeting or adjourned general meeting at which the voter tendered their vote.
- 51.2 An objection must be referred to the chairperson of the general meeting for decision, whose decision is final.
- 51.3 A vote which the chairperson does not disallow under an objection is valid for all purposes.

52. Votes by proxy

- 52.1 A Member who is entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company may appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote at the general meeting on that Member's behalf.
- 52.2 A proxy need not be a Member.
- 52.3 If a Member appoints one proxy, that proxy may, subject to the Corporations Act, vote on a show of hands.
- 52.4 If a Member appoints two proxies and the appointment does not specify the proportion or number of the Member's votes each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half the votes. However, neither proxy may vote on a show of hands.
- 52.5 A proxy may demand or join in demanding a poll.
- 52.6 Subject to the Corporations Act, a proxy may vote or abstain as he or she that proxy chooses.
- 52.7 If:
 - (a) a Member nominates the chairperson of the meeting as the Member's proxy; or
 - (b) the chairperson is to act as proxy under clause 55 or otherwise under a default appointment according to the terms of the proxy form,

then the person acting as chairperson in respect of an item of business at the meeting must act as proxy under the appointment in respect of that item of business.

52.8 A proxy's authority to speak and attend for a Member at a meeting is suspended while the Member is present in person or by representative at the meeting unless the Member otherwise decides and informs the Company in writing prior to the start of the meeting, in which event the

Member's authority to speak or vote at the meeting is suspended while the proxy is present at the meeting.

53. Direct Votes

- 53.1 The Directors may determine that at any meeting of Members or class meeting, a Member who is entitled to attend and vote on a resolution at that meeting is entitled to a Direct Vote in respect of that resolution.
- 53.2 The Directors may prescribe regulations, rules and procedures in relation to Direct Voting, including specifying the form, method and timing of giving a Direct Vote at a meeting in order for the vote to be valid.

54. Document appointing proxy

- 54.1 An appointment of a proxy is valid if it is signed by the Member making the appointment and contains the information required by subsection 250A(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 54.2 For the purposes of clause 54.1, an appointment received at an electronic address will be taken to be signed by the Member if:
 - (a) a personal identification code allocated by the Company to the Member has been input into the appointment; or
 - (b) the appointment has been verified in another manner approved by the Directors; or

(b)(c) the appointment is otherwise authenticated in accordance with the Corporations Act.

- 54.3 The Company may send a proxy appointment form to Members by means of an electronic communication in accordance with the Corporations Act or in a form which has been approved by the Directors or by the chairperson and the Managing Director.
- 54.4 A proxy's appointment is valid at an adjourned <u>or postponed general meeting</u>.
- 54.5 A proxy or attorney may be appointed for all meetings or for any number of general meetings or for a particular purpose.
- 54.6 Unless otherwise provided for in the proxy's appointment or in any instrument appointing an attorney, the appointment of the proxy or the attorney will be taken to confer authority:
 - (a) to vote on:
 - (i) any amendment moved to the proposed resolutions and on any motion that the proposed resolutions not be put or any similar motion; and
 - (ii) any procedural motion, including any motion to elect the chairperson, to vacate the chair or to adjourn the general meeting,

even though the appointment may specify the way the proxy or attorney is to vote on a particular resolution; and

- (b) to vote on any motion before the general meeting whether or not the motion is referred to in the appointment,
- (c) except where any such vote, if cast, would constitute an offence under the Corporations Act.

55. Proxy in blank

If a proxy appointment is signed by the Member but does not name the proxy or proxies in whose favour it is given, the chairperson may either act as proxy or complete the proxy appointment by inserting the name or names of one or more Directors or a Secretary.

56. Lodgement of proxy

- 56.1 Subject to clause 56.3, the appointment of a proxy or attorney must be received by the Company, at least 48 hours (unless reduced in the notice of meeting to which the appointment relates) before the general meeting (or the resumption of an adjourned general meeting) at which the appointee is to attend and vote.
- 56.2 If the appointment purports to be executed under a power of attorney or other authority, the original document or a certified copy of it must be received by the Company at least 48 hours (unless reduced in the notice of meeting to which the appointment relates) before the general meeting (or the resumption of an adjourned general meeting).
- <u>56.3</u> The Company receives an appointment of a proxy or attorney or other authority under which it was signed:
 - (a) if they are given by means of an electronic communication in accordance with the <u>Corporations Act, when they are received by the Company including when they become</u> <u>capable of being retrieved by the Company at an electronic address nominated by the</u> <u>Company; and</u>

56.3(b) otherwise, when they are received at:

(a)(i) the Company's registered office; or

- b) a facsimile number at the Company's registered office; or
 - (c)(ii) a place, facsimile number or electronic address specified for that purpose in the notice of general meeting.

57. Validity

- 57.1 A vote cast in accordance with an appointment of proxy or power of attorney is valid even if before the vote was cast the appointor:
 - (a) died;
 - (b) became mentally incapacitated;
 - (c) revoked the proxy or power; or
 - (d) transferred the Shares in respect of which the vote was cast,

unless the Company received written notification of the death, mental incapacity, revocation or transfer before the relevant general meeting or adjourned general meeting.

57.2 Notwithstanding any other clause of this Constitution, a vote cast or purported to be cast by a person in circumstances which would constitute an offence under the Corporations Act is invalid and will not be counted by the Company on any vote, whether by proxy, in person, on a poll or by any other means .

58. Representatives of bodies corporate

58.1 Any Member or proxy that is a body corporate may appoint an individual as its representative as provided by the Corporations Act.

- 58.2 The appointment of a Representative may set out restrictions on the Representative's powers.
- 58.3 The original form of appointment of a Representative, a certified copy of the appointment, or a certificate of the body corporate evidencing the appointment of a Representative is prima facie evidence of a Representative having been appointed.
- 58.4 The chairperson of a general meeting may permit a person claiming to be a Representative to exercise the body's powers even if <u>he or she hasthey have</u> not produced a certificate or other satisfactory evidence of <u>his or hertheir</u> appointment.

Appointment and removal of Directors

59. Number of Directors

- 59.1 Subject to the Corporations Act, the Company may by resolution passed at a general meeting increase the minimum number of Directors or increase or reduce the maximum number of Directors.
- 59.2 Until the Company resolves otherwise in accordance with clause 59.1 there will be:
 - (a) a minimum of three Directors; and
 - (b) a maximum of 10 Directors.
- 59.3 Subject to any resolution of the Members determining the maximum and minimum numbers of Directors, the Directors may from time to time determine the respective numbers of Executive and Non-Executive Directors.

60. Qualification

- 60.1 Neither a Director nor an Alternate Director has to hold any Shares.
- 60.2 In addition to the circumstances which disqualify a person from managing a corporation according to the Corporations Act, no person who has been an insolvent under administration within the previous five years is eligible to become a Director.
- 60.3 A Director (and an Alternate Director when acting as a Director) is entitled to notice of all general meetings and meetings of the holders of any class of Shares.

61. Power to remove and appoint

- 61.1 Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Company may appoint a person as a Director by resolution passed in general meeting.
- 61.2 A Director appointed or elected at a general meeting is taken to have been appointed or elected with effect from immediately after the end of that general meeting unless the resolution by which the Director was appointed or elected specifies a different time.
- 61.3 If the conduct or position of any Director is such that continuance in office appears to the majority of the Directors to be prejudicial to the interests of the Company, a majority of Directors at a meeting of the Directors specifically called for that purpose may suspend that Director.
- 61.4 A suspended Director may not take any part in the business or affairs of the Company until the suspension has been terminated.

- 61.5 Within 14 days of the suspension of a Director, the Directors must call a general meeting, at which the Members may consider a resolution to remove the Director from office.
- 61.6 If a resolution to remove a suspended Director from office is not carried at the general meeting called to consider the matter, the suspension of the Director is terminated and the Director is reinstated in his or her office.

62. Additional and casual Directors

- 62.1 Subject to clause 59, only the Directors may appoint any person as a Director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors.
- 62.2 Unless the Director is the Managing Director and the ASX Listing Rules do not require that Director to be subject to retirement as set out in this clause, a Director appointed under clause 62.1 will hold office until the end of the next annual general meeting of the Company, at which the Director may be re-elected.

63. Retirement of Directors

- 63.1 No Director, who is not the Managing Director, may hold office for a continuous period in excess of three years or until the third annual general meeting following the Director's appointment or election, whichever is the longer, without submitting for re-election. If no such director would be required to submit for re-election but the ASX Listing Rules require an election of Directors to be held, the Director to retire will be the Director who has been longest in office since their last election, but, as between persons who became Directors on the same day, the one to retire will (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.
- 63.2 A retiring Director remains in office until the end of the meeting at which the Director retires or vacates office, and will be eligible for re-election at the meeting.

64. Eligibility for election as Director

- 64.1 A person is eligible for election to the office of a Director at a general meeting only if:
 - (a) the person is in office as a Director immediately before the meeting;
 - (b) the person has been nominated by the Directors for election at that meeting;
 - (c) where the person is a Member, the person has, at least 35 Business Days but no more than 90 Business Days before the meeting, given the Company a notice signed by the person stating the person's desire to be a candidate for election at the meeting; or
 - (d) where the person is not a Member, a Member intending to nominate the person for election at that meeting has, at least 35 Business Days but no more than 90 Business Days before the meeting, given the Company a notice signed by the Members stating the Member's intention to nominate the person for election, and a notice signed by the person stating the person's consent to the nomination.
- 64.2 Clause 64.1(a) applies to elections of Directors at a general meeting that is a *spill meeting* as defined in section 250V(1) of the Corporations Act, to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act.

65. Vacation of office

The office of a Director immediately becomes vacant if the Director:

(a) ceases to be a Director by virtue of the Corporations Act;

- (b) is prohibited by the Corporations Act from holding office or continuing as a Director;
- (c) is liable to pay a call but does not pay the call within 21 days after the date on which it is payable;
- (d) is prohibited from holding or is removed from the office of Director by an order made under the Corporations Act;
- (e) becomes bankrupt or makes any general arrangement or composition with his or her creditors;
- (f) cannot fully participate in the management of the Company because of his or her mental incapacity or is a person whose estate is liable to have a person appointed, under the law relating to the administration of estates of persons who through mental or physical infirmity are incapable of managing their affairs, to administer it, or becomes in the opinion of the Directors incapable of performing his or her duties;
- (g) resigns from his or her office of Director by notice in writing to the Company; or
- (h) is absent from Directors' meetings for six consecutive months without leave of absence from the Directors.

Remuneration of Directors

66. Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors

- 66.1 Subject to the ASX Listing Rules, the Directors as a whole (other than Executive Directors) may be paid or provided remuneration for their services the total amount or value of which must not exceed an aggregate maximum of \$1,200,000 per annum or such higher maximum amount determined from time to time by the Company in general meeting.
- 66.2 When calculating a Director's remuneration for the purposes of the aggregate maximum under clause 66.1, any amount paid by the Company or a related body corporate:
 - to a superannuation, retirement or pension fund for a Director so that the Company is not liable to pay the superannuation guarantee charge or similar statutory charge is to be included; and
 - (b) for any insurance premium paid or agreed to be paid for a Director under clause 66.7 is to be excluded.
- 66.3 Subject to the ASX Listing Rules, the aggregate maximum sum will be divided among the Non-Executive Directors in such proportion and manner as the Directors agree and, in default of agreement, equally and shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.
- 66.4 Non-Executive Directors may not be paid a commission on or a percentage of profits or operating revenue.
- 66.5 If a Non-Executive Director is required to perform services for the Company which in the opinion of the Directors, are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, the Company may pay or provide the Director remuneration determined by the Directors which may be either in addition to or instead of the Director's remuneration under clause 66.1. Any remuneration paid or provided under this clause 66.5 does not form part of the aggregate maximum sum of Directors' remuneration permitted under clause 66.1.
- 66.6 Non-Executive Directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or any committee of the Directors or general meetings of the Company or otherwise in connection with the Company's business.

- 66.7 The Company may also pay a premium for a contract insuring a person who is or has been a Non-Executive Director against liability incurred by the person as a Director, except in circumstances prohibited by the Corporations Act.
- 66.8 Shares, options, rights and other share-based payments may be provided to Non-Executive Directors as part of their remuneration under clauses 66.3 and 66.4 according to the rules of any share plan for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors that may be introduced by the Company, subject to the ASX Listing Rules and requirements of the Corporations Act. The value of any such Shares, options, rights and other share-based payments will not be included in the aggregate maximum under clause 66.1.

67. Remuneration of Executive Directors

- 67.1 The remuneration of an Executive Director may from time to time be fixed by the Directors. The remuneration may be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by all or any of these modes but may not be by commission on, or a percentage of, operating revenue.
- 67.2 The Company may reimburse an Executive Director for his or her expenses properly incurred as a Director or in the course of his or her office.
- 67.3 Except in circumstances prohibited by the Corporations Act, the Company may pay a premium for a contract insuring a person who is or has been an Executive Director against liability incurred by the person as a Director.

68. Retirement benefits

- 68.1 Subject to the Corporations Act, the Company may give a person a benefit in connection with a Director's retirement from a managerial or executive office in the Company or a related body corporate of the Company.
- 68.2 Subject to the Corporations Act, the Company may enter into an agreement or contract with a person for the giving to the person or any other person of a benefit in connection with a Director's retirement from a managerial or executive office in the Company or a related body corporate of the Company.

Powers and duties of Directors

69. Directors to manage Company

- 69.1 The business of the Company is managed by or under the direction of the Directors who may exercise all powers of the Company that this Constitution, the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules do not require to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
- 69.2 Without limiting the generality of clause 69.1, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to:
 - (a) borrow money;
 - (b) charge any property or business of the Company or all or any of its uncalled capital;
 - (c) issue debentures or give any other security for a debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any other person; and
 - (d) guarantee or to become liable for the payment of money or the performance of any obligation by or of any other person.

Proceedings of Directors

70. Directors' meetings

- 70.1 Any Director may call a meeting of the Directors.
- 70.2 A Directors' meeting must be called by giving not less than 48 hours' notice of such meeting to each Director, unless the Directors unanimously agree otherwise. The notice may be in writing or given using any technology (including telephone, virtual meeting technology and other electronic means) consented to by all the Directors. The consent may be a standing one.
- 70.3 An accidental omission to send a notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director or the nonreceipt of such a notice by any Director does not invalidate the proceedings, or any resolution passed, at the meeting.
- 70.4 Subject to the Corporations Act, a Directors' meeting may be held by the Directors communicating with each other by any technological means (including telephone, virtual meeting technology and other electronic means) consented to by all the Directors. The consent may be a standing one.
- 70.5 The Directors need not all be physically present in the same place for a Directors' meeting to be held.
- <u>70.6</u> A Director who participates in a meeting held in accordance with clause 70.4 is taken to be present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 70.670.7 If, before or during a Directors' meeting, any technical difficulty occurs where one or more Directors cease to participate, the chair of the meeting may adjourn the meeting until the difficulty is remedied or may, where a quorum of Directors remains present, continue with the meeting.
- 70.770.8 A Director can only withdraw his or her consent under clause 70.4 to the means of communication between Directors proposed for a Directors' meeting if the Director does so at least 48 hours before the meeting.
- 70.870.9 Clause 70.4 applies to meetings of Directors' committees as if all committee members were Directors.
- 70.970.10 The Directors may meet together, adjourn and regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- 70.1070.11 A quorum for meetings of Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed, is three Directors present. The quorum must be present at all times during the meeting.
- 70.1170.12 Where a quorum cannot be established for the consideration of a particular matter at a meeting of Directors, one or more of the Directors may call a general meeting of Members to deal with the matter.

71. Decisions

- 71.1 Questions arising at a meeting of Directors are to be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present and voting and, subject to the Corporations Act, each Director has one vote.
- 71.2 Subject to the ASX Listing Rules, in the case of an equality of votes, the chairperson of a meeting does not have a casting vote in addition to his or her deliberative vote.
- 71.3 An Alternate Director has one vote for each Director for whom he or she is they are an alternate. If an Alternate Director is a Director, he or she they also hashave a vote as a Director.

72. Directors' interests

- 72.1 Where required by the Corporations Act, a Director must give the Directors notice of any material personal interest in a matter that relates to the affairs of the Company.
- 72.2 Subject to the provisions of this clause 72, a Director or a body or entity in which a Director has a direct or indirect interest may:
 - (a) enter into any agreement or arrangement with the Company;
 - (b) hold any office or place of profit other than as auditor in the Company; and
 - (c) act in a professional capacity other than as auditor for the Company,

and the Director or the body or entity can receive and keep beneficially any remuneration, profits or benefits under any agreement or arrangement with the Company or from holding an office or place of profit in or acting in a professional capacity with the Company.

- 72.3 The fact that a Director holds office as a director, and has fiduciary obligations arising out of that office:
 - (a) will not void or render voidable a contract made by a Director with the Company;
 - (b) will not void or render voidable a contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company and in which the Director may have any interest; and
 - (c) will not require the Director to account to the Company for any profit realised by or under any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company and in which the Director may have any interest.
- 72.4 A Director may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise be interested in:
 - (a) any related body corporate of the company; or
 - (b) any other body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise,

and is not accountable to the Company for any remuneration or other benefits received by the Director as a director or officer of, or from having an interest in, that body corporate.

- 72.5 A Director who has a material personal interest in a matter that is being considered at a Directors' meeting must not:
 - (a) be present while the matter is being considered at the meeting; or
 - (b) vote on the matter,

unless permitted to do so by the Corporations Act, in which case the Director may:

- (c) be counted in determining whether or not a quorum is present at any meeting of Directors considering that contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement;
- (d) sign or countersign any document relating to that contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement; and
- (e) vote in respect of, or in respect of any matter arising out of, the contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement.
- 72.6 A Director must give to the Company such information about the Shares or other securities in the Company in which the Director has a relevant interest and at the times that the Secretary requires, to enable the Company to comply with any disclosure obligations it has under the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules.

73. Alternate Directors

73.1 A Director may, with the approval of the Directors, appoint one or more persons as his or her alternate.

- 73.2 An Alternate Director is entitled to notice of Directors' meetings while he or she is they are acting in that capacity and, if the appointor is not present at a meeting, is entitled to attend, be counted in a quorum and vote as a Director.
- 73.3 An Alternate Director is an officer of the Company and is not an agent of the appointor.
- 73.4 The provisions of this Constitution which apply to Directors also apply to Alternate Directors, except that Alternate Directors are not entitled in that capacity to any remuneration from the Company.
- 73.5 The appointment of an Alternate Director may be revoked at any time by the appointor or by the other Directors.
- 73.6 An Alternate Director's appointment ends automatically when his or her appointor ceases to be a Director.
- 73.7 Any appointment or revocation under this clause must be effected by written notice delivered to the Secretary.
- 73.8 An Alternate Director does not have an interest in a contract or arrangement or a material personal interest in a matter by reason only of the fact that his or her appointor has such an interest.

74. Remaining Directors

- 74.1 The Directors may act even if there are vacancies on the board.
- 74.2 If the number of Directors is not sufficient to constitute a quorum at a Directors' meeting, the Director or Directors may act only to:
 - (a) appoint a Director or Directors; or
 - (b) call a general meeting.

75. Chairperson of Directors' meetings

- 75.1 The Directors may elect a Director as chairperson of Directors' meetings and may determine the period for which the chairperson will hold office.
- 75.2 If no chairperson is elected or if the chairperson is not present at any Directors' meeting within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting to begin, the Directors present must elect a Director to be chairperson of the meeting.
- 75.3 The Directors may elect a Director as deputy chairperson to act as chairperson in the chairperson's absence.

76. Delegation

- 76.1 The Directors may delegate any of their powers, other than those which by law must be dealt with by the Directors as a board, to:
 - (a) a committee or committees;
 - (b) a Director or Directors;
 - (c) an employee or employees of the Company; or
 - (d) any other person.

- 76.2 The Directors may at any time revoke any delegation of power under clause 76.1.
- 76.3 A committee may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers for the time being vested in it.
- 76.4 Meetings of any committee of Directors will be governed by the provisions of this Constitution which deal with Directors' meetings so far as they are applicable and are not inconsistent with any directions of the Directors. The provisions apply as if each member was a Director.

77. Written resolutions

- 77.1 lf:
 - (a) all the Directors who are eligible to vote on a resolution (other than any Director on leave of absence approved by the Directors, any Director who disqualifies himself or herself from considering the resolution in question and any Director who would be prohibited by the Act from voting on the resolution in question) sign or consent to a resolution set out or identified in a document; and
 - (b) the Directors who sign or consent to the resolution would have constituted a quorum at a meeting of Directors held to consider that resolution,

then a resolution in those terms is taken to have been passed by the Directors without a meeting. The resolution is passed when the last Director signs or provides their consent.

- 77.2 For the purposes of clause 77.1, separate copies of a document may be used for signing or the provision of consent by the Directors if the wording of the resolution is identical in each copy.
- 77.3 Any document referred to in this clause may be a document in the form of a facsimile transmission, electronic notification, or produced by other electronic or mechanical means.
- 77.4 A Director may consent to a resolution by:
 - (a) signing the document containing the resolution (or a copy of the document):
 - (b) sending the consent in any document produced under the name of the Director with the Director's authority;
 - (c) delivering to the Company's registered office a written document addressed to the company secretary or the chairperson of Directors, signifying assent to the resolution and either setting out its terms or otherwise clearly identifying the resolution;
 - (d) telephoning the secretary or the chairperson of Directors and signifying assent to the resolution and clearly identifying its terms; or
 - (e) any other means approved from time to time by the Directors.
- 77.5 If a resolution is taken to have been passed in accordance with this clause 77, the minutes must record that fact.
- 77.6 This clause 77 applies to meetings of Directors' committees as if all members of the committee were Directors.
- 77.7 Any document referred to in this clause 77 must be sent to every Director who is entitled to vote on the resolution.

78. Validity of acts of Directors

78.1 An act done by a Director is effective even if their appointment, or the continuance of their appointment, is invalid because the Company or Director did not comply with this Constitution or any provision of the Corporations Act.

- 78.2 Clause 78.1 does not deal with the question whether an effective act by a director:
 - (a) binds the company in its dealings with other people; or
 - (b) makes the company liable to another person.

79. Minutes

- 79.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be made of:
 - the names of the Directors present at all Directors' meetings and meetings of Directors' committees;
 - (b) all proceedings and resolutions of general meetings, Directors' meetings and meetings of Directors' committees;
 - (c) all resolutions passed in accordance with clause 77;
 - (d) appointments of officers, but only if the Directors resolve that a minute of the appointment should be made; and
 - (e) all disclosures of interests made in accordance with the Corporations Act.
- 79.2 Minutes must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of a future meeting, and if so signed will be conclusive evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

Executive Directors

80. Appointment

- 80.1 The Directors may appoint one Director to the office of Managing Director on such terms as they think fit.
- 80.2 The Directors may appoint one or more Directors to any other full-time or part-time executive position in the Company on such terms as they think fit.
- 80.3 A Director appointed under clause 80.1 or 80.2, and a Director (however appointed) occupying for the time being a full-time or <u>part-time</u> executive position in the Company or a related body corporate of the Company, is referred to in this Constitution as an Executive Director.
- 80.4 The Directors may, subject to the terms of the Executive Director's employment contract, suspend, remove or dismiss him or her from executive office and appoint another Director in that place.
- 80.5 If an Executive Director ceases to hold an executive office in the Company, then, if the Directors so resolve, <u>he or shethe Executive Director</u> also ceases to be a Director from the same date.
- 80.6 If an Executive Director is suspended from executive office of the Company or of a related body corporate of the Company, his or her duties and obligations as Director are suspended for the same period.
- 80.7 A Managing Director is not subject to retirement under clause 63 and is not to be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors. Any other Executive Directors are subject to retirement under clause 63.

81. Powers of Executive Directors

81.1 The Directors may confer on an Executive Director any powers exercisable by the Directors, subject to any terms and restrictions determined by the Directors.

- 81.2 The Directors may authorise an Executive Director to sub-delegate all or any of the powers vested in him or her.
- 81.3 Any power conferred under this clause may be concurrent with but not to the exclusion of the Directors' powers.
- 81.4 The Directors may at any time withdraw or vary any of the powers conferred on an Executive Director.

Local management

82. General

- 82.1 The Directors may provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any place and in such manner as they think fit.
- 82.2 Without limiting clause 82.1, the Directors may:
 - establish local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company in a specified place and appoint any persons to be members of those local boards or agencies; and
 - (b) delegate to any person appointed under clause 82.2(a) any of the powers, authorities and discretions which may be exercised by the Directors under this Constitution,

on any terms and subject to any conditions determined by the Directors.

82.3 The Directors may at any time revoke or vary any delegation under this clause 82.

83. Appointment of attorneys and agents

- 83.1 The Directors may from time to time by resolution or power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the Company:
 - (a) for the purposes;
 - (b) with the powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those exercisable by the Directors under this Constitution);
 - (c) for the period; and
 - (d) subject to the conditions,

determined by the Directors.

- 83.2 An appointment by the Directors of an attorney or agent of the Company may be made in favour of:
 - (a) any member of any local board established under this Constitution;
 - (b) any company;
 - (c) the members, directors, nominees or managers of any company or firm; or
 - (d) any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors.
- 83.3 A power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with an attorney as the Directors think fit.
- 83.4 An attorney or agent appointed under this clause 83 may be authorised by the Directors to subdelegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions for the time being vested in it.

Secretary

84. Secretary

- 84.1 There must be at least one Secretary of the Company appointed by the Directors on conditions determined by them.
- 84.2 The Secretary is entitled to attend all Directors' and general meetings.
- 84.3 The Directors may, subject to the terms of the Secretary's employment contract, suspend, remove or dismiss the Secretary.

Seals

85. Common Seal

- 85.1 If the Company has a Seal:
 - (a) the Directors must provide for the safe custody of the Seal;
 - (b) it must not be used except with the authority of the Directors or a Directors' committee authorised to permit use of the Seal;
 - (c) every document to which the Seal is affixed must be signed by a Director and be countersigned by another Director, the Secretary or another person appointed by the Directors to countersign the document; and
 - (d) the Directors may determine by resolution either generally or in any particular case that the signature of any Director or the Secretary to a document to which the Seal or a duplicate seal or certificate seal is affixed may be a facsimile applied to the document by specified mechanical means.
- 85.2 Without limiting the generality of section <u>126</u>, 127 or <u>Part 2B.1 or</u> Part 2B.2 of the Corporations Act, the Company may execute a document if the Seal is fixed to the document and the fixing of the Seal is witnessed <u>(including as provided in section 127(2A) of the Corporations Act)</u> by any of the persons referred to in section 127(2)(a) or (b) of the Corporations Act.

86. Duplicate Seal

If the Company has a Seal, the Company may have one or more duplicate seals of the Seal each of which:

- (a) must be a facsimile of the Seal with the addition on its face of the words **Duplicate Seal**; and
- (b) must only be used with the authority of the Directors or a Directors' committee.

Inspection of records

87. Times for inspection

87.1 Except as otherwise required by the Corporations Act, the Directors may determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places and under what conditions, the financial records and other documents of the Company or any of them will be open for inspection by Members other than Directors.

87.2 A Member other than a Director does not have the right to inspect any financial records or other documents of the Company unless the Member is authorised to do so by a court order or a resolution of the Directors.

Dividends and reserves

88. Dividends

The Directors may by resolution either:

- (a) declare a dividend and may fix the amount, the time for and method of payment; or
- (b) determine a dividend or interim dividend is payable and fix the amount and the time for and method of payment.

89. Amend resolution to pay dividend

If the Directors determine that a dividend or interim dividend is payable under clause 88(b), they may amend or revoke the resolution to pay the dividend or interim dividend before the record date notified to ASX for determining entitlements to that dividend or interim dividend.

90. No interest

Interest is not payable by the Company on a dividend.

91. Reserves

- 91.1 The Directors may set aside out of any amount available for distribution as a dividend such amounts by way of reserves as they think appropriate before declaring a dividend or determining to pay a dividend.
- 91.2 If the Directors resolve to declare a dividend or determine to pay a dividend, or state in the minutes of a meeting of Directors their intention to do so subject to the occurrence of a future event:
 - (a) by such resolution or minutes the Directors will be taken to have set aside the amount available for distribution as a dividend as a reserve; and
 - (b) such amount will not be appropriated in the accounts of the Company against losses or appropriated or applied for any other purpose, except pursuant to a resolution approved by the Directors.
- 91.3 In any case other than that referred to in clause 91.1 or clause 91.2, any amount available for distribution, including retained earnings or profits, will not be taken to be appropriated or applied against losses or for any other purpose except pursuant to a resolution of the Directors.
- 91.4 The Directors may apply the reserves for any purpose for which an amount available for distribution as a dividend may be properly applied.
- 91.5 Pending any application or appropriation of the reserves, the Directors may invest or use the reserves in the business of the Company or in other investments as they think fit.
- 91.6 The Directors may carry forward any undistributed amount available for distribution as a dividend without transferring them to a reserve.

92. Dividend entitlement

- 92.1 Subject to the rights of persons (if any) entitled to Shares with special rights <u>or subject to special</u> <u>restrictions</u> as to dividends:
 - (a) all fully paid Shares on which any dividend is declared or paid, are entitled to participate in that dividend equally; and
 - (b) each partly paid Share is entitled to a fraction of the dividend declared or paid on a fully paid Share of the same class, equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid (not credited) on the Share bears to the total amounts paid and payable, whether or not called, (excluding amounts credited) on the Share.
- 92.2 An amount paid on a Share in advance of a call is not to be taken as paid for the purposes of clause 92.1.
- 92.3 Unless otherwise determined by the Directors, Shares rank for dividends from their date of allotment.
- 92.4 Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, the Directors may fix a record date for a dividend, with or without suspending the registration of transfers from that date.
- 92.5 Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, a dividend in respect of a Share must be paid to the person who is registered, or entitled to be registered, as the holder of the Share:
 - (a) where the Directors have fixed a record date in respect of the dividend, on that date; or
 - (b) where the Directors have not fixed a record date in respect of that dividend, on the date fixed for payment of the dividend,
 - (c) and a transfer of a Share that is not registered on or before that date is not effective, as against the Company, to pass any right to the dividend.
- 92.6 Subject to the Corporations Act and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, a transfer of Shares registered after the record date notified to ASX for determining entitlements to a dividend paid or payable in respect of the transferred Shares, does not pass the right to that dividend.

93. Restricted securities

During a breach of the ASX Listing Rules relating to Shares which are Restricted Securities, or a breach of a restriction agreement, the holder of the relevant Restricted Securities is not entitled to any dividend in respect of those Restricted Securities.

94.93. Restricted securities

94.1 If any securities of the Company issued on or after 1 December 2019 are classified as restricted securities under the ASX Listing Rules, a holder of Restricted Securities must not dispose of, or agree or offer to dispose of, those Restricted Securities during the escrow period applicable to those Restricted Securities, except as permitted by the ASX Listing Rules or ASX.

- 94.2 (a) if the securities are in the same class as quoted securities, the holder will be taken to have agreed in writing that the restricted securities are to be kept on the entity's issuer-sponsored sub register and are to have a holding lock applied for the duration of the escrow period applicable to those securities;
- 94.3 (b) the Company will refuse to acknowledge any disposal (including,, without limitation, to register any transfer) of restricted securities during the escrow period applicable to those Restricted Securities except as permitted by the Listing Rules or ASX.

94.4 (c) a holder of restricted securities will not be entitled to participate in any return of capital on those securities during the escrow period applicable to those securities except as permitted by the Listing Rules or ASX; and

(d) if a holder of restricted securities breaches a restriction deed or a provision of the Company's Constitution restricting a disposal of those securities, the holder will not be entitled to any dividend or distribution, or to exercise any voting rights, in respect of those securities for so long as the breach continues.

95.94. Deductions from dividends

The Directors may deduct from a dividend payable to a Member all sums presently payable by the Member to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to Shares in the Company.

96.95. Distribution of assets

- <u>96.195.1</u> The Directors may resolve that a dividend will be paid wholly or partly by the transfer or distribution of specific assets, including fully paid shares in, or debentures of, any other corporation.
- 96.295.2 If a difficulty arises in making a transfer or distribution of specific assets, the Directors may:
 - (a) deal with the difficulty as they consider expedient;
 - (b) fix the value of all or any part of the specific assets for the purposes of the distribution;
 - (c) determine that cash will be paid to any Members on the basis of the fixed value in order to adjust the rights of all the Members; and
 - (d) vest any such specific assets in trustees as the Directors consider expedient.
- 96.395.3 If a transfer or distribution of specific assets to a particular Member or Members is illegal or, in the Directors' opinion, impracticable, the Directors may make a cash payment to the Member or Members on the basis of the cash amount of the dividend instead of the transfer or distribution of specific assets.
- 96.495.4 Where the Company pays a dividend (interim or final) by the transfer of shares in another corporation:
 - (a) the Members receiving the dividend will be taken to have agreed to become members of that corporation; and
 - (b) each of those Members appoints the Company or any of the Directors as its agent to execute any transfer of shares or other document required to facilitate or effect the distribution and transfer of the shares to the Member.

97.96. Payment

97.196.1 Any dividend or other money payable in respect of Shares may be paid:

- (a) by cheque sent through the mail directed to:
 - (i) by the address of the Member shown in the Register or to the address of the joint holder of Shares shown first in the Register; or
 - (ii) by an address which the Member has, or joint holders have, in writing notified the Company as the address to which dividends should be sent;
- (b) by electronic funds transfer to an account with a bank or other financial institution nominated by the Member and acceptable to the Company; or

(c) by any other means determined by the Directors,

and is at the risk of the Member who is (or joint holders one of whom is) the intended recipient as soon as it is given, posted or transferred, as applicable.

- <u>97.296.2</u> Any joint holder may give an effectual receipt for any dividend or other money paid in respect of Shares held by holders jointly.
- 97.396.3 If the Directors decide that payments will be made by electronic transfer into an account (of a type approved by the Directors) nominated by a Member, but no such account is nominated by the Member or an electronic transfer into a nominated account is rejected or refunded, the Company may credit the amount payable to an account of the Company to be held until the Member nominates a valid account.
- 97.496.4 Where a Member does not have a registered address or the Company believes that a Member is not known at the Member's registered address, the Company may credit an amount payable in respect of the Member's Shares to an account of the Company to be held until the Member claims the amount payable or nominates an account into which a payment may be made.
- <u>97.596.5</u> An amount credited to an account under clause 96.3 or 96.4 is to be treated as having been paid to the Member at the time it is credited to that account. The Company will not be a trustee of the money and no interest will accrue on the money.
- 97.696.6 If a cheque for an amount payable under clause 96.1 is not presented for payment for 11 calendar months after issue or an amount is held in an account under clause 96.3 or 96.4 for 11 calendar months, the Directors may reinvest the amount, after deducting reasonable expenses, into Shares on behalf of, and in the name of, the Member concerned and may stop payment on the cheque. The Shares may be acquired on market or by way of new issue at a price the Directors accept is market price at the time. Any residual sum which arises from the reinvestment may be carried forward or donated to charity on behalf of the Member, as the Directors decide. The Company's liability to pay the relevant amount is discharged by an application under this clause 96.6. The Directors may do anything necessary or desirable (including executing any document) on behalf of the Member to effect the application of an amount under this clause 96.6 and may delegate their power under this clause 96.6 to any person.

98.97. Election to reinvest dividend

The Directors may:

- (a) establish a plan under which Members or any class of Members may elect to reinvest cash dividends paid or payable by the Company by acquiring by way of issue or transfer (or both) Shares or other securities; and
- (b) vary, suspend or terminate the arrangements established under clause 97(a).

<u>99.98.</u> Election to accept Shares in lieu of dividend

- 99.198.1 The Directors may resolve, in respect of any dividend which it is proposed to pay on any Shares, that holders of those Shares may elect to:
 - (a) forego their right to share in the proposed dividend or part of the proposed dividend; and
 - (b) instead receive an issue of Shares credited as fully paid or a transfer of fully paid Shares (or both).
- <u>99.298.2</u> If the Directors resolve to allow the election provided for in clause 98.1, each holder of Shares conferring a right to share in the proposed dividend may, by notice in writing to the Company given in such form and within such period as the Directors may decide, elect to:

- (a) forego the dividend which otherwise would have been paid to the holder on such of the holder's Shares conferring a right to share in the proposed dividend as the holder specifies in the notice of election; and
- (b) receive instead Shares to be issued or transferred (or both) to the holder credited as fully paid, on and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may determine.

99.398.3 Following the receipt of duly completed notices of election under clause 98.1(b), the Directors must:

- (a) appropriate from any amount available for distribution to Members an amount equal to the aggregate issue price (if any) of the Shares to be issued credited as fully paid or transfer fully paid Shares to those holders of Shares who have given such notices of election; and
- (b) apply the amount (if any) in paying up in full the number of Shares required to be so issued, or paying the purchase price of Shares required to be so transferred.
- 99.498.4 The Directors may rescind, vary or suspend a resolution of the Directors made under clause 98.1 and the arrangements implemented under the resolution.
- <u>99.598.5</u> The powers given to the Directors by this clause 98 are additional to the provisions for capitalisation of amounts available for distribution to Members provided for by this Constitution. If the Directors exercise their power to capitalise amounts available for distribution to Members under clause 99 then any Member who has elected to participate in arrangements established under this clause 98 is deemed, for the purpose of determining the Member's entitlement to share in the capitalised sum, not to have so elected.

100.99. Capitalisation of amounts available for distribution

<u>100.199.1</u> The Directors may resolve:

- (a) to capitalise any sum available for distribution to Members; and
- (b) that:
 - (i) no Shares be issued and no amounts unpaid on Shares be paid up on capitalisation of the sum; or
 - (ii) the sum be applied in any of the ways mentioned in clause 99.2 for the benefit of Members in the proportions in which the members would have been entitled if the sum had been distributed by way of Dividend.

100.299.2 The ways in which a sum may be applied for the benefit of Members under clause 99.1(b)(ii) are:

- (a) in paying up any amounts unpaid on Shares held or to be held by Members;
- (b) in paying up in full unissued Shares or debentures to be issued to Members as fully paid; or
- (c) partly as mentioned in clause 99.2(a) and partly as mentioned in clause 99.2(b).

100.399.3 To the extent necessary to adjust the rights of the Members among themselves, the Directors may:

- (a) make cash payments in cases where Shares or debentures become issuable in fractions; and
- (b) authorise any person to make, on behalf of all the Members entitled to a benefit on the capitalisation, an agreement with the Company providing for:
 - (i) the issue to them, credited as fully paid up, of any such further Shares or debentures; or

(ii) the payment by the Company on their behalf of the amount or any part of the amount remaining unpaid on their existing Shares by the application of their respective proportions of the sum resolved to be capitalised,

and any agreement made under the authority of clause 99.3(b) is effective and binding on all the Members concerned.

Notices

101.100. Service of notices

- 100.1 A **Notice** includes a notice, demand, consent, approval or communication under this Constitution and a reference in this Constitution to a written notice includes a notice given by electronic means.
- 101.1100.2Subject to (and without limiting any other way in which a notice may be given, or is
required to be given, under) this Constitution, the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules, a
Notice may be given by the Company to any person who is entitled to notice under this
Constitution by:
 - (a) sending the Notice in physical form by post, by hand or by courier to the Member's address in the Register (or any other address the Member supplies to the Company for giving Notices); or
 - (a) serving it on the person; or
 - (b) sending the Member sufficient information in physical form by post, by hand or by courier to the Member's address in the Register (or any other address the Member supplies to the Company for giving Notices) as to allow the Member to access the Notice electronicallysending it by post, courier, facsimile transmission or electronic notification to the person at the person's address shown in the Register or the address supplied by the person to the Company for sending notices to the person; or
 - (c) sending the Notice in electronic form by means of an electronic communication to the electronic address the Member has supplied to the Company for giving Notices(except in the case of a notice of meeting of Members which is required to be given individually to each Member entitled to vote at the meeting and to each Director), advertising in one or more newspapers published daily (except on weekends) throughout Australia as determined by the Directors; or
 - (d) sending the Member sufficient information in electronic form, by means of an electronic communication to the electronic address the Member has supplied to the Company for giving Notices, as to allow the Member to access the Notice electronically; or
 - (c)(e) if the Notice is a report mentioned in section 314 of the Corporations Act (annual financial reporting) or is in a class of documents specified in the Corporations Regulations for the purposes of section 110D(3)(b) of the Corporations Act, by making the Notice readily available in electronic form on a website.
- <u>101.2100.3</u> A <u>N</u>notice <u>sent by post or couriergiven in accordance with clause</u> 100.2 is taken to be served:
 - (a) <u>if the Notice is given in accordance with clause 100.2(a) or 100.2(b) and is sent by hand,</u> <u>on deliveryby properly addressing, prepaying and posting or directing the delivery of the</u> notice; and
 - (b) if the Notice is given in accordance with clause 100.2(a) or 100.2(b) and is sent by post or by courier, on the day after the day on which it was posted or given to the courier for delivery:
 - (c) if the Notice is given in accordance with clause 100.2(c) or 100.2(d), on the day on which the electronic communication is transmitted, except if transmitted after 5.00pm (in the

place from which the electronic communication is transmitted) in which case, it is taken to be served on the next day; and

- (b)(d) if the Notice is one that is referred to in clause 100.2(e) and is given in accordance with clause 100.2(e), on the day on which the Notice first appears on the relevant website, except if the Notice first appears on the relevant website after 5.00pm (in the place from which the Notice is uploaded to the relevant website) in which case, it is taken to be served on the next day.
- 101.3 A notice sent by facsimile transmission or electronic notification is taken to be served:
 - (a) by properly addressing the facsimile transmission or electronic notification and transmitting it; and

(b) on the day of its transmission except if transmitted after 5.00pm in which case is taken to be served on the next day.

- 101.4 A notice given by advertisement is taken to be served on the date on which the advertisement first appears in a newspaper.
- 101.5100.4 A notice may be served by the Company on joint holders under clause 100.2(a) or 100.2(b) by giving the notice to the joint holder whose name appears first in the Register.
- <u>101.6100.5</u> Every person who is entitled to a Share by operation of law and who is not registered as the holder of the Share is taken to receive any notice served in accordance with this clause by advertisement or on that person from whom the first person derives title.
- 101.7 A Share certificate, cheque, warrant or other document may be delivered by the Company either personally or by sending it:
 - (a) in the case of a Member whose address recorded in the Register is not in Australia, by airmail post, facsimile transmission, electronic notification or in another way that ensures that it will be received quickly, as appropriate; and
 - (b) in any other case by ordinary post,

and is at the risk of the addressee as soon as it is given or posted.

A Member whose address recorded in the Register is not in Australia may specify in writing an address in Australia for the purposes of clause 100.

- 101.8100.6 A certificate in writing signed by a Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company, or by any person that the Company has engaged to maintain the Register, that a Notice was given to a Member in accordance with clause 100.2 on a particular day document or its envelope or wrapper was addressed and stamped and was posted or given to a courier is conclusive evidence of posting or delivery by courierthat fact.
- <u>101.9100.7</u> The signature to a written notice given by the Company may be written, printed or affixed <u>(including by electronic means)</u> in any other manner permitted by the Corporations Act.
- 101.10 All notices sent by post outside Australia must be sent by prepaid airmail post.
- 101.11100.8 A Nnotice sent by post, courier, facsimile transmission or electronic notification to a Member's address shown in the Register or the address supplied by the Member to the Company for the purpose of sending notices to the Memberthat is given in accordance with clause 100.2 is deemed to have been served notwithstanding that the Member has died, whether or not the Company has notice of his or her death.
- <u>101.12100.9</u> The provisions of this clause relating to notices apply, to the extent that they can and with any necessary changes, to sending any <u>communication or</u> document <u>that is not a Notice</u>.

102.101. Persons entitled to notice

<u>102.1101.1</u> Notice of every general meeting must be given to:

- (a) every Member;
- (b) every Director and Alternate Director;
- (c) ASX; and
- (d) the Auditor.

<u>102.2101.2</u> No other person is entitled to receive notice of a general meeting.

Audit and financial records

<u>103.102.</u> Company to keep financial records

- 103.1102.1 The Directors must cause the Company to keep written financial records and to prepare financial documents and reports in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules.
- 103.2102.2 The Directors must cause the financial records and financial documents of the Company to be audited in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules.

Winding up

104.103. Winding up

- <u>104.1103.1</u> Nothing in this clause prejudices the rights of the holders of Shares issued on special terms and conditions.
- <u>104.2103.2</u> If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company:
 - (a) divide among the Members in kind all or any of the Company's assets; and
 - (b) for that purpose, determine how <u>he or shethe liquidator</u> will carry out the division between the different classes of Members,

but may not require a Member to accept any Shares or other securities in respect of which there is any liability.

<u>104.3103.3</u> The liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, vest all or any of the Company's assets in a trustee on trusts determined by the liquidator for the benefit of the contributories.

Indemnity

<u>105.104.</u> Indemnity

105.1104.1 To the extent permitted by law and subject to the restrictions in section 199A of the Corporations Act and any other applicable law, the Company indemnifies every person who is or has been an officer of the Company against any liability (other than for legal costs) incurred by that person as an officer of the Company (including liabilities incurred by the officer as a director

or secretary of a subsidiary of the Company where the Company requested the officer to accept that appointment).

- 105.2104.2 To the extent permitted by law and subject to the restrictions in section 199A of the Corporations Act and any other applicable law, the Company indemnifies every person who is or has been an officer of the Company against reasonable legal costs incurred in defending an action for a liability incurred or allegedly incurred by that person as an officer of the Company (including such legal costs incurred by the officer as an officer of a subsidiary of the Company where the Company requested the officer to accept that appointment).
- 105.3104.3 The amount of any indemnity payable under clause 104.1 or 104.2 will include an additional amount (**GST Amount**) equal to any GST payable by the officer being indemnified (**Indemnified Officer**) in connection with the indemnity (less the amount of any input tax credit claimable by the Indemnified Officer in connection with the indemnity). Payment of any indemnity which includes a GST Amount is conditional upon the Indemnified Officer providing the Company with a GST tax invoice for the GST Amount.
- 105.4104.4 The Directors may agree to advance to an officer an amount which it might otherwise be liable to pay to the officer under clause 104.1 on such terms as the Directors' think fit but which are consistent with this clause, pending the outcome of any findings of a relevant court or tribunal which would have a bearing on whether the Company is in fact liable to indemnify the officer under clause 104.1. If after the Company makes the advance, the Directors form the view that the Company is not liable to indemnify the officer, the Company may recover any advance from the officer as a debt due by the officer to the Company.
- <u>105.5104.5</u> The Company may enter into a deed with any officer (including without limitation any officer or other person who is director or secretary of a subsidiary of the Company where the Company requested the officer or other person to accept that appointment) to give effect to the rights conferred by this clause 104 or the exercise of a discretion under this clause 104 on such terms as the Directors think fit which are not inconsistent with this clause 104.

<u>105.6104.6</u> For the purposes of this clause 104, **officer** means:

- (a) a Director;
- (b) a Secretary;
- (c) an officer as defined under the Corporations Act; or
- (d) full-time employees of the Company as determined by the Directors.

<u>106.105.</u> Shareholder disclosure

If a Member has entered into any arrangement restricting the transfer or other disposal of Shares and those arrangements are of the nature of arrangements which the Company is required to disclose under the ASX Listing Rules, then the Member must provide to the Company such information that the Company requires and within the time that the Company requires, to comply with the Company's disclosure obligations.

Listing Rules

107.106. ASX Listing Rules

<u>107.1106.1</u> If, and for such time only as, the Company is Listed, the following rules apply.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, if the ASX Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done.
 - (b) Nothing contained in this Constitution prevents an act being done that the ASX Listing Rules require to be done.

- (c) If the ASX Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be).
- (d) If the ASX Listing Rules require this Constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this Constitution is deemed to contain that provision.
- (e) If the ASX Listing Rules require this Constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision.
- (f) If any provision of this Constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the ASX Listing Rules, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.
- 107.2106.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the rules set out in clause 106.1 above have no operation or effect unless and until the Company is Listed and those rules will cease to have any operation or effect at such time, if any, as the Company is no longer Listed.