

18 August 2011

The Manager Company Announcements Australian Stock Exchange Limited Level 8, Exchange Plaza 2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6000

2011 Annual Financial Report

Directors of Mineral Resources Limited (Company) (ASX:MIN) are pleased to present the 2010/11 Financial Report to the markets.

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Net profit after tax of \$150.5 million,
 - an improvement of 141% on the previous year (excluding one off tax adjustment included in the 2009/10 result), and
 - \circ an improvement of 55% on the previous year headline result.
- Final fully franked dividend of 27.0 cents per share, bringing the full dividend for the year to 42.0 cents per share.

The Company has again produced a record result for the financial year recording a 141% improvement on the 2009/10 normalised result. The overall business environment has been positive in both the Company's contracting and commodities markets despite significant uncertainty throughout the world. Mineral Resources has been able to develop new opportunities for long term future growth along with improved current earnings from ongoing operations.

	*Normalised net profit after tax		Net profit after tax	
	\$AUD millions	% improvement on prior year	\$AUD millions	% improvement on prior year
2010/11	150.5	+141.8%	150.5	+54.8%
2009/10	62.5		97.2	

* before one-off tax benefits in 2009/10.

Directors have continued the policy of distributing approximately 50% of after tax profits to shareholders as fully franked dividends by declaring a final dividend for 2010/11 of 27.0 cents per share, payable on 20 October, 2011 for all shareholders of record at 22 September 2011 bringing the total dividend for the year to 42.0 cents per share, an increase of 110%.

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Mineral Resources continues to report its business results as two operating segments being mining services and processing (comprising the traditional MRL operations) and mining (comprising the Polaris operations) operating within the resources sector of the Australian economy.

The corporate focus for the period under review was to maintain growth and development within current business areas whilst establishing a number of new, significant contracting and mining operations to enhance future shareholder returns.

In March 2011, the group completed construction of a 19 million tonne per annum crushing and processing plant at the Christmas Creek mine and commenced operations under the ten year build, own and operate contract with Fortescue Metals Group. In addition, Mineral Resources has been awarded the Christmas Creek stage 2 development to build, own and operate an additional 25 million tonne per annum plant due to commence operations in 2012.

PIHA continued to execute on its extensive order book and further acquire significant repeat business, providing earnings support for the foreseeable future. PIHA has also expanded its offering into the coal seam gas sector where polyethylene has the potential to be a superior pipeline and lining solution.

2.259 million tonnes of iron ore were exported from the Port Hedland region, representing a 158% increase on the previous period. A total of 0.449 million tonnes of manganese were exported with production capacity ready to be rapidly expanded once manganese prices improve.

The effect of the strong Australian dollar has had an impact on commodity revenue. Improved iron ore prices and reduced shipping costs in conjunction with the group's hedging strategy, have assisted to limit the overall impact.

Construction of the Carina iron ore mine operation continued in accordance with the project schedule with all relevant approvals in place to operate the mine. In May, Fremantle Port Authority awarded the company a dedicated export allocation of up to 4.4 million tonne. First iron ore is expected to be available for export in late 2011.

The off-market take-over bid for Mesa Minerals Limited (ASX:MAS) was concluded during the year, with Mineral Resources attaining acceptances for 64.23% of Mesa's shares. In addition, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase Auvex Resources Limited, the 50% partner in the Mesa manganese joint venture, to purchase the company. Completion of these acquisitions will give the company a solid foundation in the manganese resource at Ant Hill and Sunday Hill and the certainty necessary to develop this project once manganese markets have returned to normal levels.

The company continues to maintain a solid balance sheet with a net cash positive position of approximately \$180 million. This enables the business to continue to fund the growth expected in the next few years and also maintain the potential to distribute an attractive dividend stream to shareholders.

2010/11 has been another outstanding year and the board is particularly pleased with the company's ability to achieve aggressive growth targets and also maintain a solid performance in the ongoing business. On behalf of the Board and the management team, I would like to take the opportunity to acknowledge the contribution of all customers, employees and contractors of the business and thank them for their assistance in producing continued positive outcomes for all stakeholders.

Yours Sincerely,

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Peter Wade Chairman

Appendix 4E – Preliminary Final Report

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMI	\$AUD'000			
Revenue	Up	95.0%	to	609,518
	Ср	JJ.070	10	007,510
Profit after tax from ordinary activities	Up	54.8%	to	150,493
Profit after tax attributable to members	Un	55.1%	to	150,957
	Up	55.1%	to	150,957

DIVIDENDS	For the year ended 30 June 2011	For the year ended 30 June 2010
Interim dividend (100% franked)	15.0 cents	6.40 cents
Final dividend (100% franked)	27.0 cents	13.60 cents
Total dividend (100% franked)	42.0 cents	20.00 cents

The record date for determining entitlements to the final dividend will be 22 September 2011 and paid on 20 October 2011. The company has a dividend investment plan in place and it will be available to shareholders for the 2011 final dividend.

	Current	Previous
	Period	corresponding
		period
Net tangible asset backing per share (cents per share)	344.9	274.7

The 30 June 2011 Financial Report dated 18 August 2011 forms part of and should be read in conjunction with this Preliminary Final Report (Appendix 4E).

This report is based on financial statements that have been audited. The audit report is included in the 30 June 2011 Annual Financial Report.

MINERAL RESOURCES LIMITED ABN 33 118 549 910

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2011

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

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Calendar

Final dividend:-- Record date - Payment date Annual General Meeting

22 September 2011 20 October 2011 17 November 2011

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of Mineral Resources Limited and of the consolidated entity, being the company and its controlled entities for the period 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011 and the independent audit thereon.

Directors

The directors of the company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Peter Wade

Executive chairman and managing director Date of Appointment: 27 February 2006

Mr Peter Wade has over 39 years experience in engineering, construction, project management and mining and infrastructure services.

Peter started his career with the NSW Public Service managing the construction of significant infrastructure projects in NSW including the Port Kembla coal loader and the grain terminals at Newcastle and Wollongong. Mr Wade was also the Deputy Director for the Darling Harbour Redevelopment construction project.

Following his period of employment with the NSW Public Service, Peter joined the executive team of the Transfield Group. Throughout the 1980s and 1990s he was General Manager of Sabemo Pty Ltd, Transfield Construction Pty Ltd, Transfield Power Technologies and subsequently became Transfield Chief Operations Officer (Southern). During this period Peter was responsible for significant build, own, operate projects including the Melbourne City Link, the Airport Link, the Northside Storage Tunnel and the Collinsville and Smithfield Power Plants.

Peter became Managing Director of Crushing Services International Pty Ltd and PIHA Pty Ltd in 1999, and subsequently Process Minerals International Pty Ltd in 2002 (now the wholly owned subsidiary companies of Mineral Resources Limited) and he managed the companies through a sustained period of growth and development prior to the formation and listing of Mineral Resources Limited in 2006 at which time he was appointed Managing Director of the Group and subsequently in 2008 the Executive Chairman.

Joe Ricciardo

Independent non-executive director Appointed 26 June 2006

Joe Ricciardo has over 34 years experience in feasibility studies, design, construction, maintenance and operation of mineral processing facilities and associated infrastructure.

In January 1986, he became the founding member and managing director of J R Engineering Services Pty Ltd until its acquisition by the Downer EDI/Roche Group in 2001. Joe continued to lead the company, Roche Mining (JR) Pty Ltd in the capacity of general manager and director up to April 2006.

During his 20 year stewardship of JR, the company consistently grew to become a successful and major engineering services provider to the resources and mineral processing industry. Joe's experience covers the commodities of gold, nickel, copper, lead, zinc, iron ore, coal, mineral sands, tantalum and talc for both major and junior mining companies.

Joe is currently the Managing Director of GR Engineering Services Limited (ASX:GNG), a company that he founded in October 2006 and which is a highly recognised Perth based engineering design and construction contractor servicing the local and international mineral processing industry.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Chris Ellison Executive director Appointed 27 February 2006

Mr Chris Ellison is the founding shareholder of each of the three original subsidiary companies of Mineral Resources Limited (Crushing Services International Pty Ltd, PIHA Pty Ltd and Process Minerals International Pty Ltd) and has over 30 years' experience in the mining contracting, engineering and resource processing industries.

In 1979 Chris founded Karratha Rigging and was Managing Director until its acquisition by Walter Wright Industries in 1982. Chris was subsequently appointed as the General Manager, Walter Wright Industries for the Western Australia and Northern Territory regions.

In 1986 Chris founded Genco Ltd and following two years of considerable growth, Genco Ltd merged with the Monadelphous Group in 1988.

In September 1988 Receivers and Managers were appointed to the Monadelphous Group. At this time, Chris was appointed the Managing Director and under his careful management, the group successfully traded out of its financial difficulties and eventually relisted on the ASX in late 1989.

In 1992 Chris founded PIHA Pty Ltd in which the company focused on the provision of specialised pipe lining and general infrastructure to the resources sector. Over the next three years through his work with PIHA Pty Ltd, Chris identified a real opportunity within the mining industry to satisfy the need for specialised contract crushing services which led to the founding of Crushing Services International Pty Ltd. Subsequently, Chris and his business partners within PIHA and CSI founded the mineral processing arm of Mineral Resources Limited, Process Minerals International Pty Ltd.

Mark Dutton

Independent non-executive director Appointed 8 November 2007

Mark has 16 years' experience acting as a non-executive director of a range of growth businesses across Europe, Asia and Australia. He started his career at Price Waterhouse in England in 1991 where he qualified as a chartered accountant, subsequently working in Moscow in their Corporate Finance division.

Mark has worked in the private equity industry since the mid 1990s. He started with BancBoston Capital in the UK before being appointed Managing Director Asia-Pacific.

In 2003, he joined Foundation Capital in Perth to manage their later-stage investment fund. He is presently a director of Banksia Capital a private equity manager focussed on Western Australia.

Kelvin Flynn Independent non-executive director Appointed 22 March 2010

Kelvin has 20 years of corporate experience in leadership positions in Australia and Asia having held the position of Executive Director / Vice President with Goldman Sachs and Managing Director of Alvarez & Marsal in Asia. Kelvin is a qualified Chartered Accountant with experience in merchant banking and corporate advisory including private equity and special situations investments into the mining & resources sector. He has also worked in complex financial workouts, turnaround advisory and interim management.

Kelvin is a director of privately held Global Advanced Metals Pty Ltd (formerly Talison Tantalum Pty Ltd), owner of the Wodgina mine and the world's largest primary deposit of tantalum.

Kelvin is the founder and currently managing director of merchant bank and advisory firm Sirona Capital.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Ryan Welker

Independent non-executive director Appointed 1 December 2010

Ryan is a graduate of Regent's Business School London with a BA (Hons) in International Finance and Accounting. He has worked for Standard Bank and Rio Tinto as well as a broad range of mining finance groups, mining companies and other mining industry service companies as a consultant. Ryan specialises in developing commercial development strategies, resource acquisitions/divestures, joint ventures and project debt finance for projects and companies throughout the world.

Ryan is currently associated with Hancock Prospecting Pty Ltd which holds an 8.26% interest in Mineral Resources at the date of this report.

Secretary

Bruce Goulds

Appointed Company Secretary on 27 February 2006.

Bruce Goulds has over 28 years of finance and commercial experience in various listed and unlisted corporations. His experience includes senior corporate management positions in Australian and overseas companies in the mining services, engineering, mining equipment industries servicing the Australasian mining and mineral processing sector.

Bruce is a Fellow CPA, a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He holds a Bachelor of Business, Bachelor of Laws (Hons) and Graduate Diploma in Management.

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and the number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

Director	Directors' Meetings		Co	Audit mmittee eetings
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
P Wade	12	12	2	2
J Ricciardo	12	11	2	2
M Dutton	12	12	2	2
C Ellison	12	10	*	*
K Flynn	12	11	2	1
R Welker	7	7	*	*

* - Not a member of the relevant committee

Other committees are convened as required no other committee meetings were held other than those disclosed above.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the consolidated entity is as an integrated supplier of goods and services to the resources sector.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Operating results and review of operations for the year

The corporate focus for the period under review was to maintain growth and development within current business areas whilst establishing a number of new, significant contracting and mining operations.

In March 2011, the group completed construction of a 19 million tonne per annum crushing and processing plant at the Christmas Creek mine and commenced operations under the ten year build, own and operate contract with Fortescue Metals Group. In addition, Mineral Resources has been awarded the Christmas Creek stage 2 development to build, own and operate an additional 25 million tonne per annum plant.

PIHA continued to execute on its extensive order book and further acquire significant repeat business, providing earnings support for the foreseeable future.

Iron ore totalling 2.259 million tonnes was exported, representing a 158% increase on the previous period, along with exports of 0.449 million tonnes of manganese.

The effect of the strong Australian dollar has had an impact on commodity revenue. Improved iron ore prices and reduced shipping costs in conjunction with the group's hedging strategy, have assisted to limit the overall impact.

Construction of the Carina iron ore mine operation continued in accordance with the project schedule with all relevant approvals in place to operate the mine. In May, Fremantle Port Authority awarded the company a dedicated export allocation of up to 4.4 million tonne.

The off-market take-over bid for Mesa Minerals Limited (ASX:MAS) was concluded during the year, with Mineral Resources attaining acceptances for 64.23% of Mesa's shares. In addition, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase Auvex Resources Limited, the 50% partner in the Mesa manganese joint venture, to purchase the company.

The company continues to maintain a solid balance sheet. This will enable the business to continue to fund growth expected in the next few years and also maintain the potential to distribute an attractive dividend stream to shareholders.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the past financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

Dividends paid or recommended

Dividends paid or declared for payment in the year are as follows:

- Final Ordinary Dividend for 2009/10 of 13.60 cents per share, franked at a tax rate of 30%, paid on 18 November 2010 amounting to \$22,813,400.
- Interim Ordinary Dividend for 2010/11 of 15.0 cents per share, franked at a tax rate of 30%, paid on 7 April 2011 amounting to \$25,348,609; and
- Final Ordinary Dividend for 2010/11 of 27.0 cents per share, franked at a tax rate of 30%, has been recommended by Directors amounting to \$49,618,715.

Events subsequent to reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affects the operations of the consolidated entity other than disclosed in the Financial Report.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Environmental issues

The consolidated group's operations are subject to significant environmental regulation under the law of the Commonwealth and State. During the year the consolidated entity met all reporting requirements under relevant legislation. There were no incidents which required reporting.

Likely developments

Disclosure of information relating to the future developments in the operations of the consolidated entity which would not, in the opinion of the directors, be prejudicial to the consolidated entity's interests is contained in this Directors' Report.

Non-audit services

During the year, RSM Bird Cameron Partners, the Company's auditor, has performed certain other services in addition to their statutory duties. Details of the amounts paid to the auditors are disclosed in Note 27 of the financial statements.

The Board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the Audit Committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- The non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 has been included as part of the financial statements.

Remuneration report – Audited

This remuneration report details the policy for determining the remuneration of directors and key management personnel and provides specific detail of their remuneration.

Remuneration of non-executive directors

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Remuneration Committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

Shareholder approval must be obtained in relation to the overall limit set for directors' fees (currently \$500,000). The Remuneration Committee sets individual Board fees within the limit approved by shareholders. Shareholders must separately approve the framework for any equity based compensation schemes and if a recommendation is made for a director to participate in an equity scheme, that participation must be approved by the shareholders.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Remuneration of key management personnel

The Company's remuneration policy for executive directors and key management personnel is designed to promote superior performance and long term commitment to the Company. Key management personnel receive a base remuneration which is market related. Overall remuneration policies are subject to the discretion of the Board and can be changed to reflect competitive market and business conditions where it is in the interests of the Company and shareholders to do so. Executive remuneration and other terms of employment are reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee having regard to performance, relevant comparative information and expert advice. The Committee's remuneration policy reflects its obligation to align executive's remuneration with shareholders' interests and to retain appropriately qualified executive talent for the benefit of the Company.

Key management personnel service agreements - Audited

The company has service agreements with each executive that defines:

- The role and appointment date
- Executive duties
- Remuneration and benefits
- Leave entitlements
- Summary dismissal for misconduct and fraud
- Use of expenses
- Notice periods of between three and twelve months
- Confidential information
- Restraint provisions

Details of the key conditions of service agreements for key management personnel are as follows:

	Commencement Date	Notice Period	Base Salary (incl super)	Termination Payments Provided*
Directors				
Non-executive Directors				
J Ricciardo	25 June 2006	n/a	98,100	none
M Dutton**	7 November 2007	n/a	98,100	none
K Flynn	22 March 2010	n/a	98,100	none
PR Welker	1 December 2010	n/a	98,100	none
Executive Directors				
P Wade - Executive Chairman/Managing Director	1 July 2006	6 months	500,000	none
$C \ Ellison$ — Executive Director - Business Development	1 July 2006	6 months	436,000	none
Executives				
S Wyatt - General Manager, CSI	1 July 2006	6 months	425,000	none
B Gavranich - General Manager, PIHA	1 July 2006	6 months	436,000	none
D Geraghty - Technical Director	1 July 2006	6 months	381,500	none
B Goulds - Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary	1 July 2006	6 months	288,850	none

* other than statutory entitlements.

** an additional amount has been approved by shareholders, details are disclosed in Note 26 of the financial report.

Base salaries quoted are as at 30 June 2011. They are reviewed annually by the remuneration committee.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Details and amounts of remuneration - Audited

2011	Short-term	Benefits	Post Employment Benefits	Long-term	Benefits	Total
	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefits	Super- annuation	Share-based	Payments	
				Equity	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors						
P.Wade	450,000	53,600	50,000	-	-	553,600
J.Ricciardo	90,000	-	8,100	-	-	98,100
C.Ellison	400,000	64,136	36,000	-	-	500,136
M.Dutton	190,000	-	17,100	-	-	207,100
K Flynn	94,327	-	-	-	-	94,327
P R Welker**	51,231	-	4,611	-	-	55,842
	1,275,558	117,736	115,811	-	-	1,509,105
Key management	personnel					
B.Gavranich	400,000	55,878	36,000	-	-	491,878
S.Wyatt	400,000	64,136	25,000	-	-	489,136
D.Geraghty	326,923	15,780	25,000	-	-	367,703
B.Goulds	238,850	-	50,000	-	-	288,850
	1,365,773	135,794	136,000	-	-	1,637,567
Total	2,641,331	253,530	251,811	-	-	3,146,672

2010	Short-term	Benefits	Post Employment Benefits	Long-tern	n Benefits	Total
	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefits	Super- annuation	Share-based	d Payments	
				Equity	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors						
P.Wade	403,846	52,855	50,000	-	-	506,701
J.Ricciardo	90,000	-	8,100	-	-	98,100
C.Ellison	353,846	27,025	31,846	-	-	412,717
M.Dutton	190,000	-	8,100	1,009,824	-	1,207,924
K Flynn *	26,412	-	-	-	-	26,412
P R Welker**	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,064,104	79,880	98,046	1,009,824	-	2,251,854
Key management	<u>personnel</u>					
B.Gavranich	353,846	30,665	31,846	-	-	416,357
S.Wyatt	353,846	39,757	25,000	-	-	418,603
D.Geraghty	250,058	17,376	25,000	-	173,600	466,034
B.Goulds	189,288	-	49,997	-	-	239,285
	1,147,038	87,798	131,843	-	173,600	1,540,279
Total	2,211,142	167,678	229,889	1,009,824	173,600	3,792,133

* appointed 22 March 2010 ** appointed 1 December 2010

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Performance Conditions – Audited

No proportion of remuneration of directors or key management personnel is dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition.

Equity and Options granted as remuneration - Audited

No equity or options were granted to directors or key management personnel in the financial period ended 30 June 2011.

Options

At 30 June 2011, the unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are as follows:

Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number under Option
6 Aug 2011	\$6.05	10,000,000
31 Dec 2011	\$4.31	137,500
31 Dec 2011	\$6.31	202,500
15 Jan 2012	\$1.90	391,500
15 Jan 2013	\$2.00	662,750
		11,394,250

Option holders do not have any rights to participate in any issues of shares or other interests in the company or any other entity.

During the year ended 30 June 2011, the following ordinary shares of the company were issued on the exercise of options granted. No amounts are unpaid on any of the shares.

Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number of
		Shares Issued
15 Jan 2011	\$1.80	386,900
15 Jan 2012	\$1.90	373,500
15 Jan 2013	\$2.00	452,250
31 Dec 2011	\$3.00	50,000
15 Jan 2013	\$3.93	30,000
31 Dec 2011	\$4.31	165,000
31 Dec 2011	\$4.50	100,000
6 Aug 2010	\$6.05	5,000,000
31 Dec 2011	\$6.31	180,000
31 Dec 2011	\$6.50	300,000
		7,037,650

Since the end of the financial year, the following ordinary shares of the company were issued on the exercise of options granted

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number of
		Shares Issued
6 Aug 2011	\$6.05	10,000,000
31 Dec 2011	\$4.31	30,000
31 Dec 2011	\$6.31	50,000
15 Jan 2013	\$2.00	25,000

No person entitled to exercise the option had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

Directors' relevant interests

No director has or has had any interest in a contract entered into during the year or any contract or proposed contract with the Company or any controlled entity or any related entity other than as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The relevant interest of each director in the capital of the company at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	No of Ordinary Shares Number of Ordinary shares	No of Options over Ordinary Shares Number of Options over Ordinary Shares
P Wade	3,416,162	-
J Ricciardo	1,947,870	-
M Dutton	500,000	-
C Ellison	30,447,815	-
K Flynn	-	-
R Welker	-	-

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

During or since the end of the financial year the Company has paid premiums to insure all directors and executives against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director or officer of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company. Otherwise, the Company has not given an indemnity or entered into an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums on behalf of directors, executives and auditors.

Neither the Company nor any related entity has indemnified or agreed to indemnify, paid or agreed to pay any insurance premium which would be prohibited under Section 199A or Section 199B of the Corporations Act 2001 during or since the financial period ended 30 June 2011.

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Directors Report

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Rounding of Amounts

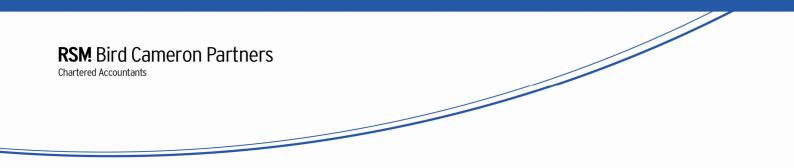
The company is an entity to which ASIC Class Order 98/100 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

ere

PETER WADE Executive Chairman / Managing Director

Dated this 18 August 2011



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Mineral Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM Bird Comeron Partners

RSM BIRD CAMERON PARTNERS Chartered Accountants

In

TUTU PHONG Partner

Perth, WA Dated: 18 August 2011

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Corporate Governance Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2011

The board considers it essential that directors and staff of the Company employ sound corporate governance practices in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. Accordingly, specific corporate governance policies have been issued to detail the expected behaviour required to ensure the company acts with integrity and objectivity.

The Company has posted all its corporate governance policies to the Corporate Governance section of its website: www.mineralresources.com.au.

The ASX Corporate Governance Council released the second edition of its "Good Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations" ("Recommendations") in August 2007 and amended in 2010. The board supports the thrust of the Recommendations and whilst the Recommendations are not prescriptive, the ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to identify those recommendations that have not been followed and the reasons for not following them.

Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1 - Delegation of authority

Board responsibility

The board is responsible for guiding and monitoring the Company on behalf of shareholders.

Specific responsibilities of the board include:

- 1. appointment, evaluation, rewarding and, if necessary, removal of the Managing Director and senior management;
- 2. in conjunction with management, development of corporate objectives, strategy and operations plans.
- 3. review and approval (as required) of plans, new investments, major capital and operating expenditures, capital management, acquisitions, divestitures and major funding activities;
- 4. establishing appropriate levels of delegation to the Managing Director to allow him to manage the business efficiently;
- 5. monitoring actual performance against planned performance expectations;
- 6. ensuring that the Company is appropriately positioned to manage significant business risks;
- 7. overseeing the management of safety, occupational health and environmental matters;
- 8. satisfying itself that the financial reporting of the Company fairly and accurately set out the financial position and financial performance of the Company;
- 9. satisfying itself that there are appropriate reporting systems and controls in place to assure the board that proper operational, financial, compliance, and internal control processes are in place and functioning appropriately;
- 10. to ensure that appropriate internal and external audit arrangements are in place and operating effectively;
- 11. having a framework in place to help ensure that the Company acts legally and responsibly on all matters consistent with the code of conduct; and
- 12. reporting to shareholders.

Management responsibility

The responsibility for the day-to-day operation and administration of the Company is delegated by the board to the Managing Director.

Whilst there is a clear division between the responsibilities of the board and management, the board is responsible for ensuring that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the expectations and risks identified by the board. The board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure this is achieved.

Corporate Governance Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Recommendation 1.2 – evaluation of performance of management

The board has in place a process for evaluating the performance of the Managing Director and other senior executives.

Managing Director

The board will annually review the performance of the Managing Director. The board and the Managing Director will agree a set of specific performance measures to be used in the review of the forthcoming year.

This includes:

- (a) financial measures of the Company's performance;
- (b) the measure for determining achievement of key operational goals and strategic objectives;
- (c) development of management and staff;
- (d) compliance with legal and Company policy requirements; and
- (e) achievement of other key performance indicators.

Senior executives

The Managing Director is responsible for assessing the performance of the key executives.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1 - Majority of board should be independent directors

Messrs Ricciardo, Dutton, Flynn and Welker satisfy all the tests of the Recommendations and are considered independent. Each director's skills, experience and expertise relevant to position of director and period of office of each director in office at date of annual report is contained in the Directors' Report.

Recommendation 2.2 and 2.3 - independent chairman and managing director

The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are currently combined. The Chairman of the Company, Peter Wade, also holds the position of Managing Director and is considered not to be independent. This board structure was created after due consideration to the strategy of the Company and the board considers Mr Wade the best person to lead the company from the combined position at this time.

Each director has the right to seek independent professional advice on matters relating to his position as a director of the Company at the Company's expense.

Recommendation 2.4 - nomination committee

The board has established the functions of a nomination committee.

Composition

The Committee shall comprise at least three directors, the majority of whom must be non-executive directors, one of whom will be appointed the Committee Chairman. At present, due to the current size and composition of the board, the full board operates as the nomination committee.

Recommendation 2.5 – board performance evaluation process

As part of the annual review of the performance of the board, the appropriate size, composition and terms and conditions of appointment to and retirement from the board are considered. The board also reviews the appropriate criteria for board membership collectively.

The board has established formal processes to review its own performance and the performance of individual directors (including the Managing Director) and the committees of the board, annually.

Corporate Governance Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2011

The board is required to meet annually with the specific purpose of reviewing the role of the board, assessing its performance over the previous 12 months and examining ways in which the board can better perform its duties.

The review will incorporate the performance of the board.

The annual review includes consideration of the following measures:

- (a) comparison of the performance of the board against the requirements of the board charter;
- (b) assessment of the performance of the board over the previous twelve months having regard to the corporate strategies, operating plans and the annual budget;
- (c) review the board's interaction with management;
- (d) identification of any particular goals and objectives of the board for the next year;
- (e) review the type and timing of information provided to the directors; and
- (f) identification of any necessary or desirable improvements to board or committee charters.

Non-executive directors

The Chairman will have primary responsibility for conducting performance appraisals of non-executive directors in conjunction with them, having particular regard to:

- (g) contribution to board discussion and function;
- (h) degree of independence including relevance of any conflicts of interest;
- (i) availability for and attendance at board meetings and other relevant events;
- (j) contribution to Company strategy;
- (k) membership of and contribution to any board committees; and
- (1) suitability to board structure and composition.

Where the Chairman, following a performance appraisal, considers that action must be taken in relation to a director's performance, the Chairman must consult with the remainder of the board regarding whether a director should be counselled to resign, not seek re-election, or in exceptional circumstances, whether a resolution for the removal of a director be put to shareholders.

Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

Recommendation 3.1 – code of conduct

The policies on this principle are disclosure on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 - gender diversity

The board has in place policies for the recruitment of the most suitable person for roles within the Company providing diversity of employment opportunities for, but not limited to, gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background for all Company roles. In respect of gender diversity, the Company has not determined a target proportion of appointments but relies on the requirement of "most suitable person for roles" as the overarching selection criteria for personnel.

As at the balance date, 11% of employees of the Company were females and two women function in senior executive positions. There are no women currently serving on the Company's board.

Corporate Governance Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

Recommendation 4.1 – audit committee

Scope

The Audit Committee is a committee of the board with the specific powers delegated by the board. A charter sets out the Audit Committee's function, composition, mode of operation, authority and responsibilities summarised on the website.

Recommendation 4.2, 4.3 - Audit Committee membership and composition

Disclosure of the names, qualifications and attendance at audit committee meetings is included in the Directors Report.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

The policies on this principle are disclosure on the Company's website.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of shareholders

Recommendation 6.1 – shareholder communication

The Company recognises the value of providing current and relevant information to its shareholders.

The Managing Director and Company Secretary have the primary responsibility for communication with shareholders.

The Company is committed to the promotion of investor confidence by ensuring that trading in the Company's securities takes place in an efficient, competitive and informed market.

Electronic communication and web-site

The Company's web-site will be updated with material released to the ASX as soon as practicable after confirmation of release by the ASX.

All web-site information will be continuously reviewed and updated to ensure that information is current, or appropriately dated and archived.

The Company places the full text of notices of meeting and explanatory material on the web-site.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1 and 7.2 – risk management

The responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required by the board to report back on the efficiency and effectiveness of risk management. The board discuss risk management issues with management on an ongoing basis.

Management is responsible for the ongoing management of risk with standing instructions to apprise the board of changing circumstances within the Company and within the international business environment.

Corporate Governance Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Recommendation 7.3 - Assurance from CEO and CFO

Management sign-off procedure

The Audit Committee will ensure that the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer prepare a written statement to the board certifying that the Company's annual financial report and half yearly financial report present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial condition of the Company and its operational performance and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards.

The statement is to be presented to the board prior to the approval and sign-off of the respective annual and half yearly financial reports. Assurance from the CEO / CFO is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and the system is considered to operate effectively in all material respects in relation to reporting financial risk.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 – remuneration committee

The board has established a remuneration committee. Composition of the Committee shall comprise at least three directors, the majority of whom must be non-executive directors, one of whom will be appointed the Committee Chairman.

The charter of the committee and its functions and responsibilities are posted on the Company's website.

The committee is currently chaired by Kelvin Flynn and members are Joe Ricciardo and Mark Dutton.

Non-executive remuneration

Non-executive directors are entitled to receive statutory superannuation benefits as well as accrued proportional leave benefits. No other post-employment benefits are provided to non-executive directors as at the date of this report.

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Note Consolidat		lidated
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	3	609,518	312,643
Other income Changes in closing stock Depreciation and amortisation	3	28,734 5,708 (26,275)	9,834 4,403 (19,296)
Employee benefit expenses . Share based payments . Other employee benefits Equipment costs		(135) (82,624) (17,238)	(2,884) (48,553) (18,804)
Finance costs Impairment losses Raw materials and consumables Subcontractors		(5,638) (1,038) (97,443) (49,429)	(5,113) 29 (58,317) (15,165)
Transport and freight Other expenses Profit before income tax	4	(123,747) (31,478) 208,915	(62,547) (14,571) 81,659
Income tax (expense)/benefit Profit for the year	5	(58,422) 150,493	15,526 97,185
Other comprehensive income Net change in fair value of plant and equipment		(459)	930
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	(459)	930
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	150,034	98,115
Profit is attributable to: Members of Mineral Resources Limited Non-controlling interest	-	150,957 (464) 150,493	97,327 (142) 97,185
Total comprehensive income is attributable to: Members of Mineral Resources Limited Non-controlling interest	-	150,498 (464) 150,034	98,257 (142) 98,115
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)		89.7	68.5
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)		86.5	66.9

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the statement of comprehensive income

Statement of Financial Position

for the year ended 30 June 2011 Note

Consolidated		
2011	2010	
'000	\$'000	
0,456	174,470	
7,002	56,778	
9,400 9,400	30,379	
9,400 1,044	50,579	
/	776	
2,013 2,915	262,403	
-,	- ,	
205	10	
3,385	10	
2,924	257,898	
100	100	
190	189	
2,739	4,350	
9,494	214,739	
4,024	42,497	
4,386	62,730	
7,142	582,413	
0,057	844,816	
1,690	142,828	
1,090 1,378	27,737	
4,378 6,275	4,335	
9,304	5,684	
9, <u>304</u> 1,647	180,584	
	i	
-	15	
7,659	59,525	
2,503	108,028	
0,742	10,985	
0,904	178,553	
2,551	359,137	
7,506	485,679	
,500	+05,077	
,	315,526	
4,927	5,386	
2,104	139,309	
6,650	460,221	
0,856	25,458	
7,506	485,679	
	2,104 5,650),856	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the statement of financial position

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Balance at 1 July 2009 72,782 4,456 67,527 144,765 - 144,765 Total comprehensive income for the year - 930 97,327 98,257 (142) 98,115 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options 6,368 - - 6,368 - 6,368 Share issue from exercise of options 6,368 - - 51,212 - 51,212 - 2,885 - 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600 2,5600<	Consolidated	Contributed Equity	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total	
the year - 930 97,327 98,257 (142) 98,115 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issues from exercise of options 6,368 - - 6,368 - 6,368 Net proceeds of share issues from share placement 51,212 - - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 2,885 - 2,8437 Non-controlling interest in acquisition of subsididary (Mesa Mineral Linnited)	Balance at 1 July 2009	72,782	4,456	67,527	144,765	-	144,765	
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options 6,368 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,212 - 51,213 - 51,213 - 51,213 - 51,213 - 51,213 - 51,213 - - -	_		030	07 227	08 257	(142)	08 115	
their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options 6.368 6.368 -6.368-6.368Net proceeds of share issues from share placement 51.212 - 51.212 - 51.212 - 51.212 Share issued payments 2.885 2.885 - 2.885 - 2.885 Employee share trust take-up Share issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market takeover bid for Polaris Metals NL Share issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited 144.711 144.711 - 144.711 Share issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited 34.437 - 34.437 - 34.437 Non-controlling interest in acquisition of subsidiary (Mesa Mineral Limited) 315.526 5.386 139.309 460.221 25.458 485.679 Balance at 30 June 2010 315.526 5.386 139.309 460.221 25.458 485.679 Total comprehensive income for the year-(459) 150.957 150.498 (464) 150.034 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issued fin part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited 37.467 - 1.278 - 1.278 Share based payments 135 - 1.075 - 1.075 - 1.075 - 1.075 Share based payments	the year	-	930	91,521	98,237	(142)	96,115	
Net proceeds of share issues from share placement $51,212$ - - $51,212$ - $51,2$	their capacity as owners:							
share placement $51,212$ - - $51,212$ - $51,212$ - $51,212$ - $2,885$ - $3,131$ - 3	1	6,368	-	-	6,368	-	6,368	
Employee share trust take-up Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market takeover bid for Polaris Metals NL 		51,212	-	-	51,212	-	51,212	
Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market takeover bid for Polaris Metals NL Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited144,711144,711-144,711Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited34,43734,437-34,437Non-controlling interest in acquisition of subsidiary (Mesa Mineral Limited)34,43725,60025,600Dividends paid(25,545)(25,545)-(25,545)-(25,545)Balance at 30 June 2010315,5265,386139,309460,22125,458485,679Total comprehensive income for the year(459)150,957150,498(464)150,034Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options37,467-37,467-37,467Nare based payments Employee share trust contributions Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited4,1384,138(4,138)-Dividends paid4,138(4,138)-			-	-		-		
Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited $34,437$ $ 25,600$ $25,600$ Dividends paid $315,526$ $5,386$ $139,309$ $460,221$ $25,458$ $485,679$ Total comprehensive income for the year $ 37,467$ $ 37,467$ $ 37,467$ $ 37,467$ <th cols<="" td=""><td>Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market</td><td>3,131</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>3,131</td><td>-</td><td>3,131</td></th>	<td>Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market</td> <td>3,131</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3,131</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,131</td>	Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off-market	3,131	-		3,131	-	3,131
Non-controlling interest in acquisition of subsidiary (Mesa Mineral Limited) - - - 25,600 25,600 Dividends paid - - (25,545) (25,545) - (25,545) Balance at 30 June 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Balance at 1 July 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Total comprehensive income for the year - (459) 150,957 150,498 (464) 150,034 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from share issues 37,467 - 37,467 - 37,467 Share based payments 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,075 Share issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited 4,138 - - 4,138 (4,138) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162) - - (48,162) - (48,162)	Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market	144,711	-	-	144,711	-	144,711	
Mineral Limited) - - - 25,600 25,600 Dividends paid - - (25,545) (25,545) - (25,545) Balance at 30 June 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Balance at 1 July 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Total comprehensive income for the year - (459) 150,957 150,498 (464) 150,034 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options 37,467 - 37,467 37,467 Share based payments 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 1,278 Share based payments 1,35 - 1,35 - 1,075 - 1,075 Share based payments 1,075 - - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals 4,138 - - 4,138 (4,138) - Limited - - - - <td>Non-controlling interest in</td> <td>34,437</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>34,437</td> <td>-</td> <td>34,437</td>	Non-controlling interest in	34,437	-	-	34,437	-	34,437	
Dividends paid - - (25,545) (25,545) - (25,545) Balance at 30 June 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Balance at 1 July 2010 315,526 5,386 139,309 460,221 25,458 485,679 Total comprehensive income for the year - (459) 150,957 150,498 (464) 150,034 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options 37,467 - - 37,467 - 37,467 - 37,467 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,278 - 1,075 5 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075 - 1,075		-	-	-	-	25,600	25,600	
Balance at 1 July 2010 $315,526$ $5,386$ $139,309$ $460,221$ $25,458$ $485,679$ Total comprehensive income for the year- (459) $150,957$ $150,498$ (464) $150,034$ Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options $37,467$ - $37,467$ - $37,467$ -Net proceeds from share issues $1,278$ $1,278$ - $1,278$ -Share based payments 135 135 - 135 Employee share trust contributions Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals $4,138$ $4,138$ $(4,138)$ -Limited $4,138$ $4,138$ ($4,138$) $(48,162)$ - $(48,162)$ -	Dividends paid	-	-	(25,545)	(25,545)	-	(25,545)	
Total comprehensive income for the year- (459) $150,957$ $150,498$ (464) $150,034$ Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options $37,467$ - $37,467$ - $37,467$ -Net proceeds from share issues $1,278$ $1,278$ - $1,278$ -Share based payments 135 135 - 135 Employee share trust contributions Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals Limited $4,138$ $4,138$ ($4,138$)-Dividends paid($48,162$)($48,162$)-($48,162$)-($48,162$)	Balance at 30 June 2010	315,526	5,386	139,309	460,221	25,458	485,679	
the year- (459) $150,957$ $150,498$ (464) $150,034$ Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of optionsShare issue from exercise of options $37,467$ - $37,467$ - $37,467$ Net proceeds from share issues $1,278$ $1,278$ - $1,278$ Share based payments 135 135 - 135 Employee share trust contributions $1,075$ $1,075$ - $1,075$ Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals $4,138$ $4,138$ ($4,138$)-Limited $4,138$ $4,138$ ($48,162$)-($48,162$)	Balance at 1 July 2010	315,526	5,386	139,309	460,221	25,458	485,679	
their capacity as owners: Share issue from exercise of options $37,467$ $37,467$ $37,467$ Share issues $37,467$ $ 37,467$ $ 37,467$ Net proceeds from share issues $1,278$ $ 1,278$ $ 1,278$ Share based payments 135 $ 1,278$ $ 1,278$ Employee share trust contributions $1,075$ $ 1,075$ $-$ Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals $4,138$ $ 4,138$ $(4,138)$ $-$ Limited $4,138$ $ 4,138$ $(4,138)$ $-$ Dividends paid $ (48,162)$ $(48,162)$ $-$		-	(459)	150,957	150,498	(464)	150,034	
Net proceeds from share issues1,278-1,278-1,278Share based payments135135-135Employee share trust contributions1,0751,075-1,075Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals4,1384,1384,138-Limited4,138(48,162)(48,162)-(48,162)	their capacity as owners:							
1,278 $1,278$ - $1,278$ Share based payments 135 135 - 135 Employee share trust contributions $1,075$ $1,075$ - $1,075$ Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals4,138 $4,138$ (4,138)Limited $4,138$ $(48,162)$ (48,162)-(48,162)	1	37,467	-	-	37,467	-	37,467	
Employee share trust contributions1,0751,075-1,075Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals4,1384,138(4,138)-Limited4,138(48,162)(48,162)-(48,162)		1,278	-	-	1,278	-	1,278	
Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa MineralsLimited4,138Dividends paid(48,162)-(48,162)-(48,162)			-	-		-		
Dividends paid (48,162) - (48,162) - (48,162)	Shares issued in part consideration for acceptances of the off market takeover bid for Mesa Minerals		-	-			1,075	
Rolance at 30 June 2011 350 610 4 027 242 104 606 650 20 856 627 506		4,138	-	- (48,162)		(4,138)	- (48,162)	
Datance at 30 June 2011 337,017 4,727 242,104 000,030 20,830 027,300								

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the statement of changes in equity

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Note	Consolidated		
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash receipts from customers		630,919	364,026	
Cash payments to suppliers and employees		(438,076)	(193,295)	
Interest received		5,122	2,404	
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(5,638)	(5,113)	
Income taxes paid		(1,631)	(17,033)	
		190,696	150,989	
Payments relating to the construction of a processing plant previously recovered from				
customer		(73,940)	-	
Net cash flows from operating activities	21(b)	116,756	150,989	
Cash flama from investing a stirition				
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment		(161,030)	(66,005)	
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets		63,929	17,431	
Proceeds from the sale of investments		19,581	-	
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(5,026)	(2,308)	
Investment in listed company shares		(94)	(_,000)	
Payments for intangibles		(1,527)	-	
Payments for acquisition of subsidiary, net		(-,)		
of cash acquired		-	(10,343)	
Net cash flows from investing activities		(84,167)	(61,225)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from share issue			58,680	
Proceeds from exercise of share options		37,479		
Share issue costs		(11)	(1,100)	
Proceeds from borrowings		-	14,100	
Repayment of borrowings		(15,817)	(16,309)	
Loan to other entity		(1,370)	-	
Dividends paid		(46,884)	(25,545)	
Net cash flows from financing activities		(26,603)	29,826	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		5,986	119,590	
of the financial period		174,470	54,880	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	21 (a)	180,456	174,470	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the statement of cash flows

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 1: Significant accounting policies

This financial report of Mineral Resources Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2011 comprises of the company and its controlled entities (collectively referred to as 'the consolidated entity' or 'group'). The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Mineral Resources Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Company is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange.

The financial report was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of directors dated 18 August 2011.

(i) **Basis of preparation**

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

In accordance with the relief available under ASIC Class Order 98/100, the financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$1,000) unless otherwise stated.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

In the current year, the consolidated entity has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting period. The adoption of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in a significant or material change to the consolidated entity's accounting policies.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

New standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of this financial report the following standards, which may impact the entity in the period of initial application, have been issued but are not yet effective:

Reference	Title	Summary	Application date (financial years beginning)	Expected Impact
AASB 9	Financial Instruments	Replaces the requirements of AASB 139 for the classification and measurement of financial assets. This is the result of the first part of Phase 1 of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39.	1 January 2013	No expected impact on the entity
AASB 124	Related Party Disclosures	Revised standard. The definition of a related party is simplified to clarify its intended meaning and eliminate inconsistencies from the application of the definition	1 January 2011	Disclosure only

The consolidated entity has decided against early adoption of these standards.

(ii) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Mineral Resources Limited at the end of the reporting period. A controlled entity is any entity over which Mineral Resources Limited has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the entity's activities. Control will generally exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, more than half of the voting power of an entity. In assessing the power to govern, the existence and effect of holdings of actual and potential voting rights are also considered.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, the financial performance of those entities are included only for the period of the year that they were controlled.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those adopted by the parent entity.

Non-controlling interests, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent, are shown separately within the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income. The non-controlling interests in the net assets comprise their interests at the date of the original business combination and their share of changes in equity since that date.

Business combinations

Business combinations occur where an acquirer obtains control over one or more businesses and results in the consolidation of its assets and liabilities.

A business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control. The acquisition method requires that for each business combination one of the combining entities must be identified as the acquirer (ie parent entity). The business combination will be accounted for as at the acquisition date, which is the date that control over the acquiree is obtained by the parent entity. At this date, the parent shall recognise, in the consolidated accounts, and subject to certain limited exceptions, the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. In addition, contingent liabilities of the acquiree will be recognised where a present obligation has been incurred and its fair value can be reliably measured.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

The acquisition may result in the recognition of goodwill or a gain from a bargain purchase. The method adopted for the measurement of goodwill will impact on the measurement of any non-controlling interest to be recognised in the acquiree where less than 100% ownership interest is held in the acquiree.

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for a business combination plus the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest shall form the cost of the investment in the separate financial statements. Consideration may comprise the sum of the assets transferred by the acquirer, liabilities incurred by the acquirer to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the acquirer.

Fair value uplifts in the value of pre-existing equity holdings are taken to the statement of comprehensive income. Where changes in the value of such equity holdings had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income, such amounts are recycled to profit or loss.

Included in the measurement of consideration transferred is any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Any obligation incurred relating to contingent consideration is classified as either a financial liability or equity instrument, depending upon the nature of the arrangement. Rights to refunds of consideration previously paid are recognised as a receivable. Subsequent to initial recognition, contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured each reporting period to fair value through the statement of comprehensive income unless the change in value can be identified as existing at acquisition date.

All transaction costs incurred in relation to the business combination are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Employee Share Trust

The group has in place a trust to administer the group's employee share scheme. This trust is consolidated, as the substance of the relationship is that the trust is controlled by the group.

Shares held by the Mineral Resources Employee Share Trust are disclosed as treasury shares and deducted from contributed equity.

(iii) Income tax

The income tax expense for the year comprises current income tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(iii) Income tax (Cont.)

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

Tax consolidation

Mineral Resources Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under tax consolidation legislation. Each entity in the Group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities. Such taxes are measured using the 'stand-alone taxpayer' approach to allocation. Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the head entity. The tax consolidated group has a tax funding agreement in place whereby each company in the Group contributes to the income tax payable by the Group in proportion to their contribution to the Group's taxable income. Differences between the amounts of net tax assets and liabilities derecognised and the net amounts recognised pursuant to the funding arrangement are recognised as either a contribution by, or distribution to the head entity.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Cost is assigned on a standard cost basis with the exception of contract specific requirements to use an average cost basis.

Construction work in progress

Construction work in progress is valued at cost, plus profit recognised to date less any provision for anticipated future losses. Cost includes both variable and fixed costs relating to specific contracts, and those costs that are attributable to the contract activity in general and that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Construction profits are recognised on the stage of completion basis and measured using the proportion of costs incurred to date as compared to expected actual costs. Where losses are anticipated they are provided for in full.

Construction revenue has been recognised on the basis of the terms of the contract adjusted for any variations or claims allowable under the contract.

(v) Intangibles

Goodwill

Goodwill and goodwill on consolidation are initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business or for an ownership interest in a controlled entity exceeds the fair value attributed to its net assets at date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(v) Intangibles (Cont.)

Patents

Patents acquired as part of a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill. The patents are carried at their fair value at the date of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight line method to allocate the cost of patents over their estimated useful lives.

Port access rights

Port access rights acquired as part of a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill. The rights are carried at their fair value at the date of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated based on the timing of projected cash flows of the access rights over their estimated useful lives.

Operating lease

Operating leases acquired as part of a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill. The leases are carried at their fair value at the date of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated based on the timing of projected cash flows of the access rights over their estimated useful lives.

(vi) Revenue recognition

Goods sold

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

Revenue from bulk products exported from Australia, ownership in the goods transfers to the buyer after a clean bill of lading has been issued for the shipment, the preliminary payment is received and in accordance with any other specific terms of the contract of sale.

Services rendered

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to work performed.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or if the costs incurred or to be incurred cannot be measured reliably.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue and expenses are generally recognised on an individual contract basis using percentage of completion method when the stage or contract completion can be reliably determined, costs to date can be clearly identified, and total contract revenue and costs to complete can be reliably estimated. Two or more contracts are treated as a single contract where the contracts are negotiated as a single package, are closely interrelated and are performed concurrently or in a continuous sequence.

Profit recognition for lump sum fixed price contracts does not commence until cost to completion can be reliably measured.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(vi) Revenue recognition (Cont.)

Stage of contract completion is generally measured by reference to physical completion. An assessment of total labour hours and other costs incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total costs for each contract is used if it is an appropriate proxy for physical completion. Task-lists, milestones, etc are also used to calculate or confirm the percentage of completion if appropriate.

Where the outcome of a contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract costs are expensed as incurred. Where it is probable that the costs will be recovered, revenue is recognised to the extent of costs incurred. An expected loss is recognised immediately as an expense.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

(vii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the consolidated entity's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

(viii) Plant and equipment

Owned assets

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of self constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate portion of production overheads. The cost of self constructed and acquired assets includes (i) the initial estimate at the time of installation and during the period of use, when relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and (ii) changes in the measurement of existing liabilities recognised for these costs resulting from changes in the timing or outflow of resources required to settle the obligation or from changes in the discount rate.

Where parts of an item of plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of plant and equipment.

Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the consolidated entity assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are stated at an amount equal to the lower of fair value and the present value of minimum lease payment at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Sale of non-current assets

The net gain or loss on disposal is included in the statement of comprehensive income at the date control of the asset passes to the buyer, usually when an unconditional contract for sale is signed.

The gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and the net proceeds on disposal (including incidental costs).

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(viii) Plant and equipment (Cont.)

Subsequent costs

The consolidated entity recognises in the carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense as incurred.

Revaluation

Increases in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of plant and equipment are credited to a revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of plant and equipment is depreciated over their useful lives on a straight line basis commencing from the time the asset is ready for use. Mobile crushing plant and certain associated plant and equipment are depreciated on the usage method of depreciation.

Class	Life
Plant and equipment - other	3-20 years or the term of the lease
Beneficiation plant	Usage basis
Tracked plant and equipment	Usage basis

(ix) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure related to an area of interest are carried forward as an asset in the statement of financial position where the rights of tenure of an area are current and it is considered probable that the expenditure will be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. Otherwise, exploration and evaluation expenditure is written off as incurred.

Capitalised expenditure includes expenditure directly related to exploration and evaluation activities in the relevant area of interest including the generation of mining information. General and administrative costs are allocated to an exploration or evaluation asset only to the extent that those costs can be related directly to operational activities in the relevant area of interest.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is written off where the above conditions are no longer satisfied.

Identifiable exploration assets acquired are recognised as assets at their fair value, as determined by the requirements of AASB 3 Business Combinations. Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred subsequent to the acquisition of an exploration asset in a business combination is accounted for in accordance with this policy.

All capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is assessed for impairment if facts and circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. Exploration and evaluation assets are also tested for impairment once commercial reserves are found, before the assets are transferred to development properties.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(x) **Development expenditure**

Development expenditure incurred by or on behalf of the consolidated entity is accumulated separately for each area of interest in which economically recoverable resources have been identified. Such expenditure comprises cost directly attributable to the construction of a mine and the related infrastructure.

Once a development decision has been taken, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation expenditure in respect of the area of interest is aggregated with the development expenditure and classified under noncurrent assets as development properties.

A development property is reclassified as a mining property at the end of the commissioning phase, when the mine is capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

No depreciation is recognised in respect of development properties.

Development properties are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy on impairment of assets.

(xi) Mining properties

When further development expenditure is incurred in respect of a mining property after the commencement of production, such expenditure is carried forward as part of the mining property when it is probable that additional future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the consolidated entity. Otherwise such expenditure is classified as a cost of production.

Depreciation is charged using the units-of-production method, with separate calculations being made for each area of interest. The units-of-production basis results in a depreciation charge proportional to the depletion of proved, probable and estimated reserves.

Mining properties are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy on impairment of assets.

(xii) Impairment

Financial instruments

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xiii) Investments

Investments in controlled entities are carried at cost. Cost includes the purchase price of the entity as well as directly attributable costs associated with the acquisition. Directly attributable costs are capitalised only once there is written agreement to acquire the entity.

(xiv) Interests in Joint Ventures

The consolidated entity's share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of jointly controlled assets has been included in the appropriate line items of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated entity's interests in joint venture entities are brought to account using the interests in joint venture operation are brought to account using the proportionate consolidation method.

Where the consolidated entity contributes assets to the joint venture or if the consolidated entity purchases assets from the joint venture, only the portion of the gain or loss that is not attributable to the consolidated entity's share of the joint venture shall be recognised. The consolidated entity however will recognise the full amount of any loss when the contribution results in a reduction in the net realisable value of current assets or an impairment loss.

(xv) Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the consolidated entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Trade date accounting is adopted for financial assets that are delivered within timeframes established by marketplace convention.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity is no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are held for trading for the purpose of short term profit taking, where they are derivatives not held for hedging purposes. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xv) Financial instruments (Cont.)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the consolidated entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as such or that are not classified in any of the other categories. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Derivative instruments

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to the statement of comprehensive income unless they are designated as hedges. Assessments are made by the consolidated entity both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the statement of comprehensive income, together with any changes in the fair value of hedged assets or liabilities that are attributable to the hedged risk.

Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is deferred to a hedge reserve in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. Amounts accumulated in the hedge reserve in equity are transferred to the statement of comprehensive income in the periods when the hedged item will affect profit or loss.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xv) Financial instruments (Cont.)

Impairment

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses.

Trade and other payables

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received. Trade accounts payable are normally settled within 60 days.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings

Interest bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowing on an effective interest basis.

Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains or losses and gains or losses on hedging instruments that are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The interest expense component of finance lease payments is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency transactions

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined. Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xvi) Lease payments

Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straightline basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an integral part of the total lease expense and spread over the lease term.

Finance lease payments

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

(xvii) Employee benefits

Provision has been made for benefits accruing to employees in relation to annual leave, long service leave, workers' compensation and vested sick leave. No provision is made for non-vesting sick leave.

All on-costs, including payroll tax, workers' compensation premiums, superannuation and fringe benefits tax are included in the determination of provisions. Vested sick leave, and the current portion of annual leave, long service leave and workers' compensation provisions are measured at the amount of the expected payment to the employee.

The portions of annual leave, long service leave and workers' compensation provisions expected to be settled later than one year, are discounted using interest rates on national government guaranteed securities with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

(xviii) Share based payments

Certain employees may be entitled to participate in option ownership schemes. The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the vesting period being the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value of options granted is measured using a recognised valuation model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised in expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest except where forfeiture is only due to share prices not achieving the threshold for vesting.

(xix) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Warranties

Provision is made in respect of the consolidated entity's estimated liability on all products and services under warranty at the reporting date. The provision is measured as the present value of future cash flows estimated to be required to settle the warranty obligation. The future cash flows have been estimated by reference to the consolidated entity's history of warranty claims.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xix) **Provisions** (Cont.)

Project closure

At the completion of some projects the consolidated entity has a liability for redundancy and the cost of relocating crushing and other mobile plant. An assessment is undertaken on the probability that such expenses will be incurred in the normal business of contracting services and is provided for in the financial statements.

Rehabilitation

In accordance with the consolidated entity's legal requirements, provision is made for the anticipated costs of future restoration and rehabilitation of areas from which natural resources have been extracted. The provision includes costs associated with dismantling of assets, reclamation, plant closure, waste site closure, monitoring, demolition and decontamination. The provision is based upon current costs and has been determined on a discounted basis with reference to current legal requirements and current technology.

Each period the impact of unwinding of the discount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as a financing cost. Any change in the restoration provision is recorded against the carrying value of the provision and the related asset, only to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the restoration expenditure will flow to the entity, with the effect being recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a prospective basis over the remaining life of the relevant operation. The restoration provision is separated into current (estimated costs arising within 12 months) and non-current components based on the expected timing of these cash flows.

Onerous contracts

A provision for onerous contracts is recognised when the expected benefits to be derived by the consolidated entity from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

(xx) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net profit after income tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(xxi) Australian goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xxi) Australian goods and services tax (Cont.)

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(xxii) Share capital

Dividends are not provided for as a liability in the period in which they are declared.

Transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit.

(xxiii) Comparatives

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards, comparative information has been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(xxiv) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Provisions

Refer to note 1 (xix) and note 18.

Impairment of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives

The consolidated entity assesses goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives for impairment at least annually. These calculations involve an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives are allocated.

Useful lives of plant and equipment

The consolidated entity assesses the useful life of plant and equipment assets annually. The useful life is assessed with reference to the assets operational activity and commitments and adjustments made to reflect the duty expected of the plant and equipment. Adjustments to depreciation rates of plant and equipment where the expected useful life is deemed to have changed is reflected in the notes to this financial report.

The financial effect of this change in estimates on future financial years can not be disclosed as the future estimated life of the assets involved cannot be reliably estimated.

Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the consolidated entity decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors which could impact the future recoverability include the level of proved, probable and inferred mineral resources, future technological changes which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is determined not to be recoverable in the future, this will reduce profits and net assets in the period in which this determination is made.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

(xxiv) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Cont.)

In addition, exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised if activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. To the extent that it is determined in the future that this capitalised expenditure should be written off, this will reduce profits and net assets in the period in which this determination is made.

Note 2: Statement of operations by segments

Business segments

Mineral Resources Limited has identified its operating segments based on internal management reports that are reviewed by the executive committee in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

The measurement of segment results is in line with the basis of information presented to management for internal management reporting purposes and the performance of each segment is measure based on underlying EBIT contribution.

The accounting policies applied for internal reporting purposes are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

	Mining Se Proces		Mini	ing	Consoli	dated
	Jun-11 \$'000	Jun-10 \$'000	Jun-11 \$'000	Jun-10 \$'000	Jun-11 \$'000	Jun-10 \$'000
Segment Revenue						
External revenue	609,518	312,643	-	-	609,518	312,643
Revenue between segments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	5,025	2,237	241	167	5,266	2,404
Interest expense	(5,609)	(5,113)	(29)	-	(5,638)	(5,113)
Depreciation & amortisation	(26,216)	(19,252)	(59)	(44)	(26,275)	(19,296)
Reportable segment profit						
before income tax	206,792	82,310	2,123	(651)	208,915	81,659
Income tax expense	(59,945)	(38,073)	1,523	53,599	(58,422)	15,526
Profit for the year	146,847	44,237	3,646	52,948	150,493	97,185
Reportable segment assets	681,148	568,887	288,909	275,929	970,057	844,816
Exploration assets	36,379	36,468	226,545	221,430	262,924	257,898
Reportable segment liabilities	272,470	300,360	70,081	58,777	342,551	359,137
Segment capital expenditure	191,163	68,284	729	-	191,892	68,284

Other segment information

i. Segment revenue

Revenues from external customers can be separated into the following categories; contract and operational revenue, the sale of goods and equipment and equipment rental. A breakdown of these revenues per class of product and service is detailed in Note 3.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 2: Statement of operations by segments (Cont.)

ii. Revenue by geographical region

Revenue attributable to external customers is disclosed below, based on the location of the external customer:

	30 June 2011	30 June 2010
	\$000	\$000
Australia	462,437	235,346
China	147,081	77,297
Total revenue	609,518	312,643

iii. Assets by geographical region

All assets used in the operations of the company are located in Australia.

iv. Major customers

Revenue from services provided and mining product sold was comprised of the following clients and buyers who each on a proportionate basis equated to greater than 10% of total sales for the period.

Customer	2011 \$'000	2011 % of total revenue
Customer #1	80,855	13.3
Customer #2	78,767	12.9
Customer	2010 \$'000	2010 % of total revenue
Customer #1	52 440	
Customer #1	53.449	17.1
Customer #1 Customer #2	53,449 49,397	17.1 15.8

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolidated	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Note 3: Revenue		
Revenue from continuing operations		
Contract and operational revenue	232,644	155,324
Sale of goods and equipment	376,128	153,555
Equipment rental	746	3,764
	609,518	312,643
Other income		
Interest income	5,266	2,404
Administration charges	-	654
Profit on sale of fixed assets	3,067	6,008
Gain on sale of financial assets	19,581	-
Other	820	768
	28,734	9,834

Note 4: Profit before income tax

Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses not disclosed separately on the face of the statement of comprehensive income and included within other expenses:

Rental expenses relating to operating		
leases	3,862	2,335
Travel and accommodation	8,755	3,772
Bank fees and charges	1,862	1,204
Foreign exchange loss	1,700	-
Other	15,299	7,260
	31,478	14,571

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolid	lated
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Note 5: Income tax expense		
The components of tax expense comprise:		
Current tax	26,274	15,283
Deferred tax	34,850	(31,249)
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior		
years	(2,702)	440
	58,422	(15,526)
The prima facie income tax expense on pre- tax accounting profit reconciles to the income tax expense in the financial statements as follows:		
Profit before income tax	208,915	81,659
Prima facie tax thereon at 30%	62,674	24,498
Other non allowable items	379	2,223
Research and development concessions	(1,109)	(5,470)
Investment allowance	-	(1,365)
Tax consolidation recognition of temporary		
differences	-	(24,580)
Employee share trust	(1,208)	(1,196)
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses and temporary differences of		
prior periods	-	(10,076)
Tax losses and temporary differences not recognised	388	-
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior	(2,702)	450
years Income tax expense/(benefit) attributable	(2,702)	430
income tax expense/(benefit) attributable	58,422	(15,526)

All unused tax losses were incurred by Australian entities that are not part of the tax consolidated group.

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolidated	
	2011	2010
	\$'000	\$'000
Note 6: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and on hand	94,141	57,598
Deposits at call	86,315	116,872
	180,456	174,470

Cash at bank and on hand is interest bearing at 4.75%.

Deposits at call are interest bearing at between 4.75% and 5.85%.

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in Note 28.

Note 7: Trade and other receivables

Current		
Trade and other debtors	107,980	57,690
Add		
Offset against provision for impairment	(978)	(912)
	107,002	56,778
Non current		
Amounts receivable from associated		
entities	-	10
Security deposits	3,385	-
	3,385	10

Movements in the provision for impairment of receivables are as follows:

Opening balance	(912)	(986)
Provision movement during the year	(66)	74
Closing balance	(978)	(912)

Past due but not impaired

As of 30 June 2011, trade receivables of \$6,172,000 (2010: \$18,389,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	60 days	90 days +	Total past due
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Past due trade receivables	4,337	1,835	6,172

Foreign exchange and interest rate risk

Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk in relation to trade and other receivables is provided in Note 28.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolidated	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Note 8: Inventories		
Current Raw materials and stores Amounts due from customers under	17,043	19,695
construction contracts Work in progress	2,357	8,273 2,411
	19,400	30,379
Construction contracts		
Contract costs incurred to date Profit recognised to date	55,547 5,267	73,247 3,625
	60,814	76,872
Less: progress billings received and receivable	(60,310)	(136,847)
Net construction work in progress	504	(59,975)
Amounts due from customers Amounts due to customers (Note 16)	2,357 (1,853) 504	8,273 (68,248) (59,975)
Note 9: Other assets		
Current Prepayments	2,013	776
Note 10: Exploration and evaluation expenditure		
Opening balance	257,898	_
Acquisition through business combinations		256,294
Additions	5,299	2,307
Disposals Write offe	-	(463)
Write offs	(273) 262,924	(240) 257,898
	202,72 T	<i>231</i> ,070

The recoverability of the carrying amount of these assets is dependent on the successful exploitation of the areas of interest.

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolida	ated
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Note 11: Financial assets		
Current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,044	<u> </u>
Non current Available-for-sale financial assets	2,739	4,350
 (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Net gain recognised as a result of the fair valuation of foreign exchange contracts 	4,044	-
Held for trading financial liabilities comprise Net loss recognised as a result of the fair valuation of foreign exchange contracts (Note 17)		(993)

The consolidated entity has entered into forward exchange contracts which are economic hedges but do not satisfy the requirements for hedge accounting. These contracts are accounted for as held for trading. Changes in the fair value of these contracts are recorded in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Note 11: Financial assets (Cont.)

investments at fair value	2,739	4,350
Total available-for-sale	1,302	2,400
Unlisted investments, at fair value Financial asset	1,362	2,400
Listed investments, at fair value Shares in listed corporations	1,377	1,950
(b) Available-for-sale financial assets		

Fair value of shares in listed companies is determined by the closing price on the reporting date.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 12: Investments accounted for using the equity method

Interests are held in the following unlisted associated companies

Name	Principal Activities	Country of Incorpor- ation	Shares	Ownership Interest		Carry amount of investment	
				2011 %	2010 %	2011 \$000	2010 \$000
Minprocess Group Inc.	Mineral processing	Philippines	Ord	40	40	66	66
Iron Processing Group Inc.	Mineral processing	Philippines	Ord	40	40	54	54
Process Minerals International Pty Ltd Inc.	Mineral processing	Philippines	Ord	40	40	70	69
					_	190	189

	Consolidated		
2011	2010		
\$'000	\$'000		

Assets, Liabilities and Performance of Associates

Associates		
Current assets	27	27
Non-current assets	189	189
Total assets	216	216
Current liabilities	(19)	(19)
Non-current liabilities	(733)	(733)
Total liabilities	(752)	(752)
Net assets	(536)	(536)
Revenues	-	-
Profit after income tax of associates	-	(28)

Ownership interest in Minprocess Group Inc, Iron Processing Group Inc and Process Minerals International Pty Ltd Inc, at the company's balance date was 40% of ordinary shares. The reporting date of the associates is 30 June.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 13: Plant and equipment

Consolidated	Plant & Equipment Financed Cost	Plant & Equipment Cost	Beneficiation Plant Cost	Tracked Plant & Equipment Fair value	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 July 2009					
Cost or fair value	90,782	61,891	57,000	4,801	214,474
Accumulated Depreciation	(44,254)	(10,924)	-	(2,263)	(57,441)
	46,528	50,967	57,000	2,538	157,033
Year ended 30 June 2010					
Opening	46,528	50,967	57,000	2,538	157,033
Addition	21,957	66,468	-	-	88,425
Transfers	(11,741)	11,741	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(11,423)	-	-	(11,423)
Depreciation charge	(9,208)	(10,088)	-(*)	-(*)	(19,296)
Closing	47,536	107,665	57,000	2,538	214,739
At 1 July 2010					
Cost or fair value	64,420	159,296	57,000	4,801	285,517
Accumulated Depreciation	(16,884)	(51,631)	-	(2,263)	(70,778)
-	47,536	107,665	57,000	2,538	214,739
Year ended 30 June 2011					
Opening	47,536	107,665	57,000	2,538	214,739
Addition	30,862	161,030	-	_,	191,892
Transfers	(17,816)	17,816	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(3,800)	(57,000)	(62)	(60,862)
Depreciation charge	(5,563)	(20,712)	-(*)	-(*)	(26,275)
Closing	55,019	261,999	-	2,476	319,494
At 30 June 2011					
Cost or fair value	65,173	345,182	-	3,758	414,113
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,154)	(83,183)	-	(1,282)	(94,619)
1	55,019	261,999	-	2,476	319,494
		, .		/	/

Assets in the course of construction

The carrying amounts of the assets disclosed above includes \$153,346,000 (2010: \$31,050,580) recognised in relation to property, plant and equipment in the course of construction.

Notes:

(*) In accordance with accounting policy, beneficiation plant and tracked plant and equipment are depreciated on a usage basis. No depreciation charge recognised as beneficiation plant and tracked plant and equipment assets not in use during the year.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 14: Intangible assets

Consolidated	Goodwill	Patents	Port Access	Operating lease	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2010 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	10,235 	10,921 	14,303 - 14,303	7,038 	42,497
Opening Additions – acquisition of subsidiary Amortisation charge Closing balance	10,235 	10,921 	- 14,303 - 14,303	7,038 	10,235 32,262
2011 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	10,235 	10,984 	15,767 	7,038 	44,024
Opening Additions Amortisation charge Closing balance	10,235 	10,921 63 - 10,984	14,303 1,464 - 15,767	7,038 	42,497 1,527 - 44,024

Impairment tests for cash generating units containing goodwill

The following cash generating units have significant carrying amounts of goodwill.

	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
PIHA Pty Ltd	8,817	8,817
Process Minerals International Pty Ltd	1,418	1,418
	10,235	10,235

The recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is based on value-in-use calculations. The calculations use cash flow projections based on the following year's budget and plan, extended over a period of five years. Cash flows into perpetuity are extrapolated using a growth factor relevant to the sector and business plan. A pre-tax discount rate is applied adjusted for the risk of the industry in which each unit operates.

Goodwill has an indefinite life.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 14: Intangible assets (Cont.)

Impairment Disclosures

The recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit above is determined based on value-in-use calculations. Value-in-use is calculated based on the present value of cash flow projections over a five-year period. The cash flows are discounted using the target weighted average cost of capital for the consolidated entity.

The following assumptions were used in the value-in-use calculations:

Discount rate – 11% (2010: 11%) Growth rate of cash flows – nil (2010: nil)

Management has based the value-in-use calculations on budgets for each cash generating unit. These budgets use historical weighted average growth rates to project revenue. Costs are calculated taking into account historical gross margins as well as estimated weighted average inflation rates over the period which is consistent with inflation rates applicable to the locations in which the segments operate. Discount rates are pre-tax and are adjusted to incorporate risks associated with a particular cash generating unit.

	Consolidated		
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	
Note 15: Deferred tax assets and liabilities			
Deferred tax assets			
Opening balance	62,730	10,127	
Charged / (credited) to statement of			
comprehensive income	(39,419)	46,970	
Charged / (credited) to equity	1,075	4,991	
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	642	
	24,386	62,730	
Deferred tax assets represented by:			
- trade and other receivables	298	3,293	
- financial assets	1,121	1,072	
- plant and equipment	-	1,898	
- provisions	5,987	5,001	
- borrowings	16	69	
- employee share trust	3,111	4,328	
- tax losses	10,839	45,539	
- other	3,014	1,530	
	24,386	62,730	

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 15: Deferred tax assets and liabilities (Cont.)

	Consolidated		
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	
Deferred tax liabilities			
Opening balance	108,028	14,890	
Charged / (credited) to statement of comprehensive income	(4,595)	17,577	
Charged / (credited) to equity	(930)	(930)	
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	76,491	
	102,503	108,028	
Deferred tax liabilities represented by:			
- trade and other receivables	3,364	1,895	
- inventory	8	129	
- financial assets	517	129	
- plant and equipment	19,737	28,506	
- exploration and evaluation	78,877	77,369	
	102,503	108,028	
Current Unsecured liabilities Trade creditors and accruals Amounts due to customers under construction contracts (Note 8)	89,837 1,853	74,580 68,248	
	91,690	142,828	
Non current Unsecured liabilities - trade creditors and accruals		15	
Note 17: Borrowings			
Current Secured liabilities			
- bank loan	50,000	14,100	
- finance lease liabilities	14,378	12,644	
- held for trading (Note 11)	-	993	
	64,378	27,737	
Non current Secured liabilities			
- bank loans	8,596	45,000	
- finance lease liabilities	29,063	14,525	
	37,659	59,525	
	51,037	59,543	

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 17: Borrowings (Cont.)

Details of the security held is as follows:

Bank facilities are secured by:

- Registered mortgage debentures over the whole of the assets and undertakings of each of the parent entity and its controlled entities;
- Negative pledges with respect to financial covenants; and
- Interlocking guarantees.

Finance lease liabilities are secured over individual assets financed in the normal operation of a finance lease agreement, in the first instance and then by the bank security described above.

Bank loans are in the form of a floating rate bill facility to be converted into an equipment loan. The floating rate bill rolls periodically and the company has the right to have it converted upon reaching certain criteria as set out in its banking contract into an equipment loan which will have a maturity date of 28 February 2015. Until the bill facility is converted into an equipment loan it is classified as a current liability.

Finance facilities

(a) The consolidated entity has access to the following lines of credit:

	Consolidated		
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	
Bank overdraft Limit Amount utilised	3,600	3,600	
Unused facility	3,600	3,600	
Finance lease liabilities			
Limit	77,000	127,000	
Amount utilised Unused facility	(42,073) 34,927	(27,170) 99,830	
Bank loans			
Limit	58,722	64,100	
Amount utilised	(58,596)	(59,100)	
Unused facility	126	5,000	

Facility use, expiry and interest rates:

Bank overdraft

This facility is an overdraft offset facility that can be drawn to a maximum of \$3,600,000. The facility is renewable on an annual basis and is due for renewal on 31 December 2011. Interest is charged on this account at the National Australia Bank Indicator Rate plus a margin of 0.75%. At the balance date this rate was 10.51% per annum. This rate can vary.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 17: Borrowings (Cont.)

Finance lease facilities

Finance lease contracts are utilised to finance the acquisition of plant and equipment. The consolidated group has a combination of a revolving limit and separately approved finance lease contracts. The contracts are negotiated on current interest rates and terms depend on the particular equipment purchased and the contract expires on completion of the payment schedule. Average interest rates and the unexpired terms of the contracts are disclosed in Note 28.

Bank loan

Bank loans are in the form of a floating rate bill facility.

Bill facility \$50m

This floating rate bill rolls periodically and the company has the right to have it converted upon reaching certain criteria as set out in its banking contract into an equipment loan which will have a maturity date of 28 February 2015. Until the bill facility is converted into an equipment loan it is classified as a current liability. The interest rate of this facility is 5.86%.

Bill facility \$8.596m

The floating rate bill has an expiry rate of 31 December 2013. The interest rate of this facility is 5.91%.

Note 18: Provisions

Consolidated	Employee Entitlements \$'000	Warranty \$'000	Project Closure \$'000	Site Rehabilitation \$'000	Total \$'000
0011					
2011	1 7 2 2	0.50	4.615	(270	16.660
Opening balance	4,732	952	4,615	6,370	16,669
Additional provisions	6,903	693	1,031	-	8,627
Amounts used	(4,806)	(444)	-	-	(5,250)
Closing balance	6,829	1,201	5,646	6,370	20,046
Current	6,768	1,201	1,335		9,304
Non-current	61	1,201	4,311	6,370	10,742
Non-current	-	-			
	6,829	1,201	5,646	6,370	20,046
2010					
Opening balance	3,819	620	6,328	6,370	17,137
Additional provisions	4,881	375	-	-	5,256
Amounts used	(3,968)	(43)	(1,713)	-	(5,724)
Closing balance	4,732	952	4,615	6,370	16,669
Current	4,732	952	-	-	5,684
Non-current	-	-	4,615	6,370	10,985
	4,732	952	4,615	6,370	16,669

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 18: Provisions (Cont.)

Provision for Warranties

Provision is made in respect of the consolidated entity's estimated liability on all products and services under warranty at balance date. The provision is measured as the present value of future cash flows estimated to be required to settle the warranty obligation. The future cash flows have been estimated by reference to the consolidated entity's history of warranty claims.

Provision for Project Closure

At the completion of some projects the consolidated entity has a liability for redundancy and the cost of relocating crushing and other mobile plant. An assessment is undertaken on the probability that such expenses will be incurred in the normal business of contracting services and is provided for in the financial statements.

Provision for Site Rehabilitation

In accordance with the consolidated entity's legal requirements, provision is made for the anticipated costs of future restoration and rehabilitation of areas from which natural resources have been extracted. The provision includes costs associated with dismantling of assets, reclamation, plant closure, waste site closure, monitoring, demolition and decontamination. The provision is based upon current costs and has been determined on a discounted basis with reference to current legal requirements and current technology.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 19: Share Capital

(a) Issued and paid up capital

Issued and paid up capital of the company is 169,168,017 ordinary shares (2010: 161,283,695) at 30 June 2011.

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings.

(b) Movements in share capital

	2011 Number	2010 Number	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Opening balance	161,283,695	124,182,776	315,526	72,782
Shares issued and purchased by director Shares issued for cash	-	500,000	-	-
under on market placements Share options exercised by	-	7,750,000	-	52,312
directors	-	1,500,000	-	1,350
Employee share options exercised Unlisted share options	1,342,650	2,362,490	2,820	5,018
exercised by recipients of consideration for acquisition of Polaris				
Metals NL Unlisted share options exercised by Hancock	795,000		4,397	
Prospecting Pty Ltd Shares issued for acquisition of Polaris	5,000,000	-	30,250	-
Metals NL Shares issued for acquisition of Mesa	-	19,991,482	-	144,711
Minerals Limited	634,390	4,996,947	4,138	34,437
Shares issued for dividend reinvestment	112,282	-	1,278	-
Employee share trust contributions	-	-	1,075	3,131
Share based payments	-	-	135	2,885
Share issue costs	-	-	-	(1,100)
Closing balance	169,168,017	161,283,695	359,619	315,526

Note 19: Share Capital (Cont.)

(c) Options

For information relating to the Mineral Resources Limited employee share option plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and the options outstanding at year end, refer to Note 26 Share based payments.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

For information relating to share options issued to key management personnel during the financial year, refer to Note 26 Share based payments.

(d) Capital management

The consolidated entity manages its capital to ensure that entities in the group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the consolidated entity consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 17, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained earnings. Management and the Board balances the capital structure through payment of dividends, issue of new shares, repayment of existing debt and the acquisition of new debt.

The consolidated entity's overall capital management strategy remains unchanged from 2010.

Note 20: Reserves

Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records the revaluations of tracked plant and equipment.

Movement in the asset revaluation reserve:

	Consolid	lated
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Opening balance	5,386	4,456
Net change in fair value	(459)	930
Closing balance	4,927	5,386

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolida	ated
	2011	2010
	\$'000	\$'000
Note 21: Cash flow information		
(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand	180,456	174,470
	180,456	174,470
(b) Cash flows from operations		
Profit after tax	150,493	97,185
Non-cash flows in profit		
Depreciation and amortisation	26,275	19,296
Share based payments expense	135	2,884
Exploration written off	-	704
Net gain on disposal of plant and		
equipment	(3,067)	(6,008)
Net gain on disposal of investments	(19,581)	-
Impairment losses	1,038	1,172
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables	(52,230)	(18,090)
Inventories	10,979	(14,059)
Other current assets	(1,237)	51
Financial assets	(5,037)	188
Trade payables and accruals	(51,153)	99,700
Provisions	3,377	(468)
Financial liabilities	-	993
Deferred tax assets	39,419	(49,471)
Current tax liability	21,940	(665)
Deferred tax liability	(4,595)	17,577
Cash flows from operations	116,756	150,989

During the year, the consolidated group acquired plant and equipment with an aggregate value of \$30,862,000 (2010: \$21,957,000) by means of finance leases.

Note 22: Operating and finance leases

The operating leases have been entered into as a means of acquiring access to property. Rental payments are generally fixed.

Non cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised: Payable:		
- not later than one year	4.586	1,744
- later than one year but not later than five	.,	-,,
years	5,230	1,426
- later than five years	-	-
	9,816	3,170

The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five-year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Rental provisions within the lease agreement require that minimum lease payments shall be increased 3.5% per annum. An option exists to renew the lease at the end of the five-year term for an additional term of five years.

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolidated		
	2011	2010	
Note 22. On anothing and finance losses	\$'000	\$'000	
Note 22: Operating and finance leases			
Finance lease liabilities			
Payable:			
- not later than one year	17,130	14,184	
- later than one year but not later than five	30,709	15 904	
years - later than five years	50,709	15,804	
Minimum finance lease payments	47,839	29,988	
Less future finance charges	(4,398)	(2,819)	
Total finance lease liabilities	43,441	27,169	
Reconciled to:			
- Current liabilities	14,378	12,644	
- Non current liabilities	29,063	14,525	
-	43,441	27,169	
Note 23: Commitments			
Capital commitments			
Capital expenditure commitments			
contracted for:			
Plant and equipment purchases within			
one year	52,426	43,194	
N.C			
Mining expenditure commitments - not later than one year	1,800	1,800	
- later than one year but not later than	1,000	1,800	
five years	-	-	
- later than five years	-		
	1,800	1,800	

In order to maintain current rights to explore and mine the tenements held, the group is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the expenditure requirements specified by the Department of Mines and Petroleum.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 24: Controlled entities

(a) Controlled entities

The financial statements include the following controlled entities. The financial years of all controlled entities are the same as that of the Parent entity.

	Country of Incorporation and	Class	Equity	Holding
	Operation		2011 %	2010 %
Parent entity:				
Mineral Resources Limited	Australia			
Controlled entities:				
Crushing Services International Pty Ltd	Australia	Large Proprietary	100.00%	100.00%
Eclipse Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	Small Proprietary	100.00%	100.00%
HiTec Energy Pty Ltd	Australia	Small Proprietary	64.23%	57.40%
Mesa Minerals Limited	Australia	Public Listed	64.23%	57.40%
PIHA Pty Ltd	Australia	Large Proprietary	100.00%	100.00%
Polaris Metals Pty Ltd (previously Polaris Metals NL)	Australia	Small Proprietary	100.00%	100.00%
Process Minerals International Pty Ltd	Australia	Large Proprietary	100.00%	100.00%

(b) Deed of cross guarantee

The parent entity has not entered into a deed of cross guarantee whereby the parent entity will provide that all parties to the deed will guarantee to each creditor payment in full of any debt of each company participating in the deed on winding up of that company.

Note 25: Key management personnel disclosures

The following were key management personnel of the consolidated entity at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period:

Non executive directors:

- Mr J Ricciardo
- Mr M Dutton
- Mr K Flynn
- Mr PR Welker**

** appointed 1 December 2010

Executive directors:

- Mr P Wade (Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director)
- Mr C Ellison (Executive Director, Business Development)

Executives:

- Mr B Gavranich (General Manager, PIHA)
- Mr S Wyatt (General Manager, CSI)
- Mr D Geraghty (Technical Director, PMI)
- Mr B Goulds (Chief Financial Officer)

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 25: Key management personnel disclosures (Cont.)

Remuneration of key management personnel

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2011.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the Group during the year are as follows:

	Consolidated			
	2011	2010		
	\$'000	\$'000		
Short-term employee benefits	2,894,861	2,378,820		
Post-employment benefits	251,811	229,889		
Other long-term benefits	-	-		
Share-based payments	-	1,183,424		
	3,146,672	3,792,133		

Loans to key management personnel and their related parties

A loan was made in a prior period to a director (Mark Dutton) for the purpose of acquiring 500,000 shares in the company. Details of the loan are disclosed in Note 26.

Equity instruments

No equity instruments were granted to directors or key management personnel during the year.

Exercise of options granted as remuneration

There were no amounts unpaid on the shares issued as a result of the exercise of options.

Key personnel option holdings

	Opening	Granted	Exercised	Closing	Vested	Unvested
	Balance			Balance		
D Geraghty	600,000	-	200,000	400,000	400,000	-

Equity holdings and transactions

The movement during the current year in the number of ordinary shares of Mineral Resources Limited held directly or indirectly by each key management person, including their related parties is as follows:

	Opening Balance	Options	Purchase on	Sales on open	Closing
		Exercised	open market	market	Balance
P Wade	4,416,162	-	-	(1,000,000)	3,416,162
J Ricciardo	2,055,750	-	-	(107,880)	1,947,870
C Ellison	35,804,065	-	-	(5,356,250)	30,447,815
M Dutton	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
S Wyatt	11,757,344	-	-	-	11,757,344
B Gavranich	9,604,595	-	-	(2,850,175)	6,754,420
D Geraghty	1,267,487	200,000	-	(27,688)	1,439,799
B Goulds	500,000	-	-	(200,000)	300,000

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 26: Share based payments

The following share based payment arrangements existed at 30 June 2011.

David Geraghty's options

As part of David Geraghty's engagement as Technical Director of Process Minerals, he has been allocated up to 600,000 Options exercisable at an average price of \$1.90 and an expiry date of 3 years after the date of issue. The securities have been issued in 3 equal tranches on 15 January 2008, 15 January 2009 and 15 January 2010. A total of 400,000 options remain unexercised.

Mark Dutton's Share Loan

On 14 December 2009, the Company provided Mark Dutton (a director), with an interest free loan of \$3,345,000 to purchase 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company based on the Volume Weighted Average Price per share for the 5 trading days prior to issue of the shares (\$6.69). The shares were issued under the MRL Senior Employee Share Purchase Plan and Loan Scheme. Provision of the loan and Mark's participation in the Senior Employee Share Purchase Plan and Loan Scheme, was approved by shareholders at the annual general meeting on 19 November 2009.

The Loan is for a fixed term of three years from the date of issue of the shares. Mark may choose to repay the loan in the following ways:

- pay the Company the balance owing at the end of the three year term, or
- hand back the shares to the Company in full satisfaction of the balance owing at the end of the three year term,

unless a Termination Event occurs, in which case the loan will be repayable in accordance with the Termination Event, or if Mark sells some or all of the shares prior to the end of the term he is required to pay the Company that part of the loan attributable to the shares sold within 21 days of the sale.

Termination Events

- Should Mr Dutton resign as a director of the Company, the balance owing is payable in full within 3 months of termination or he may hand back any shares he holds in full satisfaction of the balance;
- Should the board of the Company terminate Mr Dutton's contract of service for misconduct or breach of his director's duties, the balance owing is payable in full within 3 months of the termination date or he may hand back any shares he holds in full satisfaction of the balance owing;
- Should the shareholders of the Company vote to remove Mr Dutton from the office of director of the Company or his contract of service is terminated by some other means not relating to any misconduct or breach or his director's duties, the balance owing is payable at the expiration of the three year term of the loan or within 12 months of his termination date whichever date is the earlier or he may hand back any shares he holds in full satisfaction of the balance owing.

In addition, Mr Dutton has and will receive the following Fixed Payments associated with the share purchase arrangement:

- \$100,000 on signing the loan documents,
- \$100,000 on the first anniversary of the shareholder approval,
- \$100,000 on the second anniversary of the shareholder approval, and
- \$150,000 on the third anniversary of the shareholder approval,

on the following conditions:

- At the relevant payment times above he has not resigned as a director of the Company or has given notice of his resignation nor will he have been removed from office and he will have served as a director for at least 10 of the 12 months prior to the payment time,
- In the event the Loan is repaid he will receive the balance of Fixed Payments within 21 days of the loan being repaid in full,
- In the event he chooses to hand back the company's shares in full satisfaction of the loan, no further fixed payments will be made.
- The Company will pay any fringe benefits tax payable in respect of the Loan.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 26: Share based payments (Cont.)

- The company may release an appropriate number of shares from any mortgage that it has taken in respect of the shares, having regard to any reduction in the balance of the loan or any increase in the value of the shares.
- During the period no shares have been sold and no repayments made in respect of the loan.

Options

Options on issue at balance date	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	18,481,900	
Issued	100,000	4.03
Exercised	(7,137,650)	5.25
Expired	(50,000)	1.80
Outstanding at year-end	11,394,250	5.66
Exercisable at year-end	11,394,250	5.66

Share based payment expense

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the period as part of employee benefit expenses were as follows:

	Consolidated			
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000		
Options issued under employee option plan Shares issued under employee share	135,000	1,874,575		
scheme	-	1,009,824		
	135,000	2,884,399		

Note 27: Auditor's remuneration

Remuneration of the auditors of the parent entity:

Audit Services Auditors of the Company		
RSM Bird Cameron Partners: Audit and review of financial reports	389,500	227,500
Other auditors		
Audit and review of financial reports	10,653	-
-	400,153	227,500
Other services		
Auditors of the Company		
RSM Bird Cameron Partners:		
Taxation services	162,715	139,694
	162,715	139,694
	562,868	367,194

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 28: Financial instruments

Financial risk management policies

The consolidated entity's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, loans to and from subsidiaries, leases, and derivatives.

The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for group operations. Derivatives are used by the consolidated group for hedging purposes. Such instruments consist of forward exchange contracts. The consolidated entity does not speculate in the trading of derivative instruments.

Treasury risk management

The Chief Financial Officer manages financial risk exposure and treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts. The overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the consolidated group in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. The Board reviews treasury risk strategies on a regular basis.

Financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk, and credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate unutilised borrowing facilities are maintained.

At 30 June 2011, the Group had unutilised standby credit facilities totalling \$38,653,000 (2010: \$108,430,000).

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. As the amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, these balances will not necessarily agree with the amounts disclosed in the statement of financial position.

	30 June 2011			30 June 2010						
	Less than 6 months \$'000	6 to 12 Months \$'000	1 to 5 Years \$'000	Over 5 Years \$'000	Total \$'000	Less than 6 months \$'000	6 to 12 Months \$`000	1 to 5 Years \$'000	Over 5 Years \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial liabilities due for payment										
Trade and other payables Borrowings	91,690				91,690	142,828			-	142,828
Bonowings	9,783	58,859	37,009	784	106,435	7,092	21,192	15,804	45,000	89,088
	101,473	58,859	37,009	784	198,125	149,920	21,192	15,804	45,000	231,916
Financial assets – cash flows realisable Cash and cash equivalents	180,456	-	-	-	180,456	174,470	-	-	-	174,470
Trade and other receivables Other financial assets	106,348 1,377	654	-	-	107,002 2,739	56,788	- 1,950	2,400	-	56,788 4,350
Other Infancial assets	288,181	654	1,362	-	<u>2,739</u> 290,197	231,258	1,950 1,950	2,400	-	235,608
Net (outflow)/inflow on financial instruments	186,708	(58,205)	(35,647)	(784)	92,072	81,338	(19,242)	(13,404)	(45,000)	3,692

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 28: Financial instruments (Cont.)

Credit risk exposures

Credit exposure represents the extent of credit related losses to which the consolidated entity may be subject on amounts to be received from financial assets. The consolidated entity, while exposed to credit related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties to financial instruments, does not expect that any counterparties will fail to meet their obligations.

The consolidated entity's exposures to on-statement of financial position credit risk are as indicated by the carrying amounts of its financial assets. The consolidated entity does not have a significant exposure to any individual counterparty.

Foreign currency risk

The consolidated entity is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies arising from the sale of goods in currencies other than the group's measurement currency.

The consolidated entity enters into forward exchange contracts to buy and sell specified amounts of foreign currencies in the future at stipulated exchange rates. The objective in entering the forward exchange contracts is to protect the consolidated entity against unfavourable exchange rate movements for both the contracted and anticipated future sales undertaken in foreign currencies.

At balance date, the details of outstanding forward exchange contracts are:

	Buy Australian Dollars		Average Exchange Rate	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011	2010
Sell United States Dollars Settlement less than 6 months	44,085	49,458	0.9754	0.8694

Contracts above relate to the July to September 2011 period (2010: August to October 2010).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is managed fixed rate debt. It is the policy of the group to keep all debt on fixed interest rates unless funding plants constructions that are drawn down using flexible rate equipment loans that are converted to fixed rate instruments on completion of the project.

The consolidated entity is exposed to interest rate risk as follows:

	Effective Interest Rate	Total	Floating Interest Rate	1 year or less	Over 1 year to 5 years
Cash and cash equivalents	2.80%	180,456	180,456	-	-
Interest bearing liabilities – current*	6.16%	64,378	-	64,378	-
Interest bearing liabilities – non current*	6.80%	37,659	-	-	37,659
Consolidated 2010	Effective Interest Rate	Total	Floating Interest Rate	1 year or less	Over 1 year to 5 years
Cash and cash equivalents	4.55%	174,470	174,470	-	-
	1.00 /0				
Interest bearing liabilities – current*	6.02%	26,744		26,744	-

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

* These assets / liabilities bear interest at a fixed rate

Note 28: Financial instruments (Cont.)

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value

The financial instruments recognised at fair value in the statement of financial position have been analysed and classified using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Consolidated	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
2011 Financial assets	φυυ	\$ 000	\$ 000	φ 000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	4,044	-	-	4,044
Available-for-sale financial assets - listed investments - unlisted investments	1,377	-	1,362	1,377 1,362
-	5,421	-	1,362	6,783
2010 Financial assets Available-for-sale financial assets - listed investments - unlisted investments	1,950 -	- -	2,400	1,950 2,400
	1,950	-	2,400	4,350

Consolidated	2011 Carrying a	mount	201 Fair V	-
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Trade and other payables	91,690	91,690	142,828	142,828
Borrowings	102,037	102,037	86,269	86,269
Cash and cash equivalents	180,456	180,456	174,470	174,470
Trade and other receivables	107,002	107,002	56,788	56,788
Other financial assets	2,739	2,739	4,350	4,350

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 28: Financial instruments (Cont.)

Estimation of fair values

The following summarises the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments reflected in the table.

(i) Interest bearing liabilities

The fair value is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at market interest rates for homogeneous lease agreements. The estimated fair values reflect change in interest rates.

(ii) Trade and other receivables / payables

All trade and other receivables and payables are current and therefore carrying amount equals fair value.

Sensitivity

Interest rate risk

The consolidated entity has considered the sensitivity relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This analysis considers the effect on current year results and equity which could result in a change in this risk. The management processes employed to control these factors involve entering into fixed interest rate borrowings and the potential impact on the profit and equity would not be a material amount.

Foreign currency risk

The consolidated entity has considered the sensitivity relating to its exposure to foreign currency risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis considers the effect on current year results and equity which could result in a change in the USD / AUD rate. Management employed the use of forward exchange contracts to control this risk.

The table below summarises the impact of + / - 5% strengthening / weakening of the AUD against the USD on the consolidated entities post tax profit for the year and equity. The analysis is based on a 5% strengthening / weakening of the AUD against the USD at balance date with all other factors remaining equal.

	Post tax profit 2011 \$'000s	Equity 2011 \$'000s	
AUD/USD + 5%	1,831	1,831	
AUD/USD - 5%	(1,831)	(1,831)	

Price risk

The consolidated entity has considered the sensitivity relating to its exposure to changes in the market price of shares held in listed companies and does not consider the amount material enough to disclose.

for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Consolidated	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Note 29: Dividends paid or recommended		
Dividends Paid Final ordinary dividend for 2009/10 of 13.60 cents per share franked at a tax rate of 30% paid on 18 November 2010	22,813	15,561
Interim ordinary dividend for 20010/11 of 15 cents per share franked at a tax rate of 30% paid on 7 April 2011	25,349	9,984
	48,162	25,545
Dividends Proposed Proposed final ordinary dividend for 2010/11 of 27.0 cents per share franked at a tax rate of 30% and to be paid on 20 October 2011	49,619	22,692
Franking Credits Franking credits available for subsequent financial years based on a tax rate of 30%	1,408	20,387
Balance of franking account at year end adjusted for franking credits arising from:		
- payment for income tax subsequent to the reporting date.	27,691	21,987

The reduction of the franking account from the payment of the dividend on 20 October 2011 will be \$21,265,000 (2010 \$9,725,000).

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 30: Earnings per share

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculations of basic and dilutes earnings per share:

Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent entity used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share

share	150,493	97,185
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	167,778,381	141,982,976
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	174,046,492	145,315,054
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	89.7	68.5
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	86.5	66.9

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 31: Related party transactions and balances

Related party transactions

Transactions between group entities are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. All services provided by group entities are at arms length transactions. Transactions for the period between group entities relate to the provision of goods and services, including shared resources, in relation to the ongoing business activities of the company.

	Balance	Balance	Sales to group	Purchases
	receivable by	payable by	companies	from group
				companies
	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Mineral Resources Ltd	881	4,185	654	265
PIHA Pty Ltd	1,438	74	9,657	475
Crushing Services International Pty Ltd	5,994	5,397	23,778	11,348
Process Minerals International Pty Ltd	3,162	1,839	2,855	24,193
Polaris Metals Pty Ltd (previously	772	130	30	128
Polaris Metals NL)	,,,_	100	50	120
Eclipse Minerals Pty Ltd	-	-	-	-
Mesa Minerals Limited	-	622	-	565
HiTec Energy Pty Ltd	-	-	-	-

2010

	Balance	Balance	Sales to group	Purchases
	receivable by	payable by	companies	from group
				companies
	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Mineral Resources Ltd	9,996	351	4,871	795
PIHA Pty Ltd	1,556	3,085	1,095	911
Crushing Services International Pty Ltd	7,903	6,055	4,870	794
Process Minerals International Pty Ltd	442	18,980	214	4,823
Polaris Metals Pty Ltd (previously Polaris Metals NL)	8,573	-	-	-
Eclipse Minerals Pty Ltd	-	-	-	-
Mesa Minerals Limited	-	-	-	-
HiTec Energy Pty Ltd	-	-	-	-

Transactions between related and associated parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. All services provided by related and associated parties are at arms length transactions.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 31: Related party transactions and balances (Cont.)

Note 51. Related party transactions and balances (Cont.)	Consolidated	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Certain engineering services were provided by GR Engineering Services Pty Ltd, a company related to Joe Ricciardo. Services were provided on an arms length basis	1,526	943
Certain engineering services were provided to GR Engineering Services Pty Ltd, a company related to Joe Ricciardo. Services were provided on an arms length basis	91	-
Certain crushing and engineering services were provided by Global Advanced Metals Pty Ltd (formerly Talison Pty Ltd), a company related to Kelvin Flynn in the previous financial year. Services were provided on an arms length basis	-	1,944
Properties from which the company's operations are performed are rented from parties related to Chris Ellison and Peter Wade	1,638	1,709

Related party balances

	Associated Director	Balance at 30 June 2011 \$'000	Balance at 30 June 2010 \$'000
Receivable by the consolidated entity			
Wellard Properties Pty Ltd	P Wade, C Ellison	-	8
Sandini Pty Ltd	C Ellison	6	2
Payable by the consolidated entity Sandini Pty Ltd	C Ellison	-	15

Note 32: Subsequent events

On 2 August 2011, the Company acquired 100% of the share capital in Auvex Resources Limited (Auvex), Mesa Minerals' joint venture partner in the Mesa Joint Venture (unincorporated) formed on 28 April 2008. The acquisition was by operation of a Scheme of Arrangement with Auvex shareholders, approved by the Federal Court of Australia on 20 July 2011. Consideration for the acquisition was an in-specie distribution of 4,500,000 Mineral Resources Limited fully paid ordinary shares.

On 5 August 2011, Hancock Prospecting Pty Ltd exercised unlisted share options over 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in Mineral Resources Limited at an exercise price of \$6.05 per share.

Apart from those matters disclosed above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affects the operations of the consolidated entity.

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 33: Contingent liabilities

The consolidated entity has provided guarantees to third parties in relation to the performance of contracts and against warranty obligations for a defects liability period after completion of the work. Defects liability period are usually from 12 to 18 months duration. Bank guarantees are issued as security for these obligations.

	Consolidated	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Bank guarantees facility	23,349	5,849
Amount utilised	(20,453)	(3,916)
Unused guarantee limit	2,896	1,933
Note 34: Parent Entity Information		
Information for Mineral Resources Limited		
Current assets	201,234	129,065
Total assets	521,919	452,159
Current liabilities	85,212	27,771
Total liabilities	140,430	84,848
Issued capital	359,619	315,526
Accumulated gains	21,870	51,785
Total shareholders equity	381,489	367,311
Net profit after tax of the parent entity	18,247	39,729
Total comprehensive income of the parent	18,247	39,729

There are no guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries.

There are no contingent liabilities of the parent entity as at the reporting date.

There are no contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at the reporting date.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Note 35: Joint controlled assets

On 28 April 2008, Mesa Minerals Limited (Mesa), a subsidiary of Mineral Resources Limited, entered into a Farm-in & Joint Venture Agreement with Auvex Resources Limited, formerly Auvex Metals Limited, ("Auvex") to mine and ship manganese product. Under the arrangements, Auvex was required to expend \$7,250,000 on exploration and evaluation to enable Mesa and Auvex to make a joint Decision to Mine manganese at Mesa's Ant Hill and Sunday Hill Mining Leases. Pursuant to a variation to work programme set out in the Farm-in & Joint Venture Agreement, Auvex conducted a trial mining programme at the Ant Hill Mining Lease and produced approximately 45,000 tonnes of manganese for and on behalf of the participants.

On 30 June 2009, Mesa and Auvex agreed that Auvex had earned its interest in the tenements and accordingly, Mesa assigned to Auvex an undivided 50% interest in the Ant Hill Mining Lease 46/238 and the Sunday Hill Mining Lease 46/237.

The consolidated entity accounts for its interest in the Joint Venture under a contractual arrangement which does not give rise to a jointly controlled entity. Under the contractual arrangements, the consolidated entity derives benefits of operation from the jointly owned assets, rather than from an interest in a jointly controlled entity. Mesa's share of net assets of the jointly controlled assets and operations as at the reporting date are:

	Consolidated	
	2011	2010
	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	67	79
Trade and other receivables	22	21
Total current assets	89	100
Non-current assets		
Plant and equipment	5	55
Total non-current assets	5	55
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	-	88
Total current liabilities	-	88
Share of total net assets of joint		
venture	94	67
Revenue	4,342	4,342
Expenses	4,248	4,275
Profit before income tax	94	67
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit after income tax	94	67

Note 36: Company details

The registered office and the principal place of business of the company is 1 Sleat Road, Applecross, Western Australia 6153.

Directors Declaration

for the year ended 30 June 2011

- 1. In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Mineral Resources Limited, I state that:
 - (a) the financial statements, notes and the additional disclosures included in the Directors Report designated as audited of the Group are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2011 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (b) the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1(i); and
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2. This declaration is made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ended 30 June 2011.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the *Corporations Act* 2001 and is signed for and on behalf of the directors by:

reide

PETER WADE Executive Chairman / Managing Director

Dated this 18 August 2011



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MINERAL RESOURCES LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Mineral Resources Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2011, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(i), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard of *Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation Major Offices in: Perth, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide and Canberra ABN 36 965 185 036 RSM Bird Cameron Partners is an independent member firm of RSM International, an affiliation of independent accounting and consulting firms. RSM International is the name given to a network of independent accounting and consulting firms each of which practices in its own right. RSM International does not exist in any jurisdiction as a separate legal entity.



Chartered Accountants

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Mineral Resources Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Mineral Resources Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1(i).

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report contained within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion the Remuneration Report of Mineral Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

RSM Bird Cameron Partners

RSM BIRD CAMERON PARTNERS Chartered Accountants

TUTU PHONG Partner

Perth, WA Dated: 18 August 2011